

EMPLOYMENT OUTCOMES REPORT

Oklahoma State System of Higher Education Research Park, Oklahoma City September 11, 2008

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Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education

Employment Outcomes Report September 2008

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report analyzes employment data for graduates of Oklahoma public colleges and universities one year and five years after graduation for various graduating classes of the past decade. A snapshot of employment status five years after graduation is shown for the graduating classes of 1999-00, 2000-01, and 2001-02, and the employment status of the 2003-04, 2004-05, and 2005-06 classes is shown after one year.

The current study supports national data that link salary to educational attainment. Oklahoma data for graduates of the state's public colleges and universities confirm that the higher the degree a student earns, the higher the salary he or she will earn.

- Five years after graduation, 2001-02 bachelor's degree recipients employed in Oklahoma were earning \$40,079 on average.
- Average earnings for 2001-02 certificate and associate in arts/associate in science degree
 holders five years after graduation were 24 percent and 34 percent less than bachelor's
 degree recipients, although associate in applied science degree holders earned salaries that
 were only 4 percent lower than those of bachelor's degree holders after five years. Master's,
 doctoral, and professional degree recipients earned more (27 percent, 52 percent, and 100
 percent, respectively) than bachelor's degree recipients.
- Graduates with engineering, mathematics, computer science and other technical degrees consistently earn higher average salaries, although health professions, business management, and education graduates also command strong salaries on average.

The good news for Oklahoma is that the majority of its college graduates remain in the state, contributing to the state's economy and opportunities for growth, even five years after graduation. Following are highlights of the most recent Oklahoma employment data for the state's higher education graduates:

- Five years after graduation, 61 percent of the 2001-02 bachelor's degree recipients were employed in Oklahoma. More certificate (79 percent) and associate degree (74 percent) recipients remained in Oklahoma, and fewer master's (54 percent), professional (54 percent), and doctoral (36 percent) graduates remained.
- One year after graduation, 82 percent of the 2005-06 bachelor's degree recipients were employed in Oklahoma. More certificate (91 percent) and associate degree (89 percent) recipients remained in Oklahoma, and fewer professional (79 percent), master's (72 percent) and doctoral (61 percent) graduates remained.

- Oklahoma retained a large percentage of bachelor's degree recipients who were Oklahoma residents: 89 percent of the 2005-06 graduates after one year and 69 percent of the 2001-02 graduates after five years. Additionally, some Oklahoma State System bachelor's degree recipients who were not Oklahoma residents remained after graduation: 54 percent after one year and 25 percent after five years.
- Oklahoma is retaining a majority of its graduates, even after five years. The current data (for 2001-02 graduates after five years and 2005-06 graduates after one year) reflect slightly increased employment rates for both residents and non-residents when compared to previous studies. For instance, at the bachelor's degree level, which includes the majority of graduates, 61 percent of all 2001-02 graduates were found in-state, compared to 58 percent and 59 percent of the 1999-00 and 2000-01 graduates after five years. Similarly, 74 percent of the 2001-02 associate degree holders were found after five years, compared to 73 percent in the previous studies. Master's degree recipients showed greater gains overall, with 54 percent of the 2001-02 graduates retained in Oklahoma, compared to 50 percent of the 1999-00 and 52 percent of the 2000-01 graduates after five years.
- Although the vast majority of graduates of Oklahoma public higher education institutions remain in Oklahoma, the "out" migration is evident in technical fields of study such as engineering, computer science, and physical sciences. Progress is being made, however, and results for 2001-02 bachelor's degree holders in mathematics, biological sciences, computer science, engineering, and architecture show higher percentages remain in-state after five years than was true for graduates of previous studies.
- Of the 2005-06 graduates who were not found employed, 1.7 percent were still enrolled in Oklahoma higher education after one year. The highest percentage of continued enrollment was found among the associate in arts/associate in science degree holders at 4.9 percent. For those who had graduated five years earlier (2005-06), continued higher education enrollment was not found to be significant.

The State Regents' Brain Gain 2010 initiative, efforts to improve student preparation and awareness of college, encouraging strategic scholarship programs, and accountability measures that promote retention and timely graduation are critical to the production of higher education graduates. Partnerships between higher education institutions and business, including internships and apprenticeships in high-growth industries, not only affect graduates' decisions to stay instate, but also stimulate the high technology businesses that are needed in the new economy. Continued collaboration with economic and policy leaders to implement the governor's Economic Development Generating Excellence (EDGE) project recommendations, including the Oklahoma Research Initiative, will enhance opportunities to capitalize on the intellectual talent of Oklahoma's higher education graduates. Increasing the availability of graduates and attracting industries that rely on that knowledge pool are both critical components for stimulating the state's economic health and vitality.

Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education

Employment Outcomes Report June 2008

BACKGROUND

The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education have been compiling and analyzing employment data since 1994. This endeavor began with a partnership among the Oklahoma State Occupational Information Coordinating Committee (SOICC), the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC), and the State Regents. With the assistance of the Office of the Governor, in 1997 the Oklahoma Tax Commission joined the data exchange.

Also in 1997, the American Association of State Colleges and Universities (AASCU), the American Association of Community Colleges (AACC), and the National Association of State Universities and Land-Grant Colleges (NASULGC) sponsored the Joint Commission on Accountability Reporting (JCAR) to identify standard reporting conventions. The State Regents were active participants in developing the standards for reporting placement and employment rates as published in the *JCAR Technical Conventions Manual*.

The Workforce Investment Act (WIA) and the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education Act require accountability reporting on several indicators, including employment outcomes (percentage of students or graduates who are employed) and continued enrollment in higher education.

Findings from the employment data collection and analysis have been used in degree program reviews, a May 1998 document, *The General Degree Productivity and Retention of Oklahoma Graduates*, and Department of Commerce presentations to prospective employers.

This is the seventh *Employment Outcomes Report* designed to study the value of public higher education in the state of Oklahoma by addressing the following questions:

- What percentage of Oklahoma residents and non-Oklahoma residents who graduate from public colleges and universities remain in Oklahoma?
- What percentage of Oklahoma graduates not found to be employed in Oklahoma are still enrolled in the public State System?
- How does level of education impact salary?
- What is the average salary by field of study and level of degree of Oklahoma graduates?

This report examines the employment outcomes of all graduates of Oklahoma public higher education institutions, as well as Oklahoma residents separately.

INTRODUCTION

Research has repeatedly confirmed the individual benefits of higher education in terms of increased salaries, greater participation in the labor force and lower unemployment rates. "There is no longer an alternative path to prosperity other than through higher education." "In the Human Capital Economy of the last 30 years economic success is determined largely and increasingly by the productivity of educated workers." According to the *Digest of Education Statistics*, 2005:³

- The median annual income in 2006 for year-round, full-time male workers 25 years old and over ranged from approximately \$22,710 for those with less than a 9th grade education, to \$37,030 for high school graduates, to \$47,070 for associate degree recipients, to \$60,910 for bachelor's degree holders, to \$75,430 for master's degrees, to over \$100,000 for doctoral and professional degree holders. On average, female workers earned less than males (by about 25 percent), but similar earnings differences existed by education level
- In 2006, about 86 percent of adults, 25 years old and over with a bachelor's or higher degree, participated in the labor force, compared with 76 percent of persons who had completed high school and 64 percent of those who were not high school completers.
- Unemployment rates for adults in 2006 were 2.0 percent for those with a bachelor's degree or higher, 3.0 percent for associate degree holders, 4.3 percent for high school completers, and 6.8 percent for those who had not completed high school.

More important, perhaps, than the presence of earnings differences by degree attainment is the increasing gap over the past 25 years. Compared to high school graduates, bachelor's degree recipients earned 57 percent more in 1975 and 89 percent more in 2001. Workers with advanced degrees earned 113 percent more than high school graduates in 1975 and 172 percent more in 2001.⁴

Policy makers understand the contributions graduates make, not only in terms of higher personal income tax contributions and their attractiveness to new business and economic development efforts. They are also aware of public benefits that accrue from college graduates' better health, increased volunteerism, heightened political involvement, and reduced crime rates.²

Because of the demonstrated impact that higher education has on individuals and the society in which they live, it is important to assess employment data and identify factors which may affect decisions to remain in-state or seek employment elsewhere. Various factors, including residency status, level of degree attainment, age, field of study, and type and selectivity of school attended have been evaluated in other studies.

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¹ "Earnings by Educational Attainment 1958 to 2001," Postsecondary Education OPPORTUNITY, March 2003.

² "Educational Attainment, 1940 to 2002," *Postsecondary Education OPPORTUNITY*, March 2003.

³ National Center for Education Statistics, *Digest of Education Statistics*, 2005, Chapter 5.

⁴ "Earnings by Educational Attainment 1975 to 2001," *Postsecondary Education OPPORTUNITY*, November 2003.

A 1997 West Virginia report⁵ revealed significant differences in employment rates for recent public higher education graduates who were West Virginia residents at the time of graduation compared to students who were non-residents. Three years after graduation, 64.6 percent of the resident 1991-92 graduates were found employed in the West Virginia Bureau of Employment Programs database, compared to 12.5 percent of non-resident graduates. The pattern held for the 1992-93 and 1993-94 graduates who were employed two years or one year after graduation, respectively. Additionally, the study considered earnings for graduates by age after three years compared to graduates after two years and after one year. Earnings growth was significant for all degree holders and varied by age at the time of graduation. Degree recipients age 23 or younger earned 20 percent more after three years than did those with one year of experience; for those age 24 to 30, the growth was 16.7 percent; while graduates 31 to 40 had 7.1 percent higher earnings; and those over age 40 had 9.1 percent higher earnings after three years.

Focusing on college graduate earnings, field of study, industry, and county of employment, Nebraska's Workforce Development Labor Market Information Center considered employment outcomes of the state's 1999-2000 community and state college graduates.⁶ After one year, 77 percent of community college graduates and 55 percent of the state college graduates were found in Nebraska wage records. The study found that, with one exception, the higher the level of education, the higher the average annual wage. The one exception to that finding was for associate degree recipients, who earned approximately \$1,000 more per year than did bachelor's degree recipients. Additionally, the study found that 90 percent or more of the community college graduates in health professions were found working in Nebraska.

In 2003 the *Cleveland Plain Dealer* reported that "the better educated the graduates, the more elite the school that produced them and the more attractive their degrees for economic development, the more likely they are to leave." The paper's analysis of individuals who graduated between 1991 and 2001 from Ohio public and private institutions found that master's and doctoral degree recipients were 30 and 50 percent more likely, respectively, to leave the state than those with bachelor's degrees. Consistent with recent theory that links the creative class to economic development, this analysis observed similar retention trends for graduates of the arts as well as engineering and sciences. Of the graduates from this 11-year period, "only about 18 percent of those with nursing and social work degrees have departed, compared to at least 44 percent for graduates in music, chemistry or physics."

A report of the Southern Technology Council (STC), Who Will Stay and Who Will Leave?, examined the net migration of science and engineering bachelor's and master's graduates and the extent to which some states were able to retain their technical degree earners while other states were net exporters of theirs.

⁵ "Employment and Earnings Outcomes for Recent Graduates of Public Higher Education Institutions in West Virginia, 1995", Research Report 1997-2, State College and University Systems Central Office Research and Information Systems Division.

⁶ Findlay, Mary, "Employment Outcomes for College Graduates," *Economic Trends*, January 2003.

⁷ Livingston, Sandra, "Brain Drain: Grads with advanced degrees are flowing out of Ohio," *Cleveland Plain Dealer*, February 23, 2003.

"...staying in state to attend college, majoring in something other than engineering or physical sciences, attending high school in a more populous state and with higher quality of life increases the odds of retention. While getting a higher undergraduate GPA, earning a higher salary, attending a research-intensive university, and attending a high school in a state with high economic dynamism decreases the odds of retention."

According to the STC, the average state retained 76 percent of the science and engineering college graduates who attended its high schools and stayed in state to attend college, 43 percent who attended high school in another state, and 23 percent who attended high school in-state and college in another state. The STC concluded that early intervention in a student's educational choice to attend college in-state will make a significant impact on the retention of college graduates. The state will make a significant impact on the retention of college graduates.

Unemployment rates and population migration trends also play a part in college graduates' decisions to stay or leave. For the past decade, Oklahoma unemployment rates have been below the national averages as shown in the table below.¹¹ This factor should increase the retention of Oklahoma graduates.

Annual Unemployment Rates: Oklahoma and the Nation

Year	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007
United States	4.5	4.2	4.0	4.7	5.8	6.0	5.5	5.1	4.6	4.6
Oklahoma	4.4	3.6	3.1	3.7	4.8	5.6	5.0	4.4	4.0	4.3

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data accessed from http://www.bls.gov on June 10, 2008.

Oklahoma's total population, at 3.6 million in 2006, was ranked 28th, right in the middle of the pack nationally. Population growth for Oklahoma has been hovering around 1 percent each year between 2000 and 2007, according to the U.S. Census Bureau. These facts would project a neutral or slight dampening effect on graduates remaining in the state.

⁸ Who Will Stay and Who Will Leave?, A Report of the Southern Technology Council, May, 2001, page 22.

⁹ Ibid, page 26.

¹⁰ Ibid, page 28.

¹¹ U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, data accessed from http://www.bls.gov June 6, 2007.

¹² U.S. Census Bureau, 2007 Population Estimates, GCT-T1-R.

INITIATIVES

Clearly, one important avenue for retaining more graduates in Oklahoma is to increase the number of Oklahoma citizens attending and graduating from higher education institutions instate. Following are highlights of key Oklahoma efforts to increase college enrollment:

- Administered by the State Regents, *Oklahoma's Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs* (GEAR UP) is designed to better prepare middle and high school students for college through mentoring programs, scholarships, and new academic preparation and awareness programs for students and their parents.
- Oklahoma's *Educational Planning and Assessment System* (EPAS) is based on ACT's integrated series of assessments and reporting services that provide information about academic progress at crucial points in a student's educational career eighth grade, tenth grade, and at the completion of high school.
- The American Diploma Project Network, which includes Oklahoma, seeks to improve America's high schools by aligning high school standards with the knowledge and skills required for success in postsecondary education and work.
- In 2005, the state legislature passed the *Achieving Classroom Excellence Act* (ACE) which requires students, beginning with ninth-grade students in academic year 2006-07, to complete a college preparatory curriculum aligned to the current state standards, the Priority Academic Student Skills (PASS), prior to graduation from high school. In addition, the law also provides that each high school senior who meets the eligibility requirements for concurrent enrollment shall be entitled to receive a tuition waiver equivalent to the amount of resident tuition for a maximum of six credit hours per semester.
- Increasing access to more Oklahoma students and maximizing state resources, *Cooperative Alliances* between associate in applied science degree granting institutions and career technology centers allow high school and adult students to earn college credit for courses taken in specific programs at technology centers.
- Oklahoma's Promise the Oklahoma Higher Learning Access Program (OHLAP) provides tuition subsidies for students whose families cannot afford college and who meet the challenge of rigorous academic preparation.
- The Academic Scholars Program, created and funded by the Oklahoma Legislature, is an incentive for students of high academic ability to attend both public and private higher education institutions in Oklahoma. Specific goals of this program are (1) to retain topranked students from Oklahoma in Oklahoma colleges and enable these institutions to compete aggressively for top Oklahoma scholars, (2) to attract high caliber out-of-state students to attend Oklahoma colleges and universities, and (3) to enhance the academic quality in Oklahoma colleges and universities. Over the past few years, the gap has narrowed between composite ACT scores of high school graduates leaving Oklahoma and of those entering Oklahoma to attend college. According to ACT, Inc, the average score for the

2006 graduates leaving Oklahoma is 21.1 and 20.9 for those entering the state. These are the same averages as for 2005 high school graduates; however, the 0.2 difference is a marked improvement over the 0.7 gap for the 2002 high school graduates.

Creating opportunities for students to enroll in Oklahoma higher education is one step toward producing more graduates and increasing the state's intellectual capital. It is equally important that students who enter college actually continue to the point of graduation. Prominent initiatives that advance this goal include:

- Reach Higher, an accelerated adult degree completion program began offering courses in spring 2007. A statewide project involving nine public universities, the program targets working adults who have previously completed at least 72 credit hours. Through flexible schedules and multiple learning environments, such as face-to-face classes, web-based resources and activities, individual and group projects, capstone achievements, and recognition of prior learning, students have the opportunity to complete a bachelor's degree in as little as 18 months.
- The State Regents' *Brain Gain 2010* includes annual financial incentives and rewards to institutions that increase the retention of students in college, their graduation rates, and the overall production of degrees at the associate and baccalaureate levels. Additionally, *Brain Gain Improvement Grants* have helped campuses implement intervention strategies to improve student retention, graduation and degree completion, either campus-wide or within targeted populations. *Programs of Excellence Grants* support colleges in building high-quality, innovative and relevant academic programs that prepare students to compete successfully in today's knowledge-based, technology-driven global society. Programs of this stature will attract and graduate serious students who will be likely to stay in Oklahoma and contribute to the state's prosperity.

Responding to the state's workforce needs is an essential component of higher education's role in retaining graduates and increasing per capita income in Oklahoma. In some cases like healthcare fields, students are prepared to attend college but are unable to do so because of limited enrollment openings within individual programs. In other cases, partnerships between higher education institutions and local industry allow academic expertise to support industry growth, while businesses provide resources, mentors and internship opportunities. Examples of such collaborations include:

• As part of their 2006 public agenda, the State Regents collaborated with institutions, the healthcare industry, the Governor's Healthcare Workforce Resources Task Force, and others to address the shortage of qualified healthcare workers by increasing institutional capacity to train additional students. Nursing and Allied Health Grants awarded in 2006 to institutions with successful programs in particular fields and/or geographic areas have enabled more institutions to address the shortage of qualified faculty and lack of clinical space – primary factors that limit the number of students admitted to healthcare programs.

- Institutions throughout the state have partnered with area hospitals and health care authorities. These partners have provided direct funds, equipment, specialized faculty and other resources to support institutional healthcare programs.
- Langston University, Oklahoma State University, Rose State College, and the University of Central Oklahoma all offer programs with curricula designed to meet particular needs of Tinker Air Force Base and its employees. Cameron University recently began offering an online MBA program that accepts graduate course credits from Langston and Oklahoma State University and offers multiple delivery methodologies that accommodate military and Tinker support personnel.
- Northern Oklahoma College has designed specific programs to meet the needs of area businesses, like Conoco, Ditch Witch, Mercury MerCruiser, and OG&E.
- In partnership with the Oklahoma Manufacturing Alliance Excellence (OAME), Redlands Community College sponsors a manufacturing extension agent who serves surrounding counties, working with more than 40 businesses to provide staff development, training courses, product assistance and market/labor analysis. Impact data shows more than \$10 million change in sales and \$3.4 million in cost savings due to the assistance the agent provides.¹³
- Northwestern Oklahoma State University's (NWOSU) Center for Business Development and East Central University's Center for Entrepreneurship are excellent examples of higher education's involvement and contribution to growing new business in the state. In fact, NWOSU's Business Incubator Program was one of three NWOSU practices highlighted in a national report which recognized exemplary practices in economic and workforce development.¹⁴ The Center's incubator offers business services to start-up or growing companies and houses five clients, all of which are eligible for special state tax incentives.¹⁵
- Cooperative efforts between the state's two research universities with several biotechnology and weather related companies have proven effective in the commercialization of research. Oklahoma State University and Nomadics, which employs many OSU students and graduates, are working together on several projects, including a three-year \$300,000 grant to develop a monitor that will detect biological warfare agents in water. The University of Oklahoma (OU) partners with Weather Decision Technologies, Inc. to provide the most accurate high-resolution weather information content with detections, predictions and forecasts using sophisticated and proven weather technology systems. Additionally, OU partners with several biotechnology companies, including Pure Protein Inc., Hyalose LLC, and NanoBioMagnetics Inc. to produce cutting-edge life science technology products.¹³

¹³ "Oklahoma Higher Education Successes," Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education [On-line]. Available: www.okhighered.org/eco-devo/success.shtml

¹⁴ American Association of State Colleges and Universities, "Economic and Workforce Development Best Practices," 2003.

¹⁵ "Northwestern recognized nationally for economic and workforce development practices," *Oklahoma Higher Education Campus E-clips*, January 14, 2004.

• The Center for Aircraft and Systems/Support Infrastructure (CASI) is a aerospace coalition of university-based multidisciplinary, project-oriented support teams that serve as a source of applied research capabilities and emerging technologies. The University of Oklahoma System, the University of Tulsa, and Oklahoma State University and the A&M System share primary operational responsibilities, with Langston University and Rose State College involved as affiliate members. CASI teams partner with DoD maintenance depots, particularly the US Air Force Air Logistics Centers in Oklahoma, Georgia, and Utah, and the FAA at the Mike Monroney Aeronautical Center in Oklahoma City.

In addition to efforts such as these, the governor's Economic Development Generating Excellence (EDGE) project takes a broad view and makes specific recommendations to improve Oklahoma's economy and quality of life. Three of four major recommendations were recognized as key areas in which higher education institutions can provide leadership: 1) transform Oklahoma into the Research Capital of the Plains®, 2) dramatically update Oklahoma's education system, and 3) immediately reform and improve our business climate. Details of progress made on all four of the major EDGE recommendations may be found online at http://www.okhighered.org/edge/06progress-report/progress-report-final.pdf.

METHODOLOGY

Process

Oklahoma State System degree recipients were identified using the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS). The last degree earned was selected for students who earned multiple degrees, which is normally the highest degree earned. For example, a student who earned a bachelor's degree in 2004-05 and a master's degree in 2005-06 was reported only once in the 2005-06 academic year.

The list of graduates was compared to data at the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC). When a match was found, the industry code, based on the federal Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) (see Appendix A), and quarterly wage information were attached to the degree recipient's record and returned to the State Regents without an identification number. Average salary was calculated by multiplying the wages of the last quarter by four.

Because the OESC database only contains information about employees with unemployment insurance, the search was expanded to Oklahoma Tax Commission records. When no match was found by OESC, the degree recipients' records were then compared to state tax returns. Summary information only was returned for these Tax Commission matches.

This report first analyzes the entire graduating classes of 1999-00, 2000-01, 2001-02, 2003-04, 2004-05, and 2005-06 regardless of residence. A snapshot of employment status five years after graduation is shown for the graduating classes of 1999-00, 2000-01 and 2001-02. Additionally, an employment picture is taken one year after graduation for the classes of 2003-04, 2004-05, and 2005-06.

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¹⁶ "Plan of Action For Higher Education Institutions In Response to the EDGE Action Plan [On-line]. Available: www.okhighered.org/pdf/edc-edge-recs.pdf.

Next, the populations were divided into two groups: (1) Oklahoma residents and (2) non-Oklahoma residents. Graduates were considered Oklahoma residents if the original state of residence when entering an Oklahoma higher education institution was Oklahoma. If the original state of residence was anything other than Oklahoma, then the graduate was a non-Oklahoma resident.

Limitations

The OESC database includes only employees who have Oklahoma unemployment insurance. The self-employed, employees of the federal government (e.g., military and postal service), and graduates working outside of Oklahoma are not included in the OESC database.

The Tax Commission database includes couples filing joint returns; therefore, employment of the degree recipient is assumed, but may be that of a spouse. Also, Tax Commission data do not include industry codes; therefore, SIC information is not available for graduates found through tax data matches.

Privacy

A data exchange agreement defines the procedures for protecting all data. All agencies protect the identity of individuals. Neither the OESC nor the Tax Commission provides social security numbers with their data. The State Regents' *Employment Outcomes Report* includes only aggregate data and only when six or more individuals are being described.

Correction to the 2007 Report

The current report corrects employment rates published in June 2007 for 2000-01 and 2004-05 graduates. Through processing error, some graduate records were included in the counts although their employer codes were invalid. This resulted in overstatement of the employment results for these two graduating classes.

FINDINGS

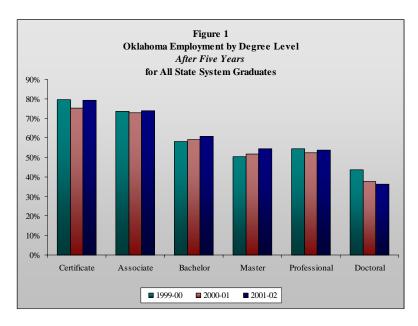
All Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents)

Employment Rate Comparison

- Five years after graduation, 61 percent of the 2001-02 bachelor's degree recipients were employed in Oklahoma. More certificate (79 percent) and associate degree (74 percent) recipients remained in Oklahoma, and fewer master's (54 percent), professional (54 percent), and doctoral (36 percent) graduates remained.
- Compared to the two previous years' graduates (1999-00 and 2000-01), a slightly higher percentage of the 2001-02 graduates was found in Oklahoma five years after graduation. This was true at all degree levels except at the doctoral level which declined 1 percentage point.

Table 1 Oklahoma Employment by Degree Level After Five Years for All State System Graduates

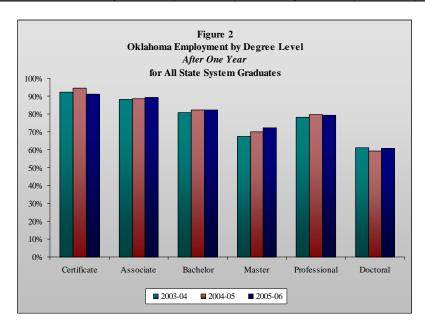
	Number of Graduates			Percent Employed			
Degree Level	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	
Certificate	236	231	284	80%	75%	79%	
Associates - all	4,202	3,932	3,952	73%	73%	74%	
Associate in Applied Science	2,133	2,080	1,994	78%	78%	79%	
Associate in Arts/Science	2,069	1,852	1,958	69%	67%	69%	
Bachelor	10,221	10,077	10,350	58%	59%	61%	
Master	3,525	3,562	3,483	50%	52%	54%	
Professional	593	621	641	54%	52%	54%	
Doctoral	323	371	318	44%	37%	36%	



- One year after graduation, 82 percent of the 2005-06 bachelor's degree recipients were employed in Oklahoma. More certificate (91 percent) and associate degree (89 percent) recipients remained in Oklahoma, and fewer professional (79 percent), master's (72 percent) and doctoral (61 percent) graduates remained.
- Employment rates after one year for 2005-06 graduates were similar to those who had graduated the year before (2004-05 graduates). There was no change in the employment rate for bachelor's degree recipients; associate degree holder rates increased by 1 percentage point; master's and doctoral degree holder rates increased 2 percentage points; while professional degree and certificate recipient rates decreased (1 and 3 percentage points, respectively) compared to the previous year. Compared to graduates from two years prior (2003-04), employment rates for the 2005-06 graduates were again very close, although master's degree recipients from the most recent year posted employment rates that were 4 percentage points higher.

Table 2
Oklahoma Employment by Degree Level
After One Year
for All State System Graduates

	Num	ber of Grad	ıates	Percent Employed			
Degree Level	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	
Certificate	541	488	450	92%	94%	91%	
Associates - all	7,494	7,279	7,086	88%	88%	89%	
Associate in Applied Science	2,706	2,554	2,467	90%	91%	92%	
Associate in Arts/Science	4,788	4,725	4,619	87%	87%	88%	
Bachelor	11,832	13,913	14,583	81%	82%	82%	
Master	3,509	3,800	3,782	68%	70%	72%	
Professional	652	744	774	78%	80%	79%	
Doctoral	325	313	323	61%	59%	61%	



Employment by Field of Study

Beginning on page 55 of this report are tables describing employment rates of the 1999-00, 2000-01, and 2001-02 graduates after five years and the 2003-04, 2004-05, and 2005-06 graduates after one year by degree level and field of study, as defined by the federal Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes (see Appendix B). Graduates who were in Oklahoma after five years are indicators of more long-term commitment to Oklahoma; therefore, findings for graduates after five years are highlighted below.

- The most popular field of study for 2001-02 graduates was business management. Of those, 64 percent were employed in Oklahoma after five years, with the largest percentages appearing at the certificate, associate in arts/associate in science, and associate in applied science levels (80, 78, and 77 percent, respectively), compared to 63 percent of bachelor's and 52 percent of master's degree holders who stayed in Oklahoma.
- The second most popular field of study for 2001-02 graduates was education. Within this field of study, 75 percent of associate in arts/associate in science degree holders were employed in Oklahoma after five years, while 71 percent of bachelor's and master's and 65 percent of doctoral degree holders stayed in Oklahoma.
- Overall, 72 percent of health profession graduates from 2001-02, the third most populous group, were employed in Oklahoma after five years. Highest levels of employment were found at the associate in applied science and certificate levels (83 and 81 percent, respectively), compared to bachelor's (74 percent), associate in arts/associate in science (69 percent) master's (68 percent), and professional (51 percent) degree levels.
- Relationships between fields of study and types of industry are generally ambiguous due in part to the fact that no classification system has been developed that links educational background to related employment. However, possible links to industry for three fields of study were found among the 2001-02 bachelor's degree recipients employed in Oklahoma after five years: of the education majors, 74 percent are employed in educational services; 67 percent of health professions majors are employed in health services; and 47 percent of architecture majors are employed in the engineering, accounting, research, management, and related services industry, with another 17 percent employed in construction.

The following three bar graphs based on the tables referred to above present employment rates, from highest to lowest, for bachelor's degree recipients by field of study:

- Of the 1999-00 Oklahoma State System bachelor's degree recipients, the following fields of study (with at least 10 graduates) had the highest Oklahoma employment rates after five years: public affairs (75 percent of 133), liberal arts/general studies (69 percent of 317 graduates), personal services (68 percent of 25), health professions (67 percent of 812), and education (67 percent of 1,508).
- Of the 2000-01 Oklahoma State System bachelor's degree recipients, the following fields of study (with at least 10 graduates) had the highest Oklahoma employment rates after five

years: area and ethnic studies (79 percent of 19 graduates), public affairs (75 percent of 118), health professions (72 percent of 598), engineering technologies (69 percent of 248), and education (68 percent of 1,430).

- Of the 2001-02 Oklahoma State System bachelor's degree recipients, the following fields of study (with at least 10 graduates) had the <u>highest</u> Oklahoma employment rates after five years: public affairs (77 percent of 87), health professions (74 percent of 534), personal services (71 percent of 28), education (71 percent of 1,547), and liberal arts/general education (66 percent of 310).
- Of the 1999-00 Oklahoma State System graduates, the following fields of study (with more than 10 graduates) had the <u>lowest</u> Oklahoma employment rates for bachelor's degree recipients after five years: architecture (39 percent of 82), transportation (42 percent of 65), engineering (42 percent of 452), visual and performing arts (44 percent of 321), and computer and information sciences (45 percent of 232).
- Of the 2000-01 Oklahoma State System bachelor's degree graduates, the following fields of study (with more than 10 graduates) had the <u>lowest</u> Oklahoma employment rates after five years: transportation (33 percent of 84), architecture (36 percent of 64 graduates), renewable natural resources (41 percent of 37), physical sciences (41 percent of 135), and engineering (41 percent of 435).
- Of the 2001-02 Oklahoma State System bachelor's degree graduates, the following fields of study (with more than 10 graduates) had the <u>lowest</u> Oklahoma employment rates after five years: transportation (22 percent of 49), foreign languages (38 percent of 64), area and ethnic studies (46 percent of 26), architecture (47 percent of 101 graduates), and engineering (49 percent of 493).

Figure 3
Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study for All State System Graduates
After Five Years

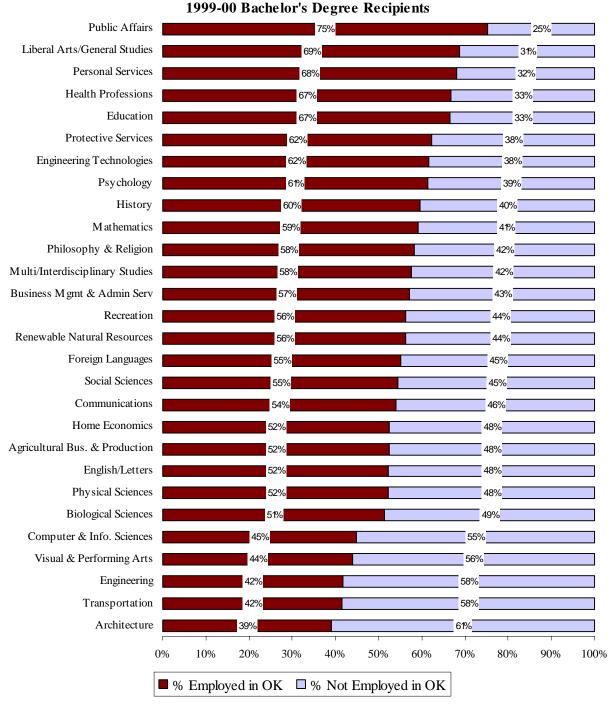


Figure 4
Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study
for All State System Graduates
After Five Years

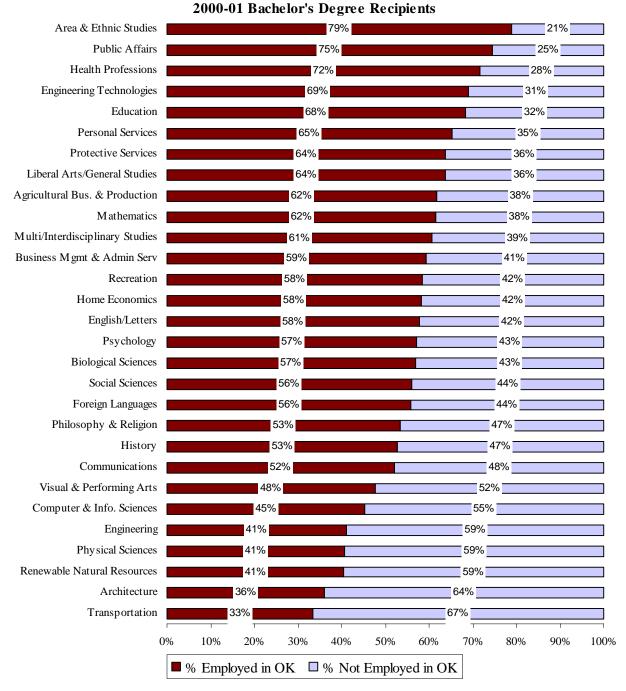
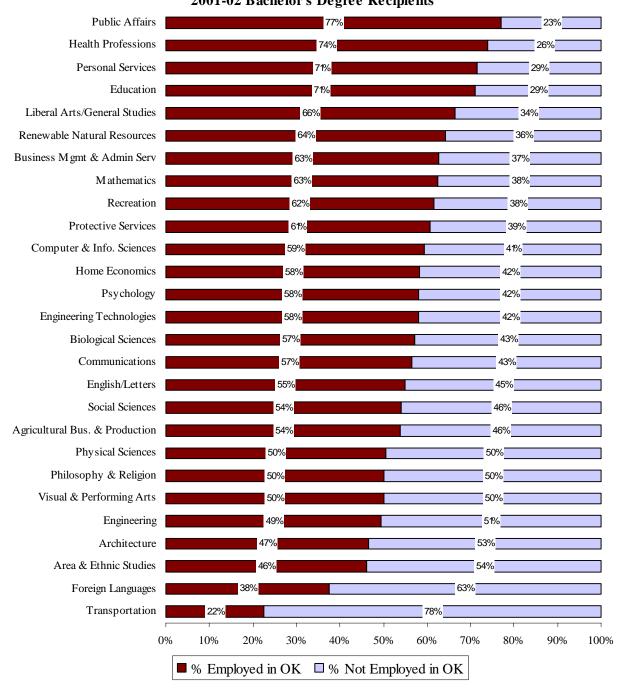


Figure 5
Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study for All State System Graduates

After Five Years
2001-02 Bachelor's Degree Recipients



Employment by Residency Status

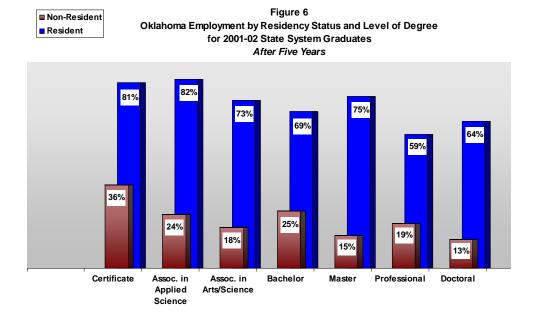
Beginning on page 31 of this report are data specific to graduates who were Oklahoma residents at the time they entered college, and data related to graduates who came from outside the state are presented beginning on page 36. However, a brief comparison of the Oklahoma employment rates for the most recent cohorts of resident and non-resident graduates may be helpful at this point.

• As studies outside Oklahoma have suggested, residency is the single most important factor in whether a graduate will remain in the state or not. After five years, Oklahoma residents at all degree levels were found employed in Oklahoma at approximately four times the rate of non-residents. Residency had the most effect at the master's and doctoral level, while the smallest impact appeared at the certificate level.

Table 3
Oklahoma Employment by Residency Status for 2001-02 State System Graduates

After Five Years

	OK Res	siden ts	Non-Residents			
	Number of	Percent	Number of			
Degree Level	Graduates	Employed	Graduates	Employed		
Certificate	273	81%	11	36%		
Associates - all	3,678	78%	274	20%		
Assoc in Applied Science	1,871	82%	123	24%		
Assoc in Arts/Science	1,807	73%	151	18%		
Bachelor	8,531	69%	1,819	25%		
Master	2,293	75%	1,190	15%		
Professional	564	59%	77	19%		
Doctoral	145	64%	173	13%		

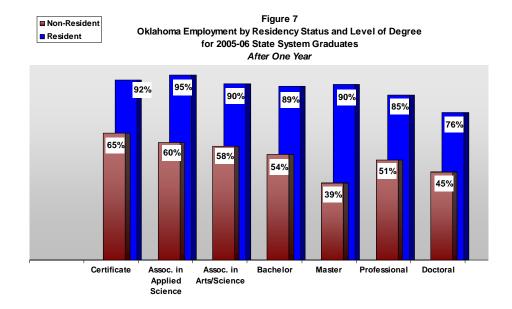


• One year after graduation, residents again were found employed in Oklahoma at higher rates than non-residents, although the difference was not as dramatic as the results for graduates after five years. Oklahoma employment rates for 2005-06 resident graduates overall were almost twice the rate of those for non-residents. This is demonstrated by a range of 27 to 51 percentage points difference at the certificate and master's degree levels, respectively.

Table 4
Oklahoma Employment by Residency Status for 2005-06 State System Graduates

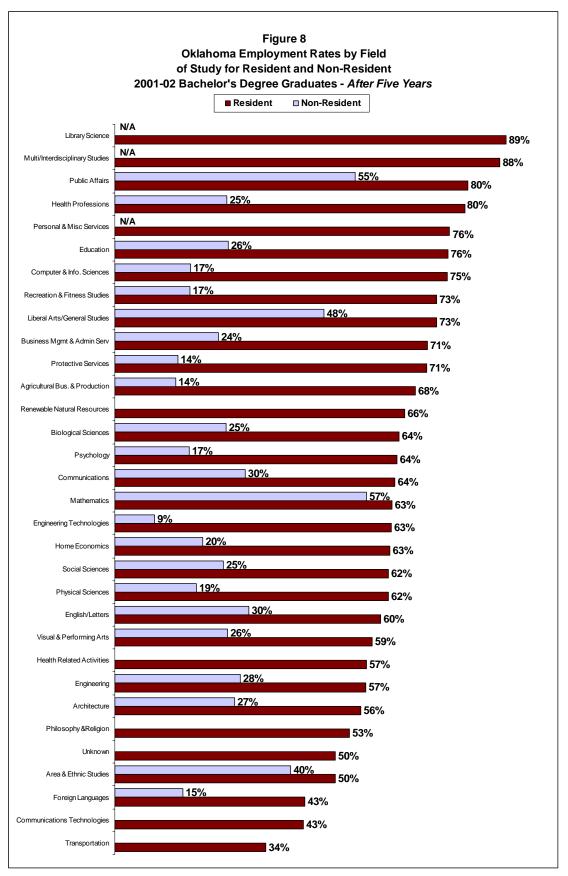
*After One Year**

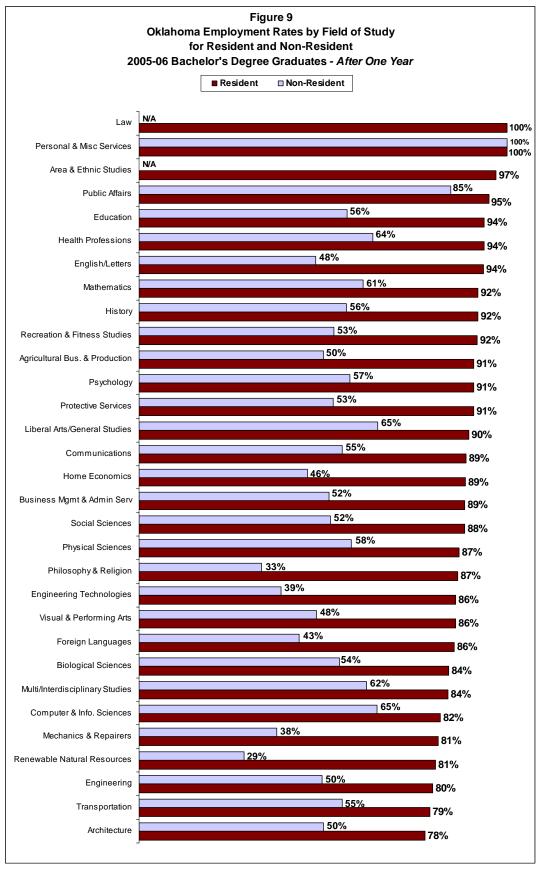
	OK Res	sidents	Non-Residents			
Degree Level	Number of Graduates	Percent Employed		Percent Employed		
Certificate	430	92%	20	65%		
Associates - all	6,504	92%	582	59%		
Assoc in Applied Science	2,260	95%	207	60%		
Assoc in Arts/Science	4,244	90%	375	58%		
Bachelor	11,630	89%	2,953	54%		
M aster	2,458	90%	1,324	39%		
Professional	649	85%	125	51%		
Doctoral	164	76%	159	45%		



The charts on the following two pages compare resident and non-resident employment rates for bachelor's degree recipients by field of study. Results shown are for the 2001-02 graduates after five years and for the 2005-06 graduates after one year. Tables comparing resident and non-resident bachelor's degree recipients' employment rates by field of study appear on pages 43 and 44.

- Oklahoma employment rates for non-residents by field of study do not necessarily follow the employment pattern of residents by field of study. For instance, after five years non-residents with bachelor's degrees in mathematics had the highest Oklahoma employment rate (57 percent) among non-residents; this was not much lower than the mid-range 63 percent employment rate for resident mathematics graduates. In contrast, non-residents with degrees in parks and recreation, computer and information science, health professions, and education had some of the lowest non-resident employment rates (17, 17, 25, and 26 percent, respectively), while Oklahoma residents in the same fields had some of the highest Oklahoma employment rates (73, 75, 80, and 76 percent, respectively).
- After one year, non-resident computer and information science majors stand out as the exceptions to the employment patterns of residents, with higher than average employment rates for non-residents compared to rates in the lower half of the range for residents (65 percent for non-residents and 82 percent for residents).





Average Salary Comparison

Salary by Degree Level

- Five years after graduation, 2001-02 bachelor's degree recipients employed in Oklahoma were earning \$40,079 on average. This is higher than the averages from previous cohorts (for 1999-00 and 2000-01 graduates).
- Average earnings for 2001-02 certificate holders five years after graduation was 24 percent less than bachelor's degree recipients. The average salary for 2001-02 certificate holders (\$30,308) was lower than the average from the previous year (\$34,314), but higher than the average from the study two years prior (\$26,970).
- After five years, the 2001-02 associate in arts/associate in science degree holders earned, on average, \$26,441, which is 34 percent less than bachelor's degree recipients from the same year. However, the 2001-02 associate in applied science degree holders earned salaries (\$38,578) that were only 4 percent lower than those of bachelor's degree holders (\$40,079) after five years. Salaries for both associate degree types were higher in this study (2001-02 graduates) than the averages in the two prior years (1999-00 and 2000-01 graduates).
- Compared to bachelor's degree holders after five years, 2001-02 master's degree recipients earned 27 percent more (\$50,871); doctoral degree recipients earned 52 percent more (\$60,780); and professional degree recipients earned, on average 100 percent more (\$80,156). 2001-02 master's degree recipients earned more than did their 1999-00 and 2000-01 counterparts after five years. Professional and doctoral degree holders saw a decrease in average salaries compared to the 2000-01 graduates, yet their average salary was above the average salary for their 1999-00 counterparts.
- Salary variations by degree level were also found one year after graduation, with differences more pronounced than those found after five years. Certificate and associate in arts/associate in science degree recipients earned even lower salaries compared to bachelor's degree recipients, while the percentage of difference for master's, doctoral, and professional degree holders was even higher after one year. However, average salaries for associate in applied science degree holders actually exceeded the average salary for bachelor's degree holders by 24 percent.
- After one year, the 2005-06 certificate recipients earned \$16,150 on average; all associate degree recipients combined averaged \$22,378; bachelor's degree holders earned \$26,695; master's degree holders earned \$41,841; doctoral degree recipients earned \$48,836; and professional degree recipients earned \$60,406.
- Except for certificate holders, salaries at all degree levels were higher than those for the two previous graduation years. At the certificate level, 2005-06 recipients averaged slightly less than did their 2003-04 or 2004-05 counterparts after one year.

• Contrary to the rankings after five years, the average salary for 2005-06 associate in applied science degree holders after one year was 24 percent higher (\$33,055) than for bachelor degree holders (\$26,695), although as stated above, after five years, their average salary was slightly below (-4 percent) that of bachelor's degree holders.

Table 5
Average Salary by Degree Level
for All State System Graduates

	Aj	ter Five Year	.s	After One Year			
	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	
Degree Level	Graduates	Graduates	Graduates	Graduates	Graduates	Graduates	
Certificate	\$26,970	\$34,314	\$30,308	\$16,603	\$16,556	\$16,150	
Associates - all	\$29,272	\$31,974	\$33,152	\$20,080	\$21,680	\$22,378	
Associate in Applied Science	\$33,447	\$36,292	\$38,578	\$28,148	\$31,455	\$33,055	
Associate in Arts/Science	\$24,149	\$25,969	\$26,441	\$15,012	\$15,878	\$15,967	
Bachelor	\$35,615	\$37,747	\$40,079	\$21,739	\$24,881	\$26,695	
Master	\$44,280	\$48,638	\$50,871	\$35,840	\$38,520	\$41,841	
Professional	\$75,249	\$88,902	\$80,156	\$49,776	\$51,109	\$60,406	
Doctoral	\$48,815	\$63,015	\$60,780	\$37,944	\$42,981	\$48,836	

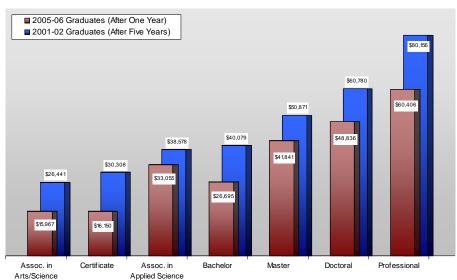
Earnings Growth by Degree Level

Data from this study suggest that work experience does impact salary. The average salary for graduates after five years was higher than for graduates after only one year at all degree levels.

- For the most recent employment period reviewed (second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007), certificate holders earned, on average, 88 percent more after five years than those who had graduated only one year prior (\$30,308 compared to \$16,150). Data from the two previous employment periods presented in this report (for the second quarter 2004 through the second quarter 2005 and for the second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006) also demonstrated higher salaries (62 and 107 percent, respectively) after five years compared to graduates after one year.
- Associate degree holders earned, on average, 48 percent more after five years than after one year (\$33,152 compared to \$22,378). The two previous employment periods revealed similar differences (46 and 47 percent) between earnings after five years compared to those after one year. When associate degree data are separated, it can be seen that associate in arts/associate in science degree holders gained more ground as a result of their experience over time, with a 66 percent increase in average salary (from \$15,967 to \$26,441), compared to the 17 percent increase (from \$33,055 to \$38,578) for associate in applied science degree holders.
- Bachelor's degree holders earned, on average, 50 percent more after five years than after one year (\$40,079 compared to \$26,695). The earlier employment periods showed average salary differences by experience level of 64 and 52 percent.

- Master's degree recipients demonstrated the second lowest earnings growth, after associate in applied science recipients, with a 22 percent increase after five years (\$50,871 compared to \$41,841). The previous employment periods revealed differences of 24 and 26 percent by experience level.
- Earnings growth for doctoral degree holders was slightly better than that of master's degree holders: 24 percent higher salaries (\$60,780 compared to \$48,836) for those who had graduated five years prior compared to those who had graduated only one year prior. Results from the previous employment periods were 29 percent difference for the second quarter 2004 through the second quarter 2005 period and 47 percent difference for the second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 period.
- Considering data from all three employment periods, the highest experience gains were seen
 among certificate holders, associate in arts/associate in science, and bachelor's degree
 recipients (averaging 88 percent, 66 percent, and 50 percent higher earnings, respectively) for
 those who had graduated five years before, compared with their counterparts who had
 graduated only one year before.

Figure 10
Average Annual Salaries of State System Graduates
Employed in Oklahoma
One Year and Five Years After Graduation



Average Salary Comparison by Field of Study

Graduates who are employed after five years earn higher incomes than recent graduates and are more established within their professions; therefore, the findings from the 1999-00, 2000-01, and 2001-02 bachelor's degree recipients are highlighted below. Table 6 on the following page provides average salaries by field of study for bachelor's degree recipients. Tables describing salaries by field of study for all degree levels begin on page 45.

- Among the 1999-00 bachelor's degree holders, engineering (\$49,150) and computer science (\$47,568) held the top two spots. Transportation (\$46,738) salaries ranked third, followed by health professions (\$44,773), engineering technologies (\$41,537), and business management (\$38,793).
- Engineering (\$54,023) continued to rank first in average salaries among 2000-01 bachelor's degree recipients, followed by graduates of engineering technologies (\$45,727), health profession (\$45,304), architecture (\$43,473), computer science (\$42,535), and business management programs (\$41,674).
- Engineering (\$60,633) continued to rank first in average salaries among 2001-02 bachelor's degree recipients, followed by graduates of mathematics (\$57,544), library science (\$52,668), computer science (\$47,863), engineering technologies (\$47,386), and health profession programs (\$46,846).

Table 6
Average Salaries by Field of Study
for All State System Graduates
Bachelor's Degree Recipients

	After Five Years			After One Year			
Field of Study	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	
Agricultural Bus. & Production	\$31,738	\$31,839	\$33,531	\$16,089	\$18,812	\$19,673	
Renewable Natural Resources	\$30,714	\$39,277	\$37,583	\$19,043	\$20,280	\$18,255	
Architecture	\$34,876	\$43,473	\$45,582	\$23,467	\$21,974	\$30,647	
Area & Ethnic Studies		\$25,628	\$30,890	\$16,698	\$17,624	\$17,847	
Communications	\$33,270	\$34,291	\$34,218	\$17,261	\$19,196	\$20,602	
Communications Technology							
Computer Science	\$47,568	\$42,535	\$47,863	\$23,351	\$29,051	\$31,652	
Personal Services	\$33,796	\$35,074	\$35,587	\$19,593	\$27,591	\$30,615	
Education	\$36,044	\$39,985	\$42,653	\$27,378	\$32,898	\$33,606	
Engineering	\$49,150	\$54,023	\$60,633	\$27,974	\$32,806	\$38,265	
Engineering Technologies	\$41,537	\$45,727	\$47,386	\$29,810	\$32,483	\$35,762	
Foreign Languages	\$31,508	\$24,032	\$31,290	\$16,403	\$16,161	\$18,837	
Home Economics	\$29,305	\$26,144	\$31,197	\$17,931	\$19,153	\$20,789	
Law				\$22,362	\$15,174	\$15,169	
English/Letters	\$27,515	\$27,766	\$29,995	\$17,646	\$16,331	\$17,565	
Liberal Arts/General Studies	\$31,412	\$39,139	\$37,820	\$23,298	\$25,600	\$29,213	
Library Science			\$52,668				
Biological Sciences	\$31,381	\$32,470	\$38,609	\$13,589	\$15,929	\$15,848	
Mathematics	\$32,302	\$34,375	\$57,544	\$18,825	\$22,876	\$26,555	
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies	\$32,573	\$27,795	\$34,570	\$18,291	\$18,311	\$17,314	
Recreation	\$26,799	\$34,483	\$34,129	\$17,509	\$17,435	\$22,095	
Health Related Activities							
Philosophy & Religion	\$21,047	\$19,161	\$19,836	\$8,386	\$8,681	\$16,959	
Physical Sciences	\$36,942	\$39,016	\$39,244	\$14,836	\$22,772	\$20,306	
Psychology	\$28,055	\$25,682	\$27,672	\$15,926	\$16,875	\$18,286	
Protective Services	\$32,041	\$34,155	\$35,697	\$19,858	\$22,885	\$24,699	
Public Affairs	\$22,500	\$24,816	\$27,537	\$19,828	\$21,949	\$21,622	
Social Sciences	\$27,079	\$28,587	\$33,032	\$15,694	\$19,762	\$21,372	
Construction Trades							
Mechanics & Repairers				\$50,358	\$29,276	\$44,433	
Transportation	\$46,738	\$37,125	\$42,183	\$10,718	\$15,998	\$18,157	
Visual & Performing Arts	\$26,929	\$26,959	\$28,372	\$13,586	\$15,991	\$16,439	
Health Professions	\$44,773	\$45,304	\$46,846	\$32,242	\$34,812	\$36,685	
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	\$38,793	\$41,674	\$42,130	\$23,292	\$26,852	\$29,441	
History	\$26,766	\$30,729		\$14,804	\$17,495	\$21,798	
Unknown							
TOTAL AVERAGE	\$35,615	\$37,747	\$40,079	\$21,739	\$24,881	\$26,695	

Data are not reported for 5 or fewer graduates or employed graduates.

Figure 11
Average Salaries by Field of Study
for All State System Graduates
After Five Years
1999-00 Bachelor Degree Recipients

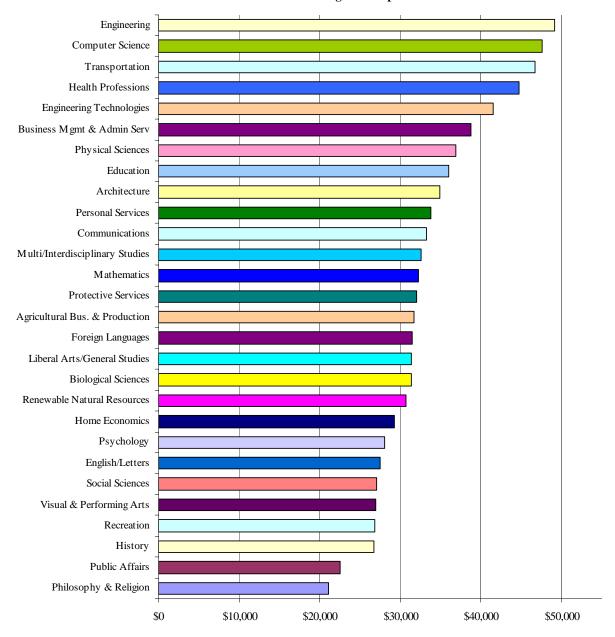


Figure 12
Average Salaries by Field of Study
for All State System Graduates
After Five Years
2000-01 Bachelor Degree Recipients

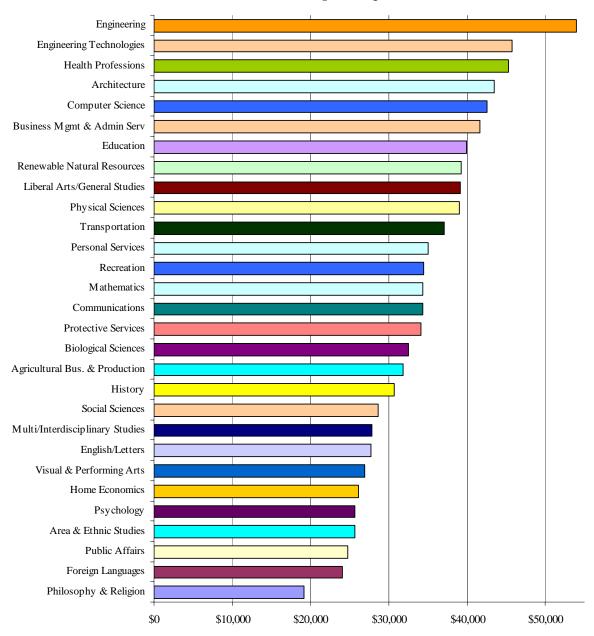
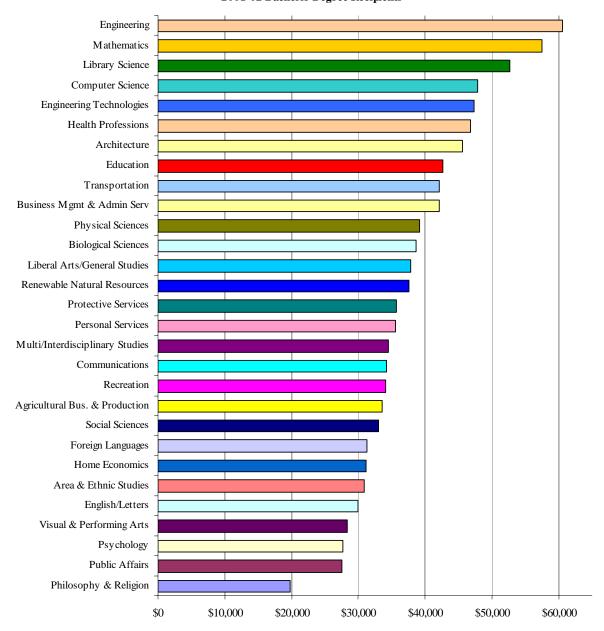


Figure 13
Average Salaries by Field of Study
for All State System Graduates
After Five Years
2001-02 Bachelor Degree Recipients



Graduates Still Enrolled in the Oklahoma State System

If matches for State System graduates were not found in either the OESC or the Tax Commission data, the remaining list of graduates was analyzed to determine if graduates were still enrolled in the Oklahoma State System during the 2005-06 academic year.

- Five years later, a small portion (0.2 percent) of the 2001-02 graduates were still enrolled in the State System. The majority of these were bachelor's (41 percent) and associate in arts/associate in science (30 percent) degree holders.
- More of the students who had graduated only one year prior continued to be enrolled in the State System. Of the 2005-06 graduates, 1.7 percent continued their education in the year following graduation, with the majority of those having attained associate in arts/associate in science (50 percent) or bachelor's degrees (38 percent) in 2005-06.
- Of the 2005-06 graduates, 4.9 percent of the associate in arts/associate in science degree holders were still enrolled; 2.7 percent of certificate holders, 1.2 percent of bachelor's, 0.8 percent of associate in applied science, and 0.6 percent of master's degree holders continued to be enrolled in Oklahoma higher education. As would be expected, the lowest percentage of graduates still enrolled (0.3 percent) were doctoral degree holders.

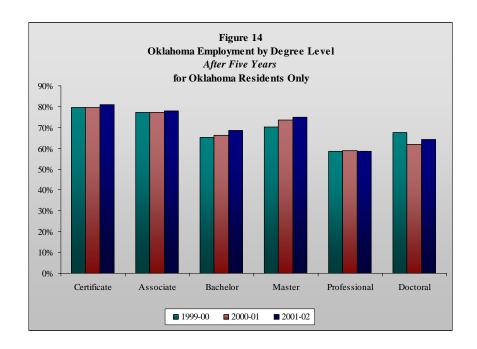
Oklahoma Residents Only

Employment Rate Comparison

- Five years after graduation, 69 percent of the 2001-02 bachelor's degree recipients who were Oklahoma residents were employed in Oklahoma. More certificate (81 percent), associate (78 percent), and master's degree recipients (75 percent) remained in Oklahoma, while fewer doctoral and professional degree holders (64 and 59 percent, respectively) were found in Oklahoma after five years. Compared to the two previous studies of 1999-00 and 2000-01 graduates, employment rates for 2001-02 graduates were higher for certificate, associate, bachelor's and master's degree recipients, while professional degree holders saw no change in their employment rates during the last three years. Rates for doctoral degree holders were mixed, with rates for 2001-02 graduates higher than the previous year, but lower than the 1999-00 graduates.
- Oklahoma residents at all degree levels were more likely to remain in Oklahoma after five years than all graduates (residents and non-residents) combined. 2001-02 certificate holders, associate, bachelor's and professional degree holders from Oklahoma had Oklahoma employment rates between 2 and 8 percentage points higher than all graduates (81, 78, 69, and 59 percent for residents compared to 79, 74, 61, and 54 percent for all graduates). The difference is most pronounced at master's and doctoral degree levels where employment rates for Oklahoma residents were 21 percentage points higher for master's (75 percent compared to 54 percent) and 28 percentage points higher for doctoral degree holders (64 percent compared to 36 percent). Studies of the 1999-00 and 2000-01 graduates revealed similar differences between Oklahoma residents and all graduates' employment rates.

Table 7
Oklahoma Employment by Degree Level
After Five Years
for Oklahoma Residents Only

	Number of Graduates			Percent Employed			
Degree Level	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	
Certificate	232	217	273	80%	80%	81%	
Associates - all	3,933	3,638	3,678	77%	77%	78%	
Associate in Applied Science	1,996	1,947	1,871	82%	82%	82%	
Associate in Arts/Science	1,937	1,691	1,807	73%	72%	73%	
Bachelor	8,466	8,396	8,531	65%	66%	69%	
Master	2,287	2,281	2,293	70%	74%	75%	
Professional	527	530	564	59%	59%	59%	
Doctoral	175	192	145	67%	62%	64%	

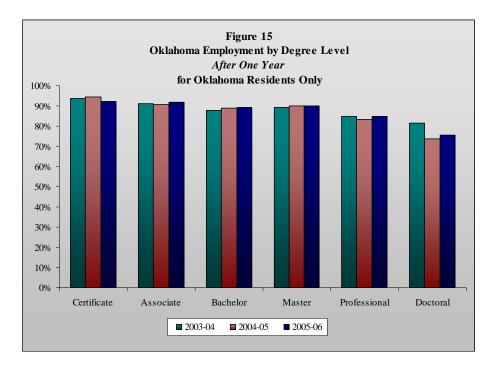


- One year after graduation, 89 percent of the 2005-06 bachelor's degree recipients who were Oklahoma residents were employed in Oklahoma. Oklahoma employment rates for graduates at other degree levels ranged from 76 to 95 percent: 92 percent of certificate holders, 90 percent of associate in arts/associate in science, 95 percent of associate in applied science, 90 percent of master's, 85 percent of professional, and 76 percent of doctoral degree holders remained in Oklahoma. Oklahoma employment rates for 2003-04 and 2004-05 graduates were also high and followed similar trends. Compared to graduates in the two previous years (2003-04 and 2004-05 graduates), employment rates for the 2005-06 graduates were the same or higher at all degree levels, except certificate and doctoral. The 2005-06 certificate recipients were employed in Oklahoma at a lower rate (92 percent) than their 2003-04 and 2004-05 counterparts (94 percent for both years), and 76 percent of the 2005-06 doctoral recipients were employed in Oklahoma, which is lower than the 2003-04 graduates (82 percent) but higher than the 2004-05 graduates (74 percent).
- One year after graduation, differences in Oklahoma employment rates for residents and all graduates were similar to those after five years. 2005-06 resident certificate and associate degree graduates had Oklahoma employment rates of 1 and 3 percentage points higher than all graduates (91 percent compared to 91 percent for all certificate holders and 92 percent compared to 89 percent for all associate degree holders). Oklahoma resident bachelor's and professional degree holders posted 7 and 6 point higher employment rates after one year compared to all graduates (89 percent compared to 82 percent for bachelor's and 85 percent compared to 89 percent for professional degree graduates).
- Doctoral and master's degree holders revealed greater differences (15 and 18 percentage points) between Oklahoma residents and all graduates than at other degree levels. Of the resident doctoral degree recipients, 76 percent were employed in Oklahoma after one year compared to 61 percent of all doctoral degree recipients, and 90 percent of resident master's

degree recipients were employed in-state compared to 72 percent of all master's degree recipients. Similar differences between resident and all graduates existed in the previous studies for 2003-04 and 2004-05 graduates including the more pronounced differences at the master's and doctoral levels.

Table 8
Oklahoma Employment by Degree Level *After One Year*for Oklahoma Residents Only

	Number of Graduates			Percent Employed			
Degree Level	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	
Certificate	504	459	430	94%	94%	92%	
Associates - all	6,894	6,714	6,504	91%	91%	92%	
Associate in Applied Science	2,476	2,319	2,260	94%	93%	95%	
Associate in Arts/Science	4,418	4,395	4,244	89%	90%	90%	
Bachelor	9,678	11,287	11,630	88%	89%	89%	
Master	2,160	2,373	2,458	89%	90%	90%	
Professional	552	616	649	85%	83%	85%	
Doctoral	163	171	164	82%	74%	76%	



Employment by Field of Study

Oklahoma employment rates after five years are highlighted by field of study for Oklahoma residents who earned bachelor's degrees in 2001-02. (Refer to the tables on pages 43 and 44 for data pertaining, separately, to residents and non-residents by field of study for the 2001-02 and 2005-06 graduates.)

- The three most popular fields of study for 2001-02 Oklahoma resident graduates were business management, education, and health professions. Two of these, health professions and education, also posted very high Oklahoma employment rates five years after graduation (80 percent and 76 percent, respectively). Business management graduates were also retained at a respectable 71 percent rate.
- Of the resident 2001-02 bachelor's degree recipients, the following fields of study (with at least 10 graduates) had the <u>highest</u> Oklahoma employment rates after five years: health professions and public affairs both posted 80 percent employment rates (out of 479 and 76 graduates, respectively). Tied at 76 percent were: education (with 1,407 graduates) and personal and miscellaneous services (with 25 graduates). Computer and information sciences had the 5th highest rate with 75 percent (with 167 graduates).
- Of the 2001-02 Oklahoma resident graduates who earned bachelor's degrees, the following fields of study (with at least 10 graduates) had the <u>lowest</u> Oklahoma employment rates after five years: transportation (34 percent of 32 graduates), foreign languages (43 percent of 51), area and ethnic studies (50 percent of 16), philosophy and religion (53 percent of 15), and architecture (56 percent of 68).
- In general the employment rankings by field of study for Oklahoma residents who received bachelor's degrees in 2001-02 were similar to those of all 2001-02 graduates (see Figure 5 on page 15) after five years.

Average Salary Comparison

- Five years after graduation, 2001-02 bachelor's degree recipients who were Oklahoma residents when they entered college were earning \$39,871 on average. This is higher than the averages for the two previous studies (1999-00 and 2000-01 graduates).
- On average, 2001-02 certificate and associate in arts/associate in science degree recipients' earnings were 24 and 34 percent less, respectively, than bachelor's degree recipients after five years (\$30,297 and \$26,475 compared to \$39,871).
- After five years, the 2001-02 associate in applied science degree holders' salaries (\$38,777) were only 3 percent lower than bachelor's degree holders (\$39,871) after the same five years.
- Master's degree recipients earned \$51,221, on average, which is 28 percent more than bachelor's degree recipients, while doctoral degree recipients earned 59 percent more (at \$63,306), and professional degree recipients earned 103 percent more (\$80,948) than bachelor's degree recipients after five years.
- Earnings for 2001-02 graduates were higher after five years than for the two previous graduating cohorts at most degree levels. Compared to the previous year (2000-01 graduates), the 2001-02 associates, bachelor's, and master's degree recipients' salaries were

higher. Certificate, doctoral and professional degree recipients did not earn higher salaries than their counterparts from the prior graduating class. However, compared to the 1999-00 class, salaries for the 2001-02 graduates were higher at all levels.

- Significant salary variations by degree level were also found one year after graduation. The differences after one year were more exaggerated for certificate, associate in arts/associate in science, master's, professional, and doctoral degree holders. However; associate in applied science degree holders, on average, earn salaries that are higher (21 percent) than bachelor's degree holders after one year, but after five years receive salaries that are slightly lower (-3 percent) than bachelor's degree recipients.
- At all degree levels, the average salary for Oklahoma residents after five years was higher than after one year. The most recent employment data (covering second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007) reveal the largest earnings growth (88 percent) after five years occurs for certificate holders, followed by associate in arts/associate in science degree holders (65 percent). Bachelor's and professional degree recipients show the next largest difference between salaries after one year and salaries after five years, with a 46 percent difference for bachelor's and a 35 percent difference for professional degree recipients. The smallest earnings growth appeared at the master's (19 percent), doctoral (19 percent), and associate in applied science (17 percent) levels.
- In general, data from the earlier employment periods show the largest differences between average earnings after five years compared to after one year are seen for certificate, associate in arts/associate in science, bachelor's and professional degree recipients. Increased salary levels due to experience are less noticeable for doctoral, master's, and associate in applied science degree recipients.

Table 9
Average Salary by Degree Level for Oklahoma Residents Only

	After Five Years			After One Year			
	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	
Degree Level	Graduates	Graduates	Graduates	Graduates	Graduates	Graduates	
Certificate	\$27,110	\$34,294	\$30,297	\$16,571	\$16,400	\$16,087	
Associates - all	\$29,324	\$31,935	\$33,275	\$20,240	\$21,745	\$22,447	
Associate in Applied Science	\$33,488	\$36,282	\$38,777	\$28,377	\$31,546	\$33,075	
Associate in Arts/Science	\$24,252	\$25,889	\$26,475	\$15,076	\$16,048	\$16,082	
Bachelor	\$35,734	\$37,806	\$39,871	\$22,253	\$25,609	\$27,344	
Master	\$44,380	\$48,910	\$51,221	\$37,620	\$39,975	\$42,931	
Professional	\$74,582	\$89,779	\$80,948	\$50,080	\$52,972	\$60,101	
Doctoral	\$49,623	\$65,095	\$63,306	\$41,457	\$47,600	\$53,212	

Non-Oklahoma Residents Only

Employment Rate Comparison

• Of the bachelor's degree recipients in 2001-02, 18 percent (1,819 of 10,350) were from outof-state. Five years after graduation, 25 percent of these non-residents were employed in
Oklahoma. Graduates at other degree levels remain in Oklahoma at slightly lower rates:
associates (20 percent), professional (19 percent), master's (15 percent), and doctoral degree
recipients (13 percent). Employment rates of 2001-02 graduates were higher for bachelor's
and master's degree holders compared to those of graduates in the two previous studies
(1999-00 and 2000-01 graduates). Professional and doctoral graduates from the current
study stayed in Oklahoma at higher rates than the previous year's graduates, but at lower
rates than for those in the 1999-00 cohort.

Table 10
Oklahoma Employment by Degree Level
After Five Years
for Non-Oklahoma Residents Only

	Num	Number of Graduates			Percent Employed		
Degree Level	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	
Certificate	4	20	11				
Associates - all	269	294	274	16%	21%	20%	
Associate in Applied Science	137	133	123	20%	26%	24%	
Associate in Arts/Science	132	161	151	11%	17%	18%	
Bachelor	1,755	1,681	1,819	22%	24%	25%	
Master	1,238	1,281	1,190	13%	13%	15%	
Professional	66	91	77	21%	15%	19%	
Doctoral	148	179	173	16%	11%	13%	

• Of the 2005-06 bachelor's degree recipients, 20 percent (2,953 of 14,583) were from out-of-state. One year after graduation, 54 percent of those non-resident bachelor's degree recipients were employed in Oklahoma. More certificate (65 percent), and associate's degree recipients (59 percent) were found in-state, while fewer professional (51 percent), doctoral (45 percent), and master's (39 percent) degree recipients remained in Oklahoma. With few exceptions (certificate level and one year at the professional degree level), the 2005-06 graduates' employment rates were higher than the previous studies examining 2003-04 and 2004-05 graduates after one year.

Table 11 Oklahoma Employment by Degree Level After One Year for Non-Oklahoma Residents Only

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	Num	ber of Grad	uates	Percent Employed				
Degree Level	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06		
Certificate	37	29	20	73%	93%	65%		
Associates - all	600	565	582	56%	58%	59%		
Associate in Applied Science	230	235	207	47%	62%	60%		
Associate in Arts/Science	370	330	375	61%	56%	58%		
Bachelor	2,154	2,626	2,953	48%	53%	54%		
Master	1,349	1,427	1,324	33%	37%	39%		
Professional	100	128	125	42%	61%	51%		
Doctoral	162	142	159	41%	42%	45%		

Employment by Field of Study

Oklahoma employment rates after five years are highlighted by field of study for non-Oklahoma residents who earned bachelor's degrees in 2001-02. (Refer to the tables on pages 43 and 44 for data pertaining, separately, to residents and non-residents by field of study for the 2001-02 and 2005-06 graduates.)

- Business management and education were the most popular fields of study for 2001-02 non-resident bachelor's degree graduates (as well as for resident graduates), with engineering and social sciences tied for third. Oklahoma employment rates for the non-resident graduates in these fields were 24 percent (business management), 26 percent (education), 28 percent (engineering), and 25 percent (social sciences).
- Of the non-resident 2001-02 bachelor's degree recipients, the following fields of study (with at least 6 employed graduates) had the <u>highest</u> Oklahoma employment rates after five years: public affairs (55 percent of 11), liberal arts (48 percent of 80), English (30 percent of 46), communications (30 percent of 118), and engineering (28 percent of 130).
- Of the 2001-02 Oklahoma non-resident graduates who earned bachelor's degrees, the following fields of study (with at least 6 employed graduates) had the <u>lowest</u> Oklahoma employment rates after five years: agricultural business and production (14 percent of 65), protective services (14 percent of 49), psychology (17 percent of 59), recreation and fitness studies (17 percent of 35), and computer sciences (17 percent of 64).

Average Salary Comparison

Average salary by degree level for non-resident graduates follows the same pattern as for Oklahoma residents and all graduates. After five years, 2001-02 associate degree holders earned 39 percent less than bachelor's degree recipients, who earned \$42,896 on average. Master's, doctoral and professional degree recipients earned 10, 14, and 46 percent higher salaries, respectively, than did bachelor's degree holders. It should be noted that a greater degree of fluctuation in year-to-year results is more likely with non-residents because the number of graduates is low.

Table 12 Average Salary by Degree Level for Non-Oklahoma Residents Only

	After Five Years	After One Year
	2001-02	2005-06
Degree Level	Graduates	Graduates
Certificate		\$18,025
Associates - all	\$26,114	\$21,178
Associate in Applied Science	\$27,407	\$32,718
Associate in Arts/Science	\$24,432	\$13,912
Bachelor	\$42,896	\$22,280
Master	\$47,233	\$35,730
Professional	\$62,732	\$63,281
Doctoral	\$48,852	\$40,710

CONCLUSIONS

The findings of this study support national data that link salary to educational attainment. Oklahoma employment data for graduates of Oklahoma public colleges and universities confirm that the higher the degrees students earn, the higher the salaries they earn.

- Five years after graduation, 2001-02 bachelor's degree recipients employed in Oklahoma were earning \$40,079 on average.
- Average earnings for 2001-02 certificate and associate in arts/associate in science degree
 holders five years after graduation were 24 percent and 34 percent less than bachelor's
 degree recipients, although associate in applied science degree holders earned salaries that
 were only 4 percent lower than those of bachelor's degree holders after five years. Master's,
 doctoral, and professional degree recipients earned more (27 percent, 52 percent, and 100
 percent, respectively) than bachelor's degree recipients.

In addition, studies report salary differences among major fields of study. West Virginia's study grouped majors into eight broad areas and reported the highest earnings among health and engineering graduates.

• Oklahoma graduates with engineering, mathematics, computer science and other technical degrees consistently earn higher average salaries, although health professions, business management, and education graduates also command strong salaries on average.

Considering the increasing focus on the new knowledge-based economy, it is also important to examine the percentages of State System graduates who remain in Oklahoma after graduation. While comparisons with studies in other states or regions are not straightforward (primarily due to differences in the source of employment data, the period of time after graduation, and reporting categories), they do provide some context for the findings in this study.

- Using the state's Bureau of Employment Programs files, the West Virginia study found 64.6 percent of the resident 1991-92 graduates employed in-state after *three* years, compared to 12.5 percent for non-residents. Of the 2001-02 Oklahoma residents, 69 percent of bachelor's degree holders were employed in-state after *five* years, compared to 25 percent of non-residents.
- Nebraska's Employment Outcomes Project found 77 percent of the state's 1999-00 community college graduates in the state's unemployment insurance database after one year. Oklahoma's employment rates for its 2005-06 certificate and associate degree holders after one year are 91 and 89 percent, respectively.
- A more recent study by the Connecticut Departments of Labor and Higher Education found that 68 percent of all public higher education graduates were found to be working in the state seven to nine months after graduation. Oklahoma's rates for bachelor's, associates, and master's degree holders (representing 60 percent, 29 percent, and 16 percent of the

2005-06 graduates) found in state after one year were 82 percent, 89 percent, and 72 percent, respectively).

Oklahoma is retaining a majority of its graduates, even after five years. The current data (for 2001-02 graduates after five years and 2005-06 graduates after one year) reflect slightly increased employment rates for both residents and non-residents when compared to previous studies (for 1999-00 and 2000-01 graduates after five years and 2003-04 and 2004-05 graduates after one year).

Although the vast majority of graduates of Oklahoma public higher education institutions remain in Oklahoma, the "out" migration is evident in technical fields of study such as engineering, computer science, and physical sciences. Progress is being made, however, and results for 2001-02 bachelor's degree holders in mathematics, biological sciences, computer science, engineering, and architecture show higher percentages remain in-state after five years than was true for graduates of previous studies.

The State Regents' *Brain Gain 2010* initiative, efforts to improve student preparation and awareness of college, encouraging strategic scholarship programs, and accountability measures that promote retention and timely graduation are critical to the production of higher education graduates. Partnerships between higher education institutions and business, including internships and apprenticeships in high-growth industries, not only affect graduates' decisions to stay instate, they also stimulate the high technology businesses needed in the new economy. Finally, statewide efforts consistent with the governor's broad-ranging Economic Development Generating Excellence (EDGE) project to improve Oklahoma's economy and quality of life will increase opportunities for State System graduates to remain in Oklahoma, working and giving back to their communities.

Employment Outcomes Report

Tables

September 2008

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Oklahoma Employment by Residency Status & Field of Study Bachelor's Degree Recipients

2001-02 Graduates - After Five Years

	OI-02 Graa	Resident			Non-Resident	
Field of Study	Number of	Number	Percent	Number of	Number	Percent
	Graduates	Employed	Employed	Graduates	Employed	Employed
Library Science	9	8	89%			
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies	8	7	88%			
Public Affairs	76	61	80%	11	6	55%
Health Professions	479	381	80%	55	14	25%
Personal & Misc Services	25	19	76%			
Education	1,407	1,064	76%	140	36	26%
Computer & Info. Sciences	167	126	75%	64	11	17%
Recreation & Fitness Studies	134	98	73%	35	6	17%
Liberal Arts/General Studies	230	168	73%	80	38	48%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	2,193	1,558	71%	475	112	24%
Protective Services	226	160	71%	49	7	14%
Agricultural Bus. & Production	180	123	68%	65	9	14%
Renewable Natural Resources	38	25	66%			
Biological Sciences	338	218	64%	79	20	25%
Psychology	414	265	64%	59	10	17%
Communications	448	285	64%	118	35	30%
Mathematics	73	46	63%	7		
Engineering Technologies	223	140	63%	22		
Home Economics	219	137	63%	25		
Social Sciences	466	290	62%	130	32	25%
Physical Sciences	74	46	62%	27		
English/Letters	207	125	60%	46	14	30%
Visual & Performing Arts	323	189	59%	113	29	26%
Engineering	363	207	57%	130	37	28%
Architecture	68	38	56%	33	9	27%
Philosophy & Religion	15	8	53%			
Area & Ethnic Studies	16	8	50%	10		
Foreign Languages	51	22	43%	13		
Transportation	32	11	34%	17		
Communications Technologies	7					
Health Related Activities	7					
Unknown	6					
Law						
Mechanics & Repairers						
Total	8,531	5,848	69%	1,819	453	25%
Percentage of All Graduates:	82%			18%		

Oklahoma Employment by Residency Status & Field of Study Bachelor's Degree Recipients

2005-06 Graduates - After One Year

		Resident	ijiei one		Non-Resident	
Field of Study	Number of	Number	Percent	Number of	Number	Percent
	Graduates	Employed	Employed	Graduates	Employed	Employed
Personal & Misc Services	21	21	100%	11	11	100%
Law	12	12	100%			
Area & Ethnic Studies	34	33	97%			
Public Affairs	200	190	95%	13	11	85%
Education	1,532	1,437	94%	271	153	56%
Health Professions	783	734	94%	137	87	64%
English/Letters	234	219	94%	52	25	48%
Mathematics	76	70	92%	23	14	61%
History	138	127	92%	39	22	56%
Recreation & Fitness Studies	233	214	92%	70	37	53%
Agricultural Bus. & Production	244	222	91%	100	50	50%
Psychology	543	494	91%	117	67	57%
Protective Services	298	271	91%	72	38	53%
Liberal Arts/General Studies	530	475	90%	168	109	65%
Communications	668	593	89%	232	128	55%
Home Economics	345	306	89%	48	22	46%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	2,622	2,321	89%	651	336	52%
Social Sciences	739	654	88%	200	104	52%
Physical Sciences	131	114	87%	66	38	58%
Philosophy & Religion	52	45	87%	9		
Engineering Technologies	265	228	86%	44	17	39%
Visual & Performing Arts	429	369	86%	139	67	48%
Foreign Languages	63	54	86%	23	10	43%
Biological Sciences	554	466	84%	149	81	54%
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies	75	63	84%	21	13	62%
Computer & Info. Sciences	149	122	82%	51	33	65%
Mechanics & Repairers	16	13	81%	8		
Renewable Natural Resources	36	29	81%	7		
Engineering	464	370	80%	167	83	50%
Transportation	81	64	79%	38	21	55%
Architecture	63	49	78%	22	11	50%
Total	11,630	10,379	89%	2,953	1,597	54%
Percentage of All Graduates:	80%			20%		,

Average Salaries by Field of Study for All State System Graduates Certificate Recipients

	A	fter Five Years		F	After One Year	
Field of Study	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06
Agricultural Bus. & Production						\$9,312
Communications Technology						
Computer Science	\$35,137	\$48,396		\$24,293	\$27,880	\$24,584
Personal Services						
Engineering Technologies		\$34,133	\$30,190	\$16,160	\$16,111	\$22,621
Foreign Languages				\$11,705		
Home Economics	\$14,704	\$13,816	\$16,021	\$15,245	\$15,839	\$14,366
Law						
Library Science						
Biological Sciences		-				
Protective Services				\$20,824	\$16,394	
Public Affairs						
Construction Trades		-				
Mechanics & Repairers		\$26,544		\$25,350	\$17,540	
Precision Production Trades						
Transportation						
Visual & Performing Arts			\$15,608	\$13,711		
Health Professions	\$24,795	\$27,274	\$24,648	\$11,752	\$14,540	\$14,747
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	\$33,130	\$37,408	\$46,820	\$29,416	\$18,419	\$20,501
TOTAL AVERAGE	\$26,970	\$34,314	\$30,308	\$16,603	\$16,556	\$16,150

Average Salaries by Field of Study for All State System Graduates Associate in Applied Science Degree Recipients

	Aft	er Five Years		Afte	er One Year	
Field of Study	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06
Agricultural Bus. & Production	\$23,959	\$24,964	\$20,758	\$13,856	\$19,458	\$22,161
Renewable Natural Resources						
Architecture					\$11,371	
Communications				\$11,406	\$24,832	
Communications Technology		\$26,420	\$26,001	\$12,347		
Computer Science	\$32,615	\$33,491	\$28,495	\$23,968	\$23,866	\$25,884
Personal Services	\$24,031	\$22,575		\$12,704	\$16,703	\$15,813
Engineering						
Engineering Technologies	\$35,182	\$39,483	\$43,367	\$23,654	\$29,414	\$28,989
Foreign Languages	\$22,705	\$11,650		\$10,165	\$17,561	\$18,294
Home Economics	\$18,806	\$18,794	\$20,257	\$18,130	\$18,106	\$14,912
Law	\$22,526	\$29,749	\$29,241	\$18,630	\$22,916	\$26,440
Liberal Arts/General Studies						
Library Science						
Biological Sciences						
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies						
Recreation & Fitness Studies						
Psychology						
Protective Services	\$33,155	\$31,563	\$40,567	\$25,668	\$30,813	\$29,024
Public Affairs	\$20,950	\$20,251	\$18,303	\$20,383	\$14,328	\$15,350
Construction Trades			\$43,123			
Mechanics & Repairers	\$36,260	\$37,928	\$42,064	\$29,214	\$28,794	\$33,835
Precision Production Trades			\$38,416		\$7,235	\$21,328
Transportation		\$51,569		\$27,312		
Visual & Performing Arts	\$22,116	\$25,550	\$29,701	\$15,611	\$19,359	\$17,796
Health Professions	\$36,988	\$40,760	\$42,570	\$34,281	\$36,903	\$38,521
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	\$26,309	\$27,759	\$31,886	\$22,383	\$22,328	\$23,486
Unknown					\$24,429	
TOTAL AVERAGE	\$33,447	\$36,292	\$38,578	\$28,148	\$31,455	\$33,055

Average Salaries by Field of Study for All State System Graduates Associate in Arts & Associate in Science Degree Recipients

	Afte	er Five Years		Afte	er One Year	
Field of Study	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06
Agricultural Bus. & Production	\$21,552	\$23,846	\$27,048	\$10,552	\$9,773	\$13,627
Renewable Natural Resources				\$8,940	\$16,244	\$14,304
Area & Ethnic Studies						
Communications	\$23,489	\$22,750	\$23,246	\$11,688	\$10,960	\$12,246
Communications Technology						
Computer Science	\$33,157	\$33,794	\$33,516	\$23,479	\$17,702	\$21,740
Education	\$21,814	\$23,876	\$22,331	\$11,541	\$12,243	\$12,173
Engineering	\$37,307	\$37,890	\$37,772	\$21,652	\$22,138	\$25,500
Engineering Technologies						
Foreign Languages	\$24,280	\$21,168		\$9,535	\$24,064	\$26,536
Home Economics		\$21,187	\$23,537	\$15,617	\$16,658	\$15,341
Law	\$17,898			\$13,393	\$11,731	\$26,886
English/Letters				\$8,014	\$7,885	\$9,592
Liberal Arts/General Studies	\$23,678	\$27,711	\$25,263	\$14,809	\$16,205	\$15,885
Biological Sciences	\$23,306	\$29,323	\$24,200	\$11,772	\$12,138	\$11,886
Mathematics	\$25,536	\$27,393	\$38,502	\$16,188	\$16,421	\$17,870
Recreation & Fitness Studies	\$14,912				\$9,265	\$7,820
Physical Sciences	\$31,321	\$23,384	\$29,123	\$12,319	\$13,142	\$16,809
Psychology	\$17,968	\$18,896	\$19,336	\$12,202	\$12,360	\$14,853
Protective Services	\$31,075	\$28,319	\$29,147	\$21,157	\$20,868	\$19,936
Public Affairs	\$22,189			\$13,666	\$16,074	\$24,496
Social Sciences	\$22,741	\$20,590	\$28,017	\$14,400	\$14,631	\$14,046
Visual & Performing Arts	\$13,815	\$22,935	\$23,682	\$10,912	\$11,763	\$11,448
Health Professions	\$18,476	\$20,531	\$22,535	\$10,521	\$15,345	\$15,354
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	\$26,471	\$26,983	\$30,765	\$18,795	\$19,688	\$20,344
History	\$30,913			\$16,053	\$17,311	\$13,482
Unknown		\$35,465				
TOTAL AVERAGE	\$24,149	\$25,969	\$26,441	\$15,012	\$15,878	\$15,967

Average Salaries by Field of Study for All State System Graduates Bachelor's Degree Recipients

	Afte	er Five Years		Afte	r One Year	
Field of Study	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06
Agricultural Bus. & Production	\$31,738	\$31,839	\$33,531	\$16,089	\$18,812	\$19,673
Renewable Natural Resources	\$30,714	\$39,277	\$37,583	\$19,043	\$20,280	\$18,255
Architecture	\$34,876	\$43,473	\$45,582	\$23,467	\$21,974	\$30,647
Area & Ethnic Studies		\$25,628	\$30,890	\$16,698	\$17,624	\$17,847
Communications	\$33,270	\$34,291	\$34,218	\$17,261	\$19,196	\$20,602
Communications Technology				·		
Computer Science	\$47,568	\$42,535	\$47,863	\$23,351	\$29,051	\$31,652
Personal Services	\$33,796	\$35,074	\$35,587	\$19,593	\$27,591	\$30,615
Education	\$36,044	\$39,985	\$42,653	\$27,378	\$32,898	\$33,606
Engineering	\$49,150	\$54,023	\$60,633	\$27,974	\$32,806	\$38,265
Engineering Technologies	\$41,537	\$45,727	\$47,386	\$29,810	\$32,483	\$35,762
Foreign Languages	\$31,508	\$24,032	\$31,290	\$16,403	\$16,161	\$18,837
Home Economics	\$29,305	\$26,144	\$31,197	\$17,931	\$19,153	\$20,789
Law				\$22,362	\$15,174	\$15,169
English/Letters	\$27,515	\$27,766	\$29,995	\$17,646	\$16,331	\$17,565
Liberal Arts/General Studies	\$31,412	\$39,139	\$37,820	\$23,298	\$25,600	\$29,213
Library Science			\$52,668			
Biological Sciences	\$31,381	\$32,470	\$38,609	\$13,589	\$15,929	\$15,848
Mathematics	\$32,302	\$34,375	\$57,544	\$18,825	\$22,876	\$26,555
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies	\$32,573	\$27,795	\$34,570	\$18,291	\$18,311	\$17,314
Recreation	\$26,799	\$34,483	\$34,129	\$17,509	\$17,435	\$22,095
Health Related Activities						
Philosophy & Religion	\$21,047	\$19,161	\$19,836	\$8,386	\$8,681	\$16,959
Physical Sciences	\$36,942	\$39,016	\$39,244	\$14,836	\$22,772	\$20,306
Psychology	\$28,055	\$25,682	\$27,672	\$15,926	\$16,875	\$18,286
Protective Services	\$32,041	\$34,155	\$35,697	\$19,858	\$22,885	\$24,699
Public Affairs	\$22,500	\$24,816	\$27,537	\$19,828	\$21,949	\$21,622
Social Sciences	\$27,079	\$28,587	\$33,032	\$15,694	\$19,762	\$21,372
Construction Trades						
Mechanics & Repairers				\$50,358	\$29,276	\$44,433
Transportation	\$46,738	\$37,125	\$42,183	\$10,718	\$15,998	\$18,157
Visual & Performing Arts	\$26,929	\$26,959	\$28,372	\$13,586	\$15,991	\$16,439
Health Professions	\$44,773	\$45,304	\$46,846	\$32,242	\$34,812	\$36,685
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	\$38,793	\$41,674	\$42,130	\$23,292	\$26,852	\$29,441
History	\$26,766	\$30,729		\$14,804	\$17,495	\$21,798
Unknown						
TOTAL AVERAGE	\$35,615	\$37,747	\$40,079	\$21,739	\$24,881	\$26,695

Average Salaries by Field of Study for All State System Graduates Master's Degree Recipients

	Afte	er Five Years		Aft	er One Year	
Field of Study	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06
Agricultural Bus. & Production	\$50,553	\$41,583	\$42,861	\$21,979	\$27,114	\$27,418
Renewable Natural Resources	\$46,228	\$55,035		\$29,868	\$37,747	\$40,071
Architecture	\$39,648	\$39,347	\$48,912	\$32,057	\$32,936	\$35,523
Area & Ethnic Studies						
Communications	\$34,749	\$43,477	\$52,157	\$25,689	\$29,329	\$27,489
Computer Science	\$62,935	\$53,527	\$59,853	\$41,273	\$44,790	\$49,471
Education	\$44,420	\$48,239	\$49,834	\$39,021	\$41,889	\$45,914
Engineering	\$52,181	\$60,687	\$65,816	\$40,218	\$47,488	\$47,024
Engineering Technologies	\$49,032	\$53,278		\$50,506	\$42,078	
Foreign Languages				\$34,010		\$19,516
Home Economics	\$28,725	\$30,928	\$33,595	\$26,531	\$26,369	\$30,016
English/Letters	\$30,071	\$37,278	\$32,269	\$19,304	\$21,982	\$25,716
Liberal Arts/General Studies			\$27,845	\$49,160	\$54,318	\$48,371
Library Science	\$35,052	\$36,709	\$46,663	\$34,318	\$38,129	\$35,720
Biological Sciences	\$30,416	\$43,885	\$36,357	\$19,236	\$24,552	\$25,440
Mathematics		\$33,988		\$31,599	\$29,753	\$27,411
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies	\$51,986	\$78,265	\$59,428	\$30,408	\$27,612	\$32,314
Recreation	\$35,769	\$43,065		\$24,887	\$34,000	\$29,702
Philosophy & Religion						\$20,378
Physical Sciences	\$46,620	\$60,314	\$52,719	\$29,023	\$42,393	\$54,070
Psychology	\$33,788	\$35,053	\$38,093	\$23,662	\$25,191	\$23,921
Protective Services	\$38,756	\$43,531	\$39,537	\$19,356	\$30,413	\$35,736
Public Affairs	\$32,801	\$35,968	\$39,309	\$26,770	\$33,299	\$34,502
Social Sciences	\$40,431	\$48,468	\$40,353	\$21,193	\$25,222	\$29,086
Visual & Performing Arts	\$29,658	\$34,094	\$32,044	\$18,602	\$23,309	\$19,086
Health Professions	\$54,315	\$59,534	\$66,621	\$51,132	\$49,429	\$52,872
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	\$48,543	\$53,429	\$61,522	\$38,100	\$38,569	\$44,802
History				\$13,668	\$24,201	\$31,000
Unknown						
TOTAL AVERAGE	\$44,280	\$48,638	\$50,871	\$35,840	\$38,520	\$41,841

Average Salaries by Field of Study for All State System Graduates Professional Degree Recipients

	A_{j}	fter Five Years		1	After One Year	
Field of Study	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06
Law	\$54,462	\$49,945	\$64,349	\$35,345	\$38,818	\$45,746
Health Professions	\$86,722	\$103,069	\$86,970	\$56,130	\$54,594	\$65,654
TOTAL AVERAGE	\$75,249	\$88,902	\$80,156	\$49,776	\$51,109	\$60,406

Data are not reported for 5 or fewer graduates or employed graduates.

Average Salaries by Field of Study for All State System Graduates Doctoral Degree Recipients

	Afte	er Five Years		Afte	er One Year	
Field of Study	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06
Agricultural Bus. & Production				\$23,787	\$28,364	\$44,625
Renewable Natural Resources	\$40,684			\$23,789		
Communications						
Computer Science						
Education	\$51,771	\$67,051	\$69,158	\$49,938	\$50,558	\$56,250
Engineering			\$51,504	\$36,725	\$41,496	\$50,111
Engineering Technologies						
Foreign Languages						
Home Economics						
English/Letters		\$40,813		\$18,197		
Biological Sciences	\$33,507	\$98,165	\$51,842	\$27,482	\$33,370	\$25,580
Mathematics						
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies						\$65,272
Recreation						
Philosophy & Religion						
Physical Sciences	\$69,787			\$32,877	\$22,751	\$40,715
Psychology	\$43,404	\$56,742	\$55,296	\$36,465	\$39,676	\$45,359
Social Sciences		\$71,445	\$53,038	\$34,190	\$25,242	\$45,539
Visual & Performing Arts						
Health Professions					\$59,196	
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv				\$50,915	\$43,288	
History						
TOTAL AVERAGE	\$48,815	\$63,015	\$60,780	\$37,944	\$42,981	\$48,836

Average Salaries by Field of Study and Degree Level $After\ Five\ Years$

for All State System Graduates

		Certificate		Assoc	in Applied Scie	ence	Assoc	in Arts/Scienc	e
Field of Study	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02
Agricultural Bus. & Production				\$23,959	\$24,964	\$20,758	\$21,552	\$23,846	\$27,048
Agricultural Sciences									
Renewable Natural Resources									
Architecture									
Area & Ethnic Studies									
Specialized Marketing									
Communications							\$23,489	\$22,750	\$23,246
Communications Technologies					\$26,420	\$26,001			
Computer & Info. Sciences	\$35,137	\$48,396		\$32,615	\$33,491	\$28,495	\$33,157	\$33,794	\$33,516
Personal Services				\$24,031	\$22,575				
Education							\$21,814	\$23,876	\$22,331
Engineering							\$37,307	\$37,890	\$37,772
Engineering Technologies		\$34,133	\$30,190	\$35,182	\$39,483	\$43,367			
Foreign Languages				\$22,705	\$11,650		\$24,280	\$21,168	
Home Economics	\$14,704	\$13,816	\$16,021	\$18,806	\$18,794	\$20,257		\$21,187	\$23,537
Vocational Home Economics									
Law				\$22,526	\$29,749	\$29,241	\$17,898		
English/Letters									
Liberal Arts/General Studies							\$23,678	\$27,711	\$25,263
Library Science									
Biological Sciences							\$23,306	\$29,323	\$24,200
Mathematics							\$25,536	\$27,393	\$38,502
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies									
Recreation & Fitness Studies							\$14,912		
Health Related Activities									
Philosophy & Religion									
Physical Sciences							\$31,321	\$23,384	\$29,123
Psychology							\$17,968	\$18,896	\$19,336
Protective Services				\$33,155	\$31,563	\$40,567	\$31,075	\$28,319	\$29,147
Public Affairs				\$20,950	\$20,251	\$18,303	\$22,189		
Social Sciences						. ,	\$22,741	\$20,590	\$28,017
Construction Trades						\$43,123	. ,		
Mechanics & Repairers		\$26,544		\$36,260	\$37,928	\$42,064			
Precision Production Trades		,-			, , -	\$38,416			
Transportation					\$51,569				
Visual & Performing Arts			\$15,608	\$22,116	\$25,550	\$29,701	\$13,815	\$22,935	\$23,682
Health Professions	\$24,795	\$27,274	\$24,648	\$36,988	\$40,760	\$42,570	\$18,476	\$20,531	\$22,535
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	\$33,130	\$37,408	\$46,820	\$26,309	\$27,759	\$31,886	\$26,471	\$26,983	\$30,765
History	Ψυυ,1υσ	Ψ2.,.30	Ψ.0,020	Ψ20,007	Ψ2.,.55	Ψ21,000	\$30,913		Ψ20,702
Unknown								\$35,465	
Total	\$26,970	\$34,314	\$30,308	\$33,447	\$36,292	\$38,578	\$24,149	\$25,969	\$26,441

Average Salaries by Field of Study and Degree Level After Five Years for All State System Graduates

		Bachelor			Master			Professional			Doctoral	
Field of Study	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02	1999-00	2000-01	2001-02
Agricultural Bus. & Production	\$31,738	\$31,839	\$33,531	\$50,553	\$41,583	\$42,861						
Agricultural Sciences		. ,										
Renewable Natural Resources	\$30,714	\$39,277	\$37,583	\$46,228	\$55,035					\$40,684		
Architecture	\$34,876	\$43,473	\$45,582	\$39,648	\$39,347	\$48,912						
Area & Ethnic Studies		\$25,628	\$30,890									
Specialized Marketing		. ,										
Communications	\$33,270	\$34,291	\$34,218	\$34,749	\$43,477	\$52,157						
Communications Technologies												
Computer & Info. Sciences	\$47,568	\$42,535	\$47,863	\$62,935	\$53,527	\$59,853						
Personal Services	\$33,796	\$35,074	\$35,587									
Education	\$36,044	\$39,985	\$42,653	\$44,420	\$48,239	\$49,834				\$51,771	\$67,051	\$69,158
Engineering	\$49,150	\$54,023	\$60,633	\$52,181	\$60,687	\$65,816						\$51,504
Engineering Technologies	\$41,537	\$45,727	\$47,386	\$49,032	\$53,278							
Foreign Languages	\$31,508	\$24,032	\$31,290									
Home Economics	\$29,305	\$26,144	\$31,197	\$28,725	\$30,928	\$33,595						
Vocational Home Economics	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	,	,-		, ,						
Law							\$54,462	\$49,945	\$64,349			
English/Letters	\$27,515	\$27,766	\$29,995	\$30,071	\$37,278	\$32,269	70.,	7 . 7 ,	70.,0		\$40,813	
Liberal Arts/General Studies	\$31,412	\$39,139	\$37,820			\$27,845					, 10,000	
Library Science		, , , , ,	\$52,668	\$35,052	\$36,709	\$46,663						
Biological Sciences	\$31,381	\$32,470	\$38,609	\$30,416	\$43,885	\$36,357				\$33,507	\$98,165	\$51,842
Mathematics	\$32,302	\$34,375	\$57,544		\$33,988							
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies	\$32,573	\$27,795	\$34,570	\$51,986	\$78,265	\$59,428						
Recreation & Fitness Studies	\$26,799	\$34,483	\$34,129	\$35,769	\$43,065	, , , ,						
Health Related Activities		. ,		. ,								
Philosophy & Religion	\$21,047	\$19,161	\$19,836									
Physical Sciences	\$36,942	\$39,016	\$39,244	\$46,620	\$60,314	\$52,719				\$69,787		
Psychology	\$28,055	\$25,682	\$27,672	\$33,788	\$35,053	\$38,093				\$43,404	\$56,742	\$55,296
Protective Services	\$32,041	\$34,155	\$35,697	\$38,756	\$43,531	\$39,537						
Public Affairs	\$22,500	\$24,816	\$27,537	\$32,801	\$35,968	\$39,309						
Social Sciences	\$27,079	\$28,587	\$33,032	\$40,431	\$48,468	\$40,353					\$71,445	\$53,038
Construction Trades		, -,	,	, .	,	,					,	, ,
Mechanics & Repairers												
Precision Production Trades												
Transportation	\$46,738	\$37,125	\$42,183									
Visual & Performing Arts	\$26,929	\$26,959	\$28,372	\$29,658	\$34,094	\$32,044						
Health Professions	\$44,773	\$45,304	\$46,846	\$54,315	\$59,534	\$66,621	\$86,722	\$103,069	\$86,970			
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	\$38,793	\$41,674	\$42,130	\$48,543	\$53,429	\$61,522	,					
History	\$26,766	\$30,729	+,0			+ , -						
Unknown	7-2,. 20											
Total	\$35,615	\$37,747	\$40,079	\$44,280	\$48,638	\$50,871	\$75,249	\$88,902	\$80,156	\$48,815	\$63,015	\$60,780

	Certificate		Assoc	in Applied Scier	nce	Assoc	in Arts/Science	e
2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06
		\$9,312	\$13,856	\$19,458	\$22,161	\$10,552	\$9,773	\$13,627
						\$8,940	\$16,244	\$14,304
				\$11,371				
			\$11,406	\$24,832		\$11,688	\$10,960	\$12,246
			\$12,347					
\$24,293	\$27,880	\$24,584	\$23,968	\$23,866	\$25,884	\$23,479	\$17,702	\$21,740
			\$12,704	\$16,703	\$15,813			
						\$11,541	\$12,243	\$12,173
						\$21,652		\$25,500
\$16,160	\$16,111	\$22,621	\$23,654	\$29.414	\$28,989			
			-			\$9,535	\$24,064	\$26,536
	\$15.839	\$14.366		· ·	*	*		\$15,341
7 - 2 , 2 . 2	420,000	7 - 1,0 - 0	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	, , , , , , ,	7 - 1,5	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	7 - 3,00	4-0,0
			\$18,630	\$22,916	\$26,440	\$13,393	\$11.731	\$26,886
			,,,,,,,	7,	, , , , , ,	*	-	\$9,592
						*		\$15,885
						7 - 1,000	7 - 0, - 00	+,
						\$11.772	\$12,138	\$11,886
						*		\$17,870
						, ,	+,	4-1,010
							\$9.265	\$7,820
							ψ>,200	Ψ.,020
						\$12 319	\$13 142	\$16,809
								\$14,853
\$20.824	\$16 394		\$25,668	\$30.813	\$29,024	*	-	\$19,936
Ψ20,021	φ10,571			· ·		*		\$24,496
			Ψ20,303	Ψ14,520	Ψ13,330	*		\$14,046
						Ψ11,100	Ψ11,031	Ψ11,010
\$25,350	\$17.540		\$29 214	\$28 794	\$33.835			
Ψ23,330	Ψ17,540		Ψ2,214					
			\$27.312	φ1,233	Ψ21,326			
\$13.711		_ [\$10.350	\$17.706	\$10.912	\$11.763	\$11,448
	\$14.540	\$14.747						\$15,354
		*		· ·	*	*		\$20,344
φωθ,410	φ10, 4 19	φ20,301	φ22,303	φ22,320	φ23,400		-	\$13,482
				\$24.420		\$10,033	φ11,311	φ13,462
\$16.602	¢16.556	¢16.150	\$20.140	. ,	\$22.055	\$15,012	¢15 979	\$15,967
_	\$24,293 \$16,160 \$11,705 \$15,245	\$24,293 \$27,880 \$16,160 \$16,111 \$11,705 \$15,245 \$15,839 \$20,824 \$16,394 \$25,350 \$17,540 \$13,711 \$11,752 \$14,540 \$29,416 \$18,419	2003-04 2004-05 2005-06 \$9,312 \$24,293 \$27,880 \$24,584 \$16,160 \$16,111 \$22,621 \$11,705 \$15,245 \$15,839 \$14,366 \$20,824 \$16,394 \$25,350 \$17,540 \$13,711 \$11,752 \$14,540 \$14,747 \$29,416 \$18,419 \$20,501	2003-04 2004-05 2005-06 2003-04 \$9,312 \$13,856 \$9,312 \$13,856 \$11,406 \$12,347 \$24,293 \$27,880 \$24,584 \$23,968 \$12,704 \$16,160 \$16,111 \$22,621 \$23,654 \$11,705 \$10,165 \$18,130 \$15,839 \$14,366 \$18,130 \$18,630 \$18,630 \$20,824 \$16,394 \$20,383 \$20,383 \$20,383 \$29,214 \$27,312 \$13,711 \$15,611 \$11,752 \$14,540 \$14,747 \$34,281 \$29,416 \$18,419 \$20,501 \$22,383	2003-04 2004-05 2005-06 2003-04 2004-05 \$9,312 \$13,856 \$19,458 \$11,371 \$11,371 \$24,293 \$27,880 \$24,584 \$23,968 \$23,866 \$12,704 \$16,703 \$16,160 \$16,111 \$22,621 \$23,654 \$29,414 \$11,705 \$10,165 \$17,561 \$15,245 \$15,839 \$14,366 \$18,130 \$18,106 \$18,630 \$22,916 \$18,630 \$22,916 \$18,630 \$22,916 \$18,630 \$22,916 \$18,630 \$22,916 \$18,630 \$22,916 \$20,383 \$14,328 \$20,383 \$14,328 \$29,214 \$28,794 \$29,214 \$28,794 \$22,312	2003-04 2004-05 2005-06 2003-04 2004-05 2005-06	2003-04 2004-05 2005-06 2003-04 2004-05 2005-06 2003-04	2003-04 2004-05 2005-06 2003-04 2004-05 2005-06 2003-04 2004-05

		Bachelor			Master		I	Professional			Doctoral	
Field of Study	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06	2003-04	2004-05	2005-06
Agricultural Bus. & Product'n	\$16,089	\$18,812	\$19,673	\$21,979	\$27,114	\$27,418				\$23,787	\$28,364	\$44,625
Agricultural Sciences												
Renewable Natural Resources	\$19,043	\$20,280	\$18,255	\$29,868	\$37,747	\$40,071				\$23,789		
Architecture	\$23,467	\$21,974	\$30,647	\$32,057	\$32,936	\$35,523						
Area & Ethnic Studies	\$16,698	\$17,624	\$17,847									
Specialized Marketing												
Communications	\$17,261	\$19,196	\$20,602	\$25,689	\$29,329	\$27,489						
Communications Technologies												
Computer & Info. Sciences	\$23,351	\$29,051	\$31,652	\$41,273	\$44,790	\$49,471						
Personal Services	\$19,593	\$27,591	\$30,615									
Education	\$27,378	\$32,898	\$33,606	\$39,021	\$41,889	\$45,914				\$49,938	\$50,558	\$56,250
Engineering	\$27,974	\$32,806	\$38,265	\$40,218	\$47,488	\$47,024				\$36,725	\$41,496	\$50,111
Engineering Technologies	\$29,810	\$32,483	\$35,762	\$50,506	\$42,078							
Foreign Languages	\$16,403	\$16,161	\$18,837	\$34,010		\$19,516						
Home Economics	\$17,931	\$19,153	\$20,789	\$26,531	\$26,369	\$30,016						
Vocational Home Economics												
Law	\$22,362	\$15,174	\$15,169				\$35,345	\$38,818	\$45,746			
English/Letters	\$17,646	\$16,331	\$17,565	\$19,304	\$21,982	\$25,716			•	\$18,197		
Liberal Arts/General Studies	\$23,298	\$25,600	\$29,213	\$49,160	\$54,318	\$48,371						
Library Science				\$34,318	\$38,129	\$35,720						
Biological Sciences	\$13,589	\$15,929	\$15,848	\$19,236	\$24,552	\$25,440				\$27,482	\$33,370	\$25,580
Mathematics	\$18,825	\$22,876	\$26,555	\$31,599	\$29,753	\$27,411						
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies	\$18,291	\$18,311	\$17,314	\$30,408	\$27,612	\$32,314						\$65,272
Recreation & Fitness Studies	\$17,509	\$17,435	\$22,095	\$24,887	\$34,000	\$29,702						
Health Related Activities												
Philosophy & Religion	\$8,386	\$8,681	\$16,959			\$20,378						
Physical Sciences	\$14,836	\$22,772	\$20,306	\$29,023	\$42,393	\$54,070				\$32,877	\$22,751	\$40,715
Psychology	\$15,926	\$16,875	\$18,286	\$23,662	\$25,191	\$23,921				\$36,465	\$39,676	\$45,359
Protective Services	\$19,858	\$22,885	\$24,699	\$19,356	\$30,413	\$35,736						
Public Affairs	\$19,828	\$21,949	\$21,622	\$26,770	\$33,299	\$34,502						
Social Sciences	\$15,694	\$19,762	\$21,372	\$21,193	\$25,222	\$29,086				\$34,190	\$25,242	\$45,539
Construction Trades												
Mechanics & Repairers	\$50,358	\$29,276	\$44,433									
Precision Production Trades												
Transportation	\$10,718	\$15,998	\$18,157									
Visual & Performing Arts	\$13,586	\$15,991	\$16,439	\$18,602	\$23,309	\$19,086						
Health Professions	\$32,242	\$34,812	\$36,685	\$51,132	\$49,429	\$52,872	\$56,130	\$54,594	\$65,654		\$59,196	
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	\$23,292	\$26,852	\$29,441	\$38,100	\$38,569	\$44,802				\$50,915	\$43,288	
History	\$14,804	\$17,495	\$21,798	\$13,668	\$24,201	\$31,000						
Unknown												
Total	\$21,739	\$24,881	\$26,695	\$35,840	\$38,520	\$41,841	\$49,776	\$51,109	\$60,406	\$37,944	\$42,981	\$48,836

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Certificate Recipients

1999-00 Graduates - After Five Years

								jier i ire		Industry	4						
	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	2																
Computer Science	66	74%	0%	0%	2%	8%	10%	12%	4%	16%	0%	18%	4%	4%	10%	4%	6%
Personal Services	4																
Engineering Technologies	6																
Foreign Languages	3																
Home Economics	24	83%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	10%	0%	0%	20%	10%	45%	0%	0%	10%	5%
Law	1																
Protective Services	1																
Public Affairs	2																
Mechanics and Repairers	4																
Transportation	2																
Visual and Performing Arts	1																
Health Professions	97	85%	1%	0%	4%	0%	10%	11%	4%	10%	32%	2%	0%	1%	2%	18%	5%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	23	70%	0%	0%	0%	6%	6%	13%	19%	0%	19%	19%	0%	6%	0%	0%	13%
Total	236	80%	1%	1%	2%	3%	9%	12%	4%	10%	18%	9%	6%	3%	6%	11%	6%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2004 through second quarter 2005 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2004 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents)

Associate in Applied Science Degree Recipients

1999-00 Graduates - After Five Years

										Industry	4						
Field of Study ¹	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	35	51%	11%	6%	0%	6%	0%	6%	0%	17%	0%	6%	0%	0%	11%	28%	11%
Architecture	2																
Communications	1																
Communications Technology	5																
Computer Science	194	75%	0%	1%	2%	7%	7%	8%	9%	21%	8%	7%	1%	7%	10%	8%	6%
Personal Services	50	76%	5%	0%	0%	3%	0%	29%	3%	3%	13%	8%	5%	11%	5%	16%	0%
Engineering	5																
Engineering Technologies	246	74%	0%	2%	13%	18%	9%	16%	1%	8%	1%	4%	1%	11%	4%	7%	4%
Foreign Languages	10	90%	0%	0%	0%	11%	0%	0%	0%	11%	0%	67%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%
Home Economics	27	85%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	13%	4%	4%	17%	4%	39%	0%	0%	17%	0%
Law	51	67%	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	9%	3%	12%	0%	6%	0%	3%	41%	6%	9%
Multi/Interdisciplinary	1																
Protective Services	75	80%	0%	2%	3%	2%	2%	15%	0%	2%	3%	5%	0%	2%	3%	57%	5%
Public Affairs	11	64%	0%	0%	0%	14%	0%	43%	0%	14%	14%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	0%
Mechanics and Repairers	94	61%	0%	2%	16%	7%	9%	28%	2%	0%	0%	5%	0%	2%	12%	5%	12%
Precision Production	4																
Transportation	3																
Visual and Performing Arts	49	78%	0%	0%	0%	21%	8%	13%	5%	5%	8%	13%	3%	5%	5%	5%	8%
Health Professions	1,014	81%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	2%	2%	3%	70%	3%	2%	1%	0%	11%	4%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	256	82%	0%	2%	1%	9%	7%	10%	12%	6%	9%	9%	4%	7%	7%	10%	8%
Total	2,133	78%	1%	1%	3%	5%	4%	8%	4%	6%	37%	5%	2%	4%	4%	12%	5%

¹Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2004 through second quarter 2005 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2004 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry

for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents)

Associate in Arts & Associate in Science Degree Recipients

1999-00 Graduates - After Five Years

										Industry	4						
			Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, &	Whole- sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and			
T 11 6G 11	Number of	Percent	1010001,	3.51	a .	35 6 4	Sanitary	Retail	Real	. .	Health	.	Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	50	48%	4%	0%	0%	8%	4%	21%	8%	21%	0%	8%	0%	0%	0%	21%	4%
Renewable Natural Resources	27	 670/						170/	220/	110/							
Communications	27	67%	0%	0%	0%	6%	6%	17%	22%	11%	6%		6%	0%	6%	6%	0%
Computer Science	37	62%	0%	0%	4%	9%	9%	4%	4%	13%	4%		0%	4%	4%	22%	4%
Education	243	67%	1%	1%	1%	2%	3%	15%	10%	4%	5%		5%	1%	7%	13%	7%
Engineering	29	66%	0%	11%	11%	16%	11%	11%	0%	5%	0%	16%	0%	11%	0%	0%	11%
Foreign Languages	12	75%	0%	0%	11%	11%	11%	11%	11%	11%	0%		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Home Economics	5							1.40/	1.40/								1.40/
Law	8	88%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	14%	0%	0%		0%	0%	0%	57%	14%
English/Letters	4										100/						120/
Liberal/General Studies	771	67%	1%	2%	2%	6%	3%	14%	7%	8%	10%		3%	3%	7%	11%	12%
Biological Sciences	43	74%	0%	6%	0%	6%	0%	13%	9%	0%	16%		0%	3%	0%	13%	9%
Mathematics	14	79%	0%	27%	0%	9%	0%	27%	0%	0%	0%	9%	0%	0%	0%	18%	9%
Recreation	8	75%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	17%	0%	0%	0%		17%	0%	0%	0%	17%
Physical Sciences	24	79%	5%	0%	0%	5%	0%	26%	5%	5%	16%		0%	0%	5%	16%	16%
Psychology	80	63%	0%	0%	2%	6%	2%	12%	4%	10%	14%		4%	4%	8%	12%	8%
Protective Services	50	76%	3%	3%	0%	8%	0%	11%	3%	11%	5%		0%	5%	3%	42%	5%
Public Affairs	14	93%	0%	0%	0%	0%	8%	8%	8%	0%	15%		15%	8%	8%	15%	8%
Social Sciences	110	75%	1%	0%	1%	2%	2%	20%	5%	2%	11%		2%	2%	7%	21%	11%
Visual and Performing Arts	37	51%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	26%	11%	5%	11%		0%	0%	5%	11%	16%
Health Professions	44	68%	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	20%	0%	3%	40%		3%	3%	0%	13%	7%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	446	73%	0%	4%	2%	11%	4%	17%	14%	6%	6%	6%	1%	3%	6%	10%	8%
History	6	100%	0%	0%	0%	17%	17%	17%	0%	0%	0%		0%	0%	17%	17%	17%
Total	2,069	69%	1%	2%	2%	7%	3%	15%	9%	6%	9%	11%	3%	3%	6%	13%	10%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2004 through second quarter 2005 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2004 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents)

Bachelor's Degree Recipients

1999-00 Graduates - After Five Years

								gier rive		Industry	4						
Field of Study ¹	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	317	52%	5%	2%	5%	8%	4%	13%	11%	4%	3%	13%	1%	2%	7%	7%	16%
Renewable Natural Resources	57	56%	0%	3%	3%	6%	0%	16%	6%	3%	3%	6%	0%	6%	6%	25%	16%
Architecture	82		3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	9%	3%	6%	0%	3%	0%	59%	3%	9%	3%
Area & Ethnic Studies	6	37/0	370									370		3770	370		
Communications	451	54%	0%	0%	1%	7%	13%	19%	8%	5%	3%	10%	2%	5%	9%	11%	7%
Communications Technology	3	3.,0															
Computer Science	232	45%	0%	2%	0%	9%	7%	8%	6%	22%	2%	9%	1%	7%	8%	7%	14%
Personal Services	25	68%	0%	0%	0%	6%	0%	18%	0%	6%	0%	6%	0%	6%	53%	0%	6%
Education	1,508	67%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	5%	2%	1%	2%	71%	2%	1%	2%	5%	6%
Engineering	452	42%	0%	4%	2%	20%	9%	5%	2%	3%	1%	3%	0%	17%	2%	9%	24%
Engineering Technologies	232	62%	0%	0%	15%	22%	1%	15%	6%	8%	0%	4%	1%	5%	3%	10%	8%
Foreign Languages	69	55%	0%	0%	5%	8%	3%	13%	3%	5%	11%	32%	0%	5%	3%	8%	5%
Home Economics	164	52%	1%	1%	1%	6%	2%	22%	5%	6%	6%	12%	6%	5%	3%	14%	10%
Law	1																
English/Letters	195	52%	0%	2%	0%	8%	1%	18%	5%	8%	4%	21%	6%	3%	6%	11%	9%
Liberal/General Studies	317	69%	0%	1%	0%	4%	5%	12%	7%	5%	5%	15%	2%	5%	8%	16%	16%
Library Science	1																
Biological Sciences	348	51%	2%	1%	2%	4%	1%	12%	4%	3%	18%	17%	1%	7%	2%	13%	13%
Mathematics	76	59%	0%	0%	0%	7%	4%	4%	16%	7%	2%	44%	2%	2%	2%	2%	7%
Multi/Interdisciplinary	33	58%	0%	5%	5%	0%	0%	5%	0%	0%	47%	5%	5%	11%	0%	11%	5%
Recreation	210	56%	0%	2%	2%	6%	6%	18%	3%	6%	10%	21%	2%	0%	6%	14%	4%
Philosophy	12	58%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	29%	14%	14%	0%	29%	0%	14%	0%	0%	0%
Physical Sciences	157	52%	1%	2%	4%	12%	1%	15%	4%	6%	7%	11%	1%	7%	1%	7%	20%
Psychology	584	61%	1%	1%	1%	2%	4%	9%	7%	4%	9%	18%	7%	4%	6%	16%	11%
Protective Services	307	62%	0%	1%	2%	4%	4%	10%	5%	5%	2%	4%	3%	3%	4%	46%	9%
Public Affairs	133	75%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	8%	0%	1%	16%	11%	14%	3%	1%	36%	7%
Social Sciences	497	55%	0%	1%	2%	6%	3%	14%	8%	7%	5%	11%	3%	3%	5%	22%	11%
Constuction Trades	1																
Mechanics and Repairers	5																
Transportation	65	42%	4%	0%	7%	0%	11%	15%	7%	4%	0%	0%	0%	7%	4%	4%	37%
Visual and Performing Arts	321	44%	2%	0%	3%	11%	1%	14%	6%	9%	4%	21%	1%	4%	9%	10%	5%
Health Professions	812	67%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	11%	1%	2%	59%	6%	3%	2%	1%	10%	4%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	2,444	57%	0%	4%	3%	8%	8%	16%	14%	7%	3%	6%	1%	8%	7%	7%	8%
History	104	60%	0%	2%	2%	3%	5%	18%	5%	5%	3%	31%	0%	5%	0%	11%	11%
Total	10,221	58%	1%	2%	2%	6%	4%	12%	7%	5%	9%	21%	2%	5%	5%	11%	9%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2004 through second quarter 2005 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2004 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Master's Degree Recipients

1999-00 Graduates - After Five Years

										Industry	1						
Field of Study ¹	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	35	34%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		0%	42%	0%	8%	0%	0%	42%
Renewable Natural Resources	17	59%	0%	0%	0%	0%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	20%	0%	10%	0%	40%	20%
Architecture	29	52%	7%	0%	0%	0%	0%	7%	7%	0%	0%	7%	0%	27%	0%	40%	7%
Area & Ethnic Studies	1																
Communications	22	50%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	55%	0%	0%	0%	18%	27%
Computer Science	135	30%	0%	0%	5%	3%	13%	8%	0%	13%	3%	15%	0%	15%	10%	3%	15%
Education	956	65%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	2%	1%	1%	3%	78%	3%	1%	1%	4%	5%
Engineering	178	24%	0%	0%	0%	33%	7%	7%	0%	2%	0%	12%	0%	19%	0%	12%	7%
Engineering Technologies	18	67%	0%	0%	0%	17%	0%	17%	0%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	50%	8%
Foreign Languages	1																
Home Economics	26	58%	0%	7%	0%	0%	0%	13%	7%	0%	7%	20%	13%	0%	0%	27%	7%
English/Letters	57	51%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%	3%	3%	0%	7%	59%	0%	3%	10%	3%	7%
Liberal/General Studies	8																
Library Science	50	68%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	9%	76%	3%	3%	0%	6%	0%
Biological Sciences	35	37%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	69%	0%	8%	0%	15%	8%
Mathematics	12																
Multi/Interdisciplinary	50	54%	0%	0%	0%	4%	11%	4%	4%	0%	19%	22%	0%	4%	4%	7%	22%
Recreation	18	61%	0%	0%	0%	9%	0%	9%	0%	0%	9%	36%	0%	0%	18%	18%	0%
Philosophy	4																
Physical Sciences	45	36%	0%	19%	0%	0%	0%	0%	19%	0%	0%	25%	0%	13%	6%	6%	13%
Psychology	156	69%	1%	2%	1%	1%	2%	0%	0%	1%	18%	27%	22%	2%	2%	15%	7%
Protective Services	22	68%	0%	0%	0%	7%	0%	13%	0%	0%	0%	7%	13%	13%	0%	47%	0%
Public Affairs	260	49%	0%	0%	0%	2%	3%	2%	1%	2%	29%	8%	17%	1%	2%	22%	12%
Social Sciences	87	31%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%	4%	22%	4%	0%	11%	37%	11%
Visual and Performing Arts	66	50%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	12%	3%	0%	6%	42%	0%	3%	6%	18%	6%
Health Professions	281	67%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	2%	2%	0%	52%	23%	1%	1%	1%	13%	5%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	946	36%	0%	3%	1%	8%	6%	8%	5%	6%	10%	16%	7%	6%	3%	11%	9%
History	10																
Total	3,525	50%	0%	1%	0%	4%	2%	4%	2%	2%	12%	42%	5%	4%	2%	11%	8%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2004 through second quarter 2005 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2004 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Professional Degree Recipients

1999-00 Graduates - After Five Years

				Industry ⁴													
							Trans,							Engr,			
							Comm,							Acctg,			
							Elec, Gas,	Whole-	Finan,					Research			
			Agri,				&	sale &	Insur,					Mgmt, and			
	Number of	Percent	Forestry,				Sanitary	Retail	Real		Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Law	186	63%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	2%	3%	3%	2%	2%	2%	4%	44%	21%	15%
Health Professions	407	51%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%	1%	42%	16%	1%	0%	1%	15%	11%
Total	593	54%	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	2%	2%	28%	11%	1%	2%	17%	17%	13%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2004 through second quarter 2005 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2004 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Doctoral Degree Recipients

1999-00 Graduates - After Five Years

										Industry	1						
	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	14																
Renewable Natural Resources	23	78%	11%	11%	0%	6%	0%	6%	0%	6%	0%	28%	6%	11%	0%	11%	6%
Communications	7																
Computer Science	3																
Education	66	80%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	85%	2%	0%	0%	9%	2%
Engineering	18																
Foreign Languages	1																
Home Economics	12																
English/Letters	14																
Biological Sciences	33	33%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	9%	64%	0%	9%	0%	9%	9%
Mathematics	3																
Multi/Interdisciplinary	3																
Philosophy	1																
Physical Sciences	29	28%	0%	13%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	13%	0%	63%	0%	13%	0%	0%	0%
Psychology	46	37%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	47%	6%	12%	12%	6%	18%
Social Sciences	18																
Visual and Performing Arts	10																
Health Professions	5																
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	12																
History	5																
Total	323	44%	1%	2%	0%	3%	0%	1%	0%	3%	1%	66%	2%	6%	3%	6%	6%

¹Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2004 through second quarter 2005 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2004 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Certificate Recipients

2000-01 Graduates - After Five Years

										Industry	4						
	Number of	Parcent	Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas,	Whole-sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and	0.1	D.11	
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Sanitary Serv	Retail Trade	Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	5																
Communications Technology	4																
Computer Science	66	88%	0%	0%	0%	28%	7%	10%	2%	14%	3%	7%	0%	2%	5%	16%	7%
Engineering Technologies	18	72%	0%	0%	0%	23%	8%	15%	8%	0%	15%	0%	8%	0%	0%	15%	8%
Foreign Languages	2																
Home Economics	31	61%	0%	0%	0%	5%	0%	11%	0%	5%	0%	11%	42%	0%	11%	5%	11%
Law	4																
Library Science	1																
Biological Sciences	2																
Constuction Trades	1																
Mechanics and Repairers	18	72%	0%	0%	0%	8%	8%	0%	0%	31%	0%	15%	0%	0%	8%	8%	23%
Health Professions	61	69%	0%	0%	2%	0%	7%	2%	0%	7%	38%	5%	0%	2%	2%	21%	12%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	18	72%	0%	0%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%	62%	0%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%	23%
Total	231	75%	0%	0%	1%	12%	5%	7%	1%	14%	12%	8%	6%	2%	4%	14%	12%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2005 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents)

Associate in Applied Science Degree Recipients

2000-01 Graduates - After Five Years

										Industry	4						
	Number of	Percent	Agri, Forestry,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary	Whole- sale & Retail	Finan, Insur, Real		Health		Social	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	28	50%	7%	0%	0%	0%	0%	29%	0%	7%	0%	0%	0%	7%	14%	14%	21%
Renewable Natural Resources	6																
Architecture	6																
Communications	5																
Communications Technology	14	86%	0%	0%	0%	0%	17%	17%	0%	0%	8%	17%	0%	8%	0%	25%	8%
Computer Science	180	78%	0%	1%	0%	11%	6%	14%	6%	19%	4%	6%	1%	8%	3%	13%	9%
Personal Services	17	65%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	55%	9%	9%	0%	9%	0%	0%	0%	9%	9%
Engineering	2																
Engineering Technologies	245	80%	1%	6%	11%	20%	9%	14%	1%	5%	2%	3%	1%	5%	2%	11%	9%
Foreign Languages	14	79%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	18%	0%	0%	9%	55%	0%	0%	0%	0%	18%
Home Economics	33	76%	0%	4%	0%	0%	0%	8%	4%	0%	4%	4%	48%	4%	0%	8%	16%
Law	51	78%	0%	3%	3%	3%	5%	3%	10%	10%	5%	3%	3%	3%	25%	18%	10%
Biological Sciences	1																
Multi/Interdisciplinary	1																
Recreation	4																
Protective Services	67	67%	0%	0%	4%	7%	7%	7%	0%	0%	4%	2%	2%	2%	7%	58%	0%
Public Affairs	8	88%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	14%	0%	0%	14%	29%	0%	0%	14%	14%
Mechanics and Repairers	115	51%	0%	0%	22%	10%	10%	25%	2%	3%	0%	5%	0%	5%	3%	8%	5%
Transportation	10	90%	0%	0%	0%	33%	0%	11%	0%	0%	0%	11%	0%	11%	0%	11%	22%
Visual and Performing Arts	57	65%	0%	0%	3%	8%	3%	19%	5%	24%	3%	14%	3%	0%	3%	14%	3%
Health Professions	945	83%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	3%	67%	2%	2%	1%	0%	17%	3%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	269	80%	0%	1%	1%	6%	6%	13%	11%	8%	14%	8%	1%	4%	6%	14%	6%
Unknown	2																
Total	2,080	78%	1%	1%	3%	5%	4%	8%	3%	6%	35%	5%	2%	3%	2%	16%	6%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2005 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry

for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Associate in Arts & Associate in Science Degree Recipients

2000-01 Graduates - After Five Years

								gier I ive		Industry	4						
			Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, &	Whole-sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and			
Field of Study ¹	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Sanitary Serv	Retail Trade	Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	65		6%	6%	13%	0%	3%	23%	Estate 6%		3%	6%	0%	3%	0%	16%	13%
Renewable Natural Resources	10				1370		570	2370						370			1370
Communications	31	77%	0%	0%	8%	0%	13%	13%	4%		13%	4%	4%	4%	8%	8%	17%
Computer Science	34	68%	0%	4%	0%	13%	9%	26%	0%	.,.	4%	0%	4%	9%	13%	13%	0%
Education	225	63%	0%	1%	1%	6%	3%	18%	6%		9%	19%	1%	3%	2%	8%	17%
Engineering	21	71%	0%	7%	13%	20%	0%	20%	0%	13%	0%	0%	0%	0%	7%	0%	20%
Engineering Technologies	2																
Foreign Languages	12	67%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	13%	0%	13%	13%	13%	0%	0%	0%	38%	13%
Home Economics	10	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	10%	0%	0%	10%	10%	20%	40%	0%	0%	10%	0%
Law	6																
English/Letters	2																
Liberal/General Studies	656	64%	0%	2%	2%	6%	5%	16%	5%	7%	10%	11%	3%	3%	7%	13%	11%
Biological Sciences	38	68%	8%	0%	8%	4%	0%	12%	8%	8%	23%	0%	0%	0%	0%	15%	15%
Mathematics	17	71%	0%	0%	0%	8%	8%	25%	0%	8%	0%	17%	8%	0%	0%	17%	8%
Recreation	2																
Physical Sciences	29	79%	4%	4%	4%	0%	17%	17%	4%	13%	17%	4%	0%	0%	4%	9%	0%
Psychology	60	67%	3%	0%	3%	5%	5%	10%	5%	3%	23%	15%	0%	3%	3%	10%	15%
Protective Services	63	87%	0%	4%	0%	2%	2%	9%	2%	4%	4%	5%	2%	0%	2%	56%	9%
Public Affairs	2																
Social Sciences	115	77%	1%	0%	2%	4%	4%	24%	4%	4%	9%	7%	2%	4%	2%	21%	9%
Visual and Performing Arts	33	48%	0%	0%	6%	13%	6%	25%	13%	6%	0%	13%	0%	0%	6%	6%	6%
Health Professions	37	49%	0%	0%	6%	0%	0%	22%	0%	0%	28%	0%	6%	0%	11%	11%	17%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	375	72%	0%	4%	1%	6%	7%	17%	14%	5%	6%	6%	1%	3%	7%	11%	9%
History	1																
Unknown	6	100%	0%	0%	0%	17%	0%	0%	0%		0%	50%	0%	0%	0%	0%	33%
Total	1,852	67%	1%	2%	2%	6%	5%	17%	7%	5%	9%	9%	2%	3%	5%	15%	11%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2005 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents)

Bachelor's Degree Recipients

2000-01 Graduates - After Five Years

-		Industry ⁴															
	Number of	Percent	Agri, Forestry,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary	Whole- sale & Retail	Finan, Insur, Real		Health		Social	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	279	62%	3%	1%	2%	8%	4%	16%	17%	5%	3%		0%	4%	2%	10%	13%
Renewable Natural Resources	37		0%	0%	0%	13%	7%	0%	7%	0%	0%	13%	0%	20%	7%	27%	7%
Architecture	64	36%	4%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%		0%	70%	0%	9%	13%
Area & Ethnic Studies	19	79%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	7%	0%	0%	0%	33%	7%	0%	0%	27%	27%
Communications	476	52%	0%	1%	2%	12%	9%	12%	8%	9%	4%	10%	3%	4%	9%	8%	7%
Communications Technology	1																
Computer Science	234	45%	0%	3%	0%	6%	8%	6%	6%	25%	0%	10%	1%	8%	5%	15%	8%
Personal Services	23		0%	0%	0%	7%	0%	0%	0%	0%	7%		0%	0%	60%	7%	13%
Education	1,430	68%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	4%	2%	1%	2%		2%	0%	1%	4%	5%
Engineering	435		0%	2%	2%	22%	8%	6%	1%	3%	1%		0%	12%	3%	9%	28%
Engineering Technologies	248		1%	3%	13%	26%	9%	8%	3%	7%	1%		0%	3%	1%	13%	8%
Foreign Languages	70	56%	0%	3%	3%	3%	3%	13%	3%	8%	0%		0%	5%	5%	5%	15%
Home Economics	249	58%	0%	2%	1%	1%	1%	18%	2%	3%	8%		12%	3%	1%	14%	9%
Law	7			270					270								
English/Letters	192	58%	1%	1%	1%	5%	6%	11%	5%	7%	5%		4%	1%	7%	6%	12%
Liberal/General Studies	380	64%	0%	4%	1%	2%	4%	12%	6%	5%	5%		3%	2%	5%	16%	17%
Biological Sciences	363		1%	1%	2%	6%	2%	9%	1%	3%	17%		1%	5%	2%	17%	14%
Mathematics	52		0%	3%	3%	3%	6%	16%	6%	9%	6%		0%	9%	3%	3%	13%
Multi/Interdisciplinary	33		0%	0%	0%	10%	0%	15%	0%	0%	15%		0%	5%	15%	20%	5%
Recreation	202		0%	1%	1%	8%	7%	8%	5%	3%	14%		3%	0%	3%	15%	8%
Philosophy	15		0%	0%	0%	13%	25%	13%	0%	0%	13%		0%	0%	13%	0%	25%
Physical Sciences	135		0%	11%	2%	15%	4%	11%	0%	5%	9%		2%	5%	0%	9%	13%
Psychology	397		0%	1%	1%	3%	3%	9%	7%	4%	10%		10%	3%	6%	21%	11%
Protective Services	273		0%	2%	1%	2%	1%	9%	9%	3%	4%		1%	3%	8%	43%	10%
Public Affairs	118		0%	0%	0%	1%	2%	7%	1%	1%	13%		15%	1%	2%	41%	9%
Social Sciences	511	56%	0%	2%	1%	2%	2%	11%	7%	4%	7%		8%	3%	5%	22%	13%
Mechanics and Repairers	311	3070		270	1 /0	270	270	1170	7 /0		7 70			370	570	2270	1370
Transportation	84	33%	0%	7%	4%	4%	18%	4%	11%	0%	4%		0%	0%	0%	7%	32%
Visual and Performing Arts	384	48%	0%	1%	1%	4% 8%	18%	15%	4%	4%	4% 7%		0%	3%	12%	7% 9%	11%
Health Professions	598	72%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	5%	4% 1%	3%	64%		0%	3% 1%	12%	12%	4%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	2,648	59%	0%	5%	2%	6%	7%	17%	14%	3% 8%	4%		0%	7%	6%	9%	4% 8%
History	108		0%	3% 0%	2%	5%	2%	16%	14% 5%	8% 7%	4% 4%		2%	7% 4%	4%	9% 14%	8% 12%
Unknown	108	33%	0%	0%	2%	3%	2%	10%	3%	7%	4%		2%	4%	4%	14%	1 4 %
Total	10,077	59%	0%	2%	2%	5%	4%	11%	7%	5%	9%		2%	4%	5%	12%	10%
10tai	10,077	39%	U%	4%	4%	5%	4%	11%	1%	5%	9%	21%	4%	4%	5%	14%	10%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

 $^{^2\}mbox{Number}$ of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2005 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Master's Degree Recipients

2000-01 Graduates - After Five Years

										Industry	4						
	Number of	Percent	Agri, Forestry,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary	Whole- sale & Retail	Finan, Insur, Real		Health		Social	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³				Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	42		0%	0%	0%	13%	0%	7%	0%		0%		7%	20%	0%	7%	13%
Renewable Natural Resources	10	60%	0%	17%	0%	17%	17%	0%	0%		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	50%	0%
Architecture	14	50%	14%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	0%	29%	0%	29%	14%
Area & Ethnic Studies	2																
Communications	34	32%	0%	0%	0%	18%	9%	9%	0%		0%		0%	0%	0%	0%	18%
Computer Science	117	32%	0%	3%	0%	5%	21%	11%	3%		8%		0%	3%	5%	5%	8%
Education	1,040	70%	0%	0%	0%	2%	1%	2%	1%		4%	77%	3%	1%	1%	5%	4%
Engineering	195	26%	0%	8%	0%	18%	6%	2%	0%		0%		0%	12%	2%	8%	24%
Engineering Technologies	23	83%	0%	0%	5%	32%	5%	0%	0%		5%		0%	5%	0%	42%	0%
Foreign Languages	3																
Home Economics	31	61%	0%	0%	0%	0%	5%	11%	0%		11%		5%	5%	0%	26%	0%
English/Letters	72	54%	0%	0%	0%	3%	3%	8%	3%	0%	8%	54%	0%	0%	3%	8%	13%
Liberal/General Studies	9																
Library Science	44	68%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%		3%		0%	0%	7%	3%	7%
Biological Sciences	43	44%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%		11%		0%	11%	0%	5%	16%
Mathematics	17	35%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		0%	50%	0%	0%	17%	0%	17%
Multi/Interdisciplinary	87	41%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	11%	0%		19%	25%	3%	14%	0%	11%	14%
Recreation	26	38%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		10%		0%	0%	20%	0%	20%
Physical Sciences	41	37%	0%	20%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		7%		0%	13%	0%	0%	13%
Psychology	116	71%	1%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		10%		26%	1%	1%	21%	6%
Protective Services	23	43%	0%	0%	0%	0%	10%	0%	0%		20%		0%	0%	0%	50%	10%
Public Affairs	234	54%	0%	2%	0%	0%	1%	2%	2%		25%	14%	11%	1%	5%	32%	3%
Social Sciences	93	31%	0%	3%	0%	3%	0%	3%	10%		0%	24%	0%	0%	3%	34%	10%
Visual and Performing Arts	75	49%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%		0%	46%	8%	3%	3%	30%	5%
Health Professions	250	69%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%		43%		2%	2%	1%	12%	8%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	910	36%	1%	3%	0%	5%	7%	10%	8%	3%	6%	18%	4%	6%	5%	11%	14%
History	8																
Unknown	3																
Total	3,562	52%	0%	1%	0%	3%	2%	4%	2%	2%	10%	46%	4%	3%	2%	11%	8%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2005 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Professional Degree Recipients

2000-01 Graduates - After Five Years

										Industry	4						
							Trans,							Engr,			
							Comm,							Acctg,			
							Elec, Gas,	Whole-	Finan,					Research			
			Agri,				&	sale &	Insur,					Mgmt, and			
	Number of	Percent	Forestry,				Sanitary	Retail	Real		Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Law	176	52%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	1%	4%	2%	1%	5%	0%	2%	40%	27%	14%
Health Professions	445	53%	7%	0%	0%	0%	0%	7%	0%	1%	39%	21%	0%	0%	0%	17%	6%
Total	621	52%	5%	1%	0%	0%	0%	6%	1%	2%	28%	17%	0%	1%	11%	20%	8%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2005 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents)

Doctoral Degree Recipients

2000-01 Graduates - After Five Years

										Industry	4						
	N. 1. 6		Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, &	Whole- sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and			
Field of Study ¹	Number of		Forestry,	3.62	C	34	Sanitary	Retail	Real	D C	Health	F1 0	Social	Related Serv	Other Serv	Public	Unclass or Unknown
	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production Renewable Natural Resources	29																
Communications	9																
Computer Science	2																
Education	92	54%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	2%	2%	0%	2%		0%	2%	4%	2%	4%
Engineering	26	3470	070	070	070	270		270	270	070	270		070	270	470	270	470
Engineering Technologies	2.0																
Foreign Languages	1																
Home Economics	7																
English/Letters	19	32%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	83%	17%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Biological Sciences	34	21%	0%	0%	0%	14%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	71%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%
Mathematics	4																
Multi/Interdisciplinary	6																
Philosophy	4																
Physical Sciences	19																
Psychology	61	48%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%	3%	3%	59%	0%	3%	0%	10%	17%
Social Sciences	18	39%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	0%	57%	14%	0%	0%	0%	14%
Visual and Performing Arts	6																
Health Professions	5																
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	13																
History	6																
Total	371	37%	0%	0%	1%	4%	0%	1%	1%	3%	2%	70%	1%	2%	2%	4%	9%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2005 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Certificate Recipients

2001-02 Graduates - After Five Years

-							autes - 11	J.		Industry	4						
Field of Study ¹	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	2																
Communications	2																
Communications Technology	1																
Computer Science	1																
Personal Services	3																
Engineering Technologies	18	89%	0%	0%	0%	6%	0%	25%	0%	19%	0%	0%	0%	6%	0%	31%	13%
Home Economics	63	73%	0%	0%	0%	4%	2%	0%	2%	2%	9%	20%	39%	0%	4%	7%	11%
Library Science	1																
Protective Services	2																
Public Affairs	2																
Mechanics and Repairers	3									. <u></u>							
Precision Production	2									. <u></u>							
Visual and Performing Arts	9	78%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	29%	0%	14%	0%	0%	29%	29%
Health Professions	78	81%	0%	0%	2%	3%	17%	6%	8%	3%	25%	5%	2%	0%	10%	13%	6%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	97	80%	0%	0%	0%	23%	6%	6%	9%	14%	6%	8%	1%	5%	1%	5%	14%
Total	284	79%	0%	0%	0%	12%	8%	6%	6%	8%	12%	9%	9%	3%	4%	11%	12%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2006 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry

for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Associate in Applied Science Degree Recipients

2001-02 Graduates - After Five Years

										Industry	4						
Field of Study ¹	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	24	42%	20%	0%	0%	20%	0%	20%	0%	20%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	20%
Renewable Natural Resources	2	4270	2070		070	2070		2070		2070							2070
Architecture	3																
Communications	9																
Communications Technology	10	90%	0%	0%	0%	11%	11%	22%	0%	22%	0%	22%	0%	0%	0%	11%	0%
Computer Science	39	69%	0%	0%	4%	4%	4%	11%	7%		11%	19%	4%	11%	0%	11%	7%
Personal Services	3																
Engineering	3																
Engineering Technologies	200	82%	0%	8%	4%	20%	9%	24%	4%	3%	4%	4%	0%	4%	2%	7%	9%
Home Economics	74	77%	0%	0%	4%	0%	0%	7%	2%	5%	2%	12%	40%	2%	9%	9%	9%
Law	22	86%	0%	5%	0%	0%	0%	11%	0%	0%	5%	16%	0%	11%	42%	11%	0%
Liberal/General Studies	1																
Library Science	3																
Biological Sciences	3																
Multi/Interdisciplinary	1																
Psychology	1																
Protective Services	85	82%	0%	3%	1%	7%	4%	7%	0%	3%	4%	6%	0%	1%	0%	61%	1%
Public Affairs	11	73%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	13%	0%	0%	25%	13%	38%	0%	0%	0%	13%
Constuction Trades	27	63%	0%	12%	53%	6%	6%	0%	0%	6%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	12%	6%
Mechanics and Repairers	90	63%	2%	5%	12%	14%	14%	21%	0%	5%	2%	2%	0%	0%	11%	7%	5%
Precision Production	77	73%	0%	2%	2%	29%	2%	11%	4%	7%	0%	7%	0%	13%	0%	16%	9%
Transportation	3																
Visual and Performing Arts	62	74%	0%	7%	4%	15%	11%	9%	9%	7%	0%	9%	0%	0%	4%	20%	7%
Health Professions	897	83%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	2%	5%	68%	4%	1%	1%	0%	11%	3%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	335	77%	0%	3%	2%	8%	4%	13%	10%	11%	10%	6%	1%	4%	8%	13%	9%
Unknown	9																
Total	1,994	79%	1%	2%	2%	6%	3%	8%	4%	6%	35%	6%	3%	3%	3%	13%	6%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2006 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry

for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Associate in Arts & Associate in Science Degree Recipients

2001-02 Graduates - After Five Years

										Industry	1						
Field of Study ¹	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	52	46%	0%	0%	8%	8%	8%	13%	17%	0%	4%	4%	0%	0%	4%	13%	21%
Renewable Natural Resources	9																
Area & Ethnic Studies	2																
Communications	38	58%	0%	0%	5%	0%	5%	14%	14%	5%	9%	5%	5%	0%	0%	18%	23%
Communications Technology	1																
Computer Science	36	75%	0%	0%	7%	11%	7%	15%	0%	4%	7%	15%	0%	0%	4%	19%	11%
Education	236	75%	0%	3%	2%	5%	3%	18%	6%	3%	10%	17%	4%	1%	8%	14%	6%
Engineering	26	69%	0%	0%	6%	33%	6%	17%	0%	6%	0%	11%	6%	6%	0%	6%	6%
Engineering Technologies	3																
Foreign Languages	8																
Home Economics	27	74%	0%	0%	0%	5%	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%	10%	40%	5%	0%	30%	5%
Law	5																
English/Letters	6																
Liberal/General Studies	734	63%	1%	2%	1%	6%	4%	17%	7%	4%	11%	8%	2%	4%	5%	14%	14%
Biological Sciences	31	84%	0%	8%	0%	4%	0%	12%	15%	12%	8%	15%	0%	0%	4%	15%	8%
Mathematics	12	75%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	22%	11%	22%	11%	0%	0%	0%	11%	11%	11%
Recreation	2																
Physical Sciences	29	59%	0%	0%	0%	18%	0%	35%	0%	6%	6%	12%	0%	0%	0%	18%	6%
Psychology	58	74%	0%	0%	0%	0%	5%	23%	5%	12%	5%	7%	9%	2%	5%	21%	7%
Protective Services	57	84%	0%	4%	0%	4%	0%	10%	4%	8%	4%	4%	0%	4%	4%	40%	13%
Public Affairs	4																
Social Sciences	96	74%	0%	1%	0%	4%	4%	10%	11%	1%	11%	6%	7%	0%	3%	25%	15%
Visual and Performing Arts	39	67%	0%	0%	0%	15%	0%	27%	8%	12%	8%	4%	0%	4%	0%	19%	4%
Health Professions	58	69%	3%	0%	0%	3%	0%	18%	3%	8%	30%	8%	5%	0%	5%	15%	5%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	380	78%	0%	4%	3%	10%	6%	15%	8%	6%	7%	7%	2%	3%	5%	15%	10%
Unknown	9																
Total	1,958	69%	0%	2%	2%	7%	4%	16%	7%	5%	9%	9%	3%	3%	5%	16%	11%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2006 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents)

Bachelor's Degree Recipients

2001-02 Graduates - After Five Years

								.j.c. 1 0, c		Industry	4						
Field of Study ¹	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	245	54%	9%	2%	2%	11%	2%	13%	13%	0%	2%	11%	1%	4%	2%	8%	20%
Renewable Natural Resources	42		4%	0%	7%	4%	0%	19%	0%	4%	0%	7%	0%	0%	0%	33%	22%
Architecture	101	47%	6%	0%	17%	2%	0%	0%	0%	2%	2%	4%	0%	47%	0%	15%	4%
Area & Ethnic Studies	26		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	8%	8%	0%	8%	17%	42%	17%
Communications	566	57%	1%	1%	1%	11%	9%	15%	8%	9%	5%	9%	2%	6%	7%	8%	9%
Communications Technology	7																
Computer Science	231	59%	0%	3%	0%	10%	4%	9%	10%	19%	3%	9%	0%	6%	1%	17%	8%
Personal Services	28		0%	5%	5%	0%	5%	0%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	60%	5%	10%
Education	1,547	71%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	4%	2%	1%	2%	74%	1%	1%	2%	5%	6%
Engineering	493	49%	0%	6%	2%	21%	6%	5%	1%	5%	1%	2%	0%	18%	2%	15%	16%
Engineering Technologies	245	58%	1%	3%	11%	20%	6%	11%	1%	8%	2%	5%	0%	4%	4%	10%	12%
Foreign Languages	64	38%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	8%	4%	0%	0%	50%	0%	8%	4%	4%	17%
Home Economics	244	58%	0%	2%	2%	3%	1%	15%	4%	2%	5%	26%	7%	4%	3%	14%	12%
Law	4																
English/Letters	253	55%	1%	1%	1%	3%	3%	12%	6%	3%	5%	31%	2%	2%	4%	12%	14%
Liberal/General Studies	310	66%	0%	3%	1%	5%	4%	11%	8%	3%	7%	14%	1%	3%	5%	17%	17%
Library Science	9	89%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	13%	88%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Biological Sciences	417	57%	1%	0%	2%	3%	2%	13%	4%	3%	16%	18%	0%	6%	1%	19%	11%
Mathematics	80	63%	0%	6%	0%	2%	2%	4%	12%	8%	0%	44%	2%	2%	2%	8%	8%
Multi/Interdisciplinary	9	78%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	0%	0%	29%	0%	0%	0%	57%	0%
Recreation	169	62%	1%	3%	2%	4%	5%	13%	2%	5%	9%	19%	2%	0%	7%	19%	11%
Health Related Activities	8																
Philosophy	18	50%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%	11%	11%	22%	0%	11%	0%	11%	11%	11%	0%
Physical Sciences	101	50%	0%	8%	2%	10%	6%	10%	0%	10%	2%	12%	0%	2%	0%	18%	22%
Psychology	473	58%	0%	1%	2%	1%	3%	8%	7%	3%	15%	12%	8%	4%	3%	24%	9%
Protective Services	275		0%	2%	4%	2%	3%	10%	2%	1%	5%	9%	2%	2%	3%	48%	9%
Public Affairs	87	77%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	3%	1%	3%	24%	7%	12%	0%	1%	40%	6%
Social Sciences	596	54%	0%	2%	2%	4%	2%	10%	9%	3%	4%	15%	6%	2%	5%	24%	12%
Mechanics and Repairers	6																
Transportation	49		0%	0%	0%	0%	9%	9%	0%	9%	0%	9%	0%	0%	9%	27%	27%
Visual and Performing Arts	436		1%	1%	2%	10%	3%	13%	5%	6%	6%	21%	0%	5%	7%	10%	9%
Health Professions	534		0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	2%	2%	4%	67%	6%	1%	0%	0%	14%	4%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	2,668	63%	0%	6%	2%	6%	6%	15%	13%	7%	4%	6%	1%	6%	6%	11%	9%
Unknown	9																
Total	10,350	61%	1%	3%	2%	5%	4%	10%	7%	5%	9%	22%	2%	4%	4%	14%	10%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2006 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Master's Degree Recipients

2001-02 Graduates - After Five Years

_								jier i ire		Industry	4						
	Number of	Percent	Agri, Forestry,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary	Whole- sale & Retail	Finan, Insur, Real		Health		Social	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining		Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv 8%	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	42	57%	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%	8%	0%		0%	38%	0%		4%	8%	21%
Renewable Natural Resources Architecture	2	52%	0%	0%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%		0%	0%	0%	25%	8%	50%	0%
Area & Ethnic Studies	23	32%															0%
Communications	33	42%	0%	7%	0%	0%	7%	7%	0%		0%	50%	0%	0%	0%	7%	21%
Computer Science	26	38%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	10%	10%		0%	20%	0%	10%	0%	10%	10%
Education	1,020	71%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	2%	10%		3%	76%	1%	1%	1%	6%	6%
Engineering	159	42%	0%	9%	0%	27%	6%	7%	0%		0%	16%	0%	9%	0%	9%	12%
Foreign Languages	3	42/0		<i></i>		2170		7 70									12/0
Home Economics	29	52%	0%	0%	7%	0%	7%	0%	0%		13%	27%	20%	13%	0%	13%	0%
English/Letters	48	60%	0%	3%	3%	7%	3%	7%	3%		3%	55%	0%	3%	0%	3%	7%
Liberal/General Studies	19	47%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%	0%	0%		11%	33%	0%	0%	0%	33%	11%
Library Science	80	78%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	2%	0%		0%	82%	2%	0%	0%	8%	3%
Biological Sciences	64	23%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	7%	0%		7%	40%	0%	0%	0%	27%	20%
Mathematics	18																
Multi/Interdisciplinary	88	38%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%	6%	9%	3%	21%	18%	6%	6%	0%	15%	12%
Philosophy	3																
Physical Sciences	27	44%	0%	17%	0%	0%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%	25%	0%	8%	0%	17%	25%
Psychology	130	69%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	1%	16%	29%	16%	1%	0%	26%	9%
Protective Services	48	65%	0%	0%	3%	3%	0%	3%	3%	3%	13%	16%	0%	0%	0%	48%	6%
Public Affairs	167	57%	1%	2%	0%	0%	1%	2%	2%	1%	32%	11%	12%	2%	2%	25%	7%
Social Sciences	612	28%	0%	1%	0%	4%	1%	5%	5%	3%	6%	26%	7%	4%	3%	16%	19%
Visual and Performing Arts	55	36%	0%	5%	5%	0%	0%	10%	10%		5%	35%	0%	0%	5%	5%	10%
Health Professions	249	68%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%		39%	25%	2%	2%	1%	20%	8%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	533	52%	0%	8%	1%	8%	8%	7%	9%		5%	15%	2%	9%	2%	16%	8%
Total	3,483	54%	0%	2%	1%	3%	2%	4%	3%	2%	9%	45%	3%	3%	1%	13%	9%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2006 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Professional Degree Recipients

2001-02 Graduates - After Five Years

			1			02 0.00		<i>j.</i> c. 1 , .			4						
										Industry	•						
							Trans,							Engr,			
							Comm,							Acctg,			
							Elec, Gas,	Whole-	Finan,					Research			
			Agri,				&	sale &	Insur,					Mgmt, and			
	Number of	Percent	Forestry,				Sanitary	Retail	Real		Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Law	164	62%	0%	2%	1%	1%	1%	2%	3%	0%	1%	6%	0%	2%	49%	27%	5%
Health Professions	477	51%	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%	21%	3%	2%	40%	6%	0%	2%	1%	14%	7%
Total	641	54%	3%	1%	0%	0%	0%	15%	3%	1%	28%	6%	0%	2%	15%	18%	7%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2006 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Doctoral Degree Recipients

2001-02 Graduates - After Five Years

										Industry	4						
Field of Study ¹	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	16																
Communications	9																
Computer Science	2																
Education	78	65%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	88%	2%	0%	0%	4%	6%
Engineering	25	28%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	57%	0%	14%	0%	14%	0%
Foreign Languages	3																
Home Economics	6																
English/Letters	8																
Biological Sciences	23	26%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	83%	0%	0%	0%	0%	17%
Mathematics	3																
Multi/Interdisciplinary	10																
Philosophy	2																
Physical Sciences	20																
Psychology	47	49%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	0%	4%	61%	4%	0%	0%	9%	17%
Social Sciences	20	35%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	86%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%
Visual and Performing Arts	8																
Health Professions	11																
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	27																
Total	318	36%	0%	1%	0%	2%	0%	1%	0%	2%	2%	75%	2%	1%	0%	5%	10%

Toegree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2006 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Certificate Recipients

2003-04 Graduates - After One Year

								ijier one		Industry	4						
	Number of		Agri, Forestry,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary	Whole- sale & Retail	Finan, Insur, Real		Health		Social	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	3																
Computer & Info. Sciences	25	92%	0%	0%	0%	17%	9%	22%	0%	13%	0%	9%	0%	13%	9%	4%	4%
Engineering Technologies	47	91%	0%	0%	0%	9%	5%	28%	2%	9%	14%	2%	0%	9%	2%	12%	7%
Foreign Languages	6	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	33%	33%	17%	0%	0%	17%
Home Economics	226	94%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	2%	2%	17%	40%	0%	3%	8%	22%
Law	2																
Protective Services	13	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	8%	23%	0%	8%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%	54%	0%
Public Affairs	3																
Mechanics and Repairers	16	69%	0%	0%	0%	36%	9%	0%	9%	9%	0%	0%	0%	9%	9%	9%	9%
Transportation	4																
Visual and Performing Arts	9	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%	0%	0%	11%	0%	33%	0%	11%	22%	11%
Health Professions	143	91%	1%	0%	0%	2%	3%	13%	2%	7%	34%	5%	1%	2%	5%	14%	12%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	44	91%	0%	5%	3%	8%	0%	5%	18%	20%	5%	8%	3%	5%	8%	8%	8%
Total	541	92%	0%	0%	0%	4%	2%	10%	3%	6%	12%	11%	19%	3%	4%	11%	15%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2004 through second quarter 2005 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2004 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents)

Associate in Applied Science Degree Recipients

2003-04 Graduates - After One Year

										Industry	4						
			Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, &	Whole- sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and			
	Number of		Forestry,				Sanitary	Retail	Real		Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining		Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv		Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	19	84%	0%	0%	0%	0%	6%	25%	0%	0%	6%	6%	0%	6%	13%	13%	25%
Renewable Natural Resources	6																
Architecture	3																
Communications	7	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	0%	29%	14%	14%	14%
Communications Technology	13	85%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	45%	0%	9%	0%	18%	0%	9%	9%	9%	0%
Computer Science	180	89%	0%	1%	1%	6%	5%	21%	7%	18%	4%	9%	0%	5%	5%	7%	12%
Personal Services	53	92%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	31%	0%	0%	10%	4%	2%	10%	20%	10%	8%
Engineering	1																
Engineering Technologies	337	87%	0%	2%	4%	12%	8%	29%	2%	10%	2%	6%	0%	4%	4%	8%	9%
Foreign Languages	14	86%	0%	0%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	17%	67%	0%	0%	0%	0%	8%
Home Economics	83	92%	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%	1%	1%	0%	4%	13%	43%	0%	0%	17%	16%
Law	80	85%	0%	0%	0%	0%	7%	9%	0%	10%	0%	3%	0%	1%	41%	15%	13%
Biological Sciences	1																
Protective Services	137	95%	0%	1%	1%	3%	1%	19%	3%	4%	5%	7%	2%	2%	2%	45%	5%
Public Affairs	21	90%	0%	0%	0%	0%	5%	5%	5%	11%	11%	11%	11%	0%	0%	16%	26%
Mechanics and Repairers	142	73%	0%	3%	8%	9%	7%	23%	1%	7%	2%	6%	0%	2%	15%	6%	13%
Precision Production	6																
Transportation	6	100%	0%	0%	0%	17%	17%	0%	0%	0%	0%	17%	0%	0%	0%	0%	50%
Visual and Performing Arts	76	78%	2%	0%	0%	14%	3%	19%	5%	20%	0%	5%	0%	5%	7%	12%	8%
Health Professions	1,221	95%	2%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	3%	75%	1%	2%	1%	0%	10%	4%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	300	87%	1%	2%	1%	7%	5%	14%	11%	10%	7%	8%	3%	6%	6%	7%	12%
Total	2,706	90%	1%	1%	1%	4%	3%	11%	3%	6%	38%	5%	3%	3%	4%	11%	8%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2004 through second quarter 2005 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2004 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry

for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents)

Associate in Arts & Associate in Science Degree Recipients

2003-04 Graduates - After One Year

								2,000		Industry	4						
			Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas,	Whole- sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and			
	Number of	Percent	Forestry,				Sanitary	Retail	Real		Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining			Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	88	75%	8%	0%	6%	3%	3%	18%	8%	0%	2%	9%	0%	6%	8%	8%	23%
Renewable Natural Resources	15	87%	0%	0%	0%	8%	0%	31%	8%	0%	0%	8%	0%	0%	23%	8%	15%
Communications	60	97%	2%	0%	3%	7%	5%	26%	9%	5%	7%	7%	0%	0%	10%	5%	14%
Computer Science	66	88%	0%	0%	0%	12%	5%	22%	5%	16%	2%	9%	0%	5%	3%	10%	10%
Education	657	85%	1%	0%	1%	3%	2%	25%	6%	4%	4%	18%	4%	1%	6%	9%	15%
Engineering	67	82%	2%	2%	4%	25%	5%	15%	4%	11%	0%	7%	0%	9%	2%	5%	9%
Engineering Technologies	1																
Foreign Languages	20	80%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	25%	6%	0%	13%	19%	6%	6%	13%	6%	6%
Home Economics	78	95%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	3%	1%	3%	7%	11%	47%	1%	1%	5%	18%
Law	16	94%	0%	0%	0%	7%	0%	20%	7%	0%	0%	7%	7%	0%	0%	33%	20%
English/Letters	11	73%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	50%	13%	0%	0%	13%	0%	0%	0%	13%	13%
Liberal/General Studies	1,825	86%	1%	1%	2%	4%	2%	25%	6%	7%	10%	8%	3%	2%	6%	9%	14%
Biological Sciences	109	89%	1%	1%	2%	3%	5%	34%	5%	4%	12%	5%	2%	2%	6%	6%	10%
Mathematics	35	94%	6%	0%	3%	6%	3%	21%	3%	18%	3%	3%	3%	3%	6%	9%	12%
Recreation	2																
Physical Sciences	111	84%	2%	1%	4%	0%	1%	35%	4%	3%	20%	1%	0%	4%	4%	3%	15%
Psychology	124	85%	1%	0%	0%	3%	1%	31%	3%	7%	9%	6%	4%	1%	10%	9%	16%
Protective Services	118	91%	0%	1%	3%	2%	5%	20%	3%	2%	0%	3%	2%	1%	7%	44%	9%
Public Affairs	14	93%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	38%	15%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	8%	8%	31%
Social Sciences	272	87%	1%	0%	1%	3%	3%	28%	5%	7%	6%	11%	4%	2%	7%	12%	12%
Visual and Performing Arts	87	89%	0%	0%	1%	6%	0%	29%	1%	9%	1%	14%	3%	4%	8%	9%	14%
Health Professions	118	90%	1%	0%	3%	0%	5%	33%	4%	6%	25%	0%	2%	0%	2%	9%	11%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	868	90%	0%	2%	1%	8%	5%	25%	14%	8%	4%	5%	1%	3%	6%	7%	11%
History	26	88%	0%	0%	0%	9%	4%	17%	9%	13%	13%	9%	4%	0%	9%	4%	9%
Total	4,788	87%	1%	1%	2%	5%	3%	25%	7%	6%	7%	9%	3%	2%	6%	9%	14%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2004 through second quarter 2005 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2004 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) **Bachelor's Degree Recipients**

2003-04 Graduates	-	After	One	Year
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										Industry	4						
	Number of	Percent	Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas,	Whole-sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and	0.1		
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Sanitary Serv	Retail Trade	Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	354	79%	10%	1%	1%	8%	1%	18%	9%	5%	2%	10%	0%	3%	4%	5%	23%
Renewable Natural Resources	39	79%	3%	0%	0%	0%	3%	23%	0%	13%	0%	16%	0%	3%	3%	19%	16%
Architecture	99	76%	4%	0%	1%	3%	1%	11%	1%	7%	0%	4%	0%	44%	5%	7%	12%
Area & Ethnic Studies	24	75%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	17%	11%	0%	6%	22%	0%	6%	6%	17%	17%
Communications	702	77%	0%	1%	0%	6%	7%	26%	10%	10%	3%	7%	2%	4%	9%	6%	10%
Computer Science	244	77%	0%	0%	1%	5%	4%	13%	4%	19%	2%	13%	1%	7%	4%	13%	15%
Personal Services	10	90%	0%	0%	0%	33%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	67%	0%	0%
Education	1,560	87%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	8%	2%	1%	2%	74%	3%	0%	2%	2%	4%
Engineering	573	75%	0%	3%	2%	17%	6%	14%	1%	7%	1%	6%	0%	10%	1%	4%	27%
Engineering Technologies	275	77%	0%	3%	11%	22%	5%	11%	3%	10%	1%	7%	0%	4%	2%	10%	9%
Foreign Languages	70	73%	0%	2%	2%	2%	2%	22%	8%	6%	4%	18%	0%	4%	8%	4%	20%
Home Economics	352	83%	0%	1%	1%	2%	1%	21%	4%	5%	9%	17%	11%	4%	3%	11%	11%
Law	9	78%	0%	0%	0%	14%	0%	0%	14%	14%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	43%	0%
English/Letters	231	82%	0%	0%	1%	8%	2%	15%	6%	6%	4%	26%	2%	2%	10%	9%	9%
Liberal/General Studies	409	82%	1%	0%	1%	4%	4%	16%	11%	2%	6%	16%	6%	2%	7%	10%	13%
Library Science	1																
Biological Sciences	575	81%	3%	1%	1%	3%	1%	20%	2%	4%	16%	16%	0%	5%	3%	10%	15%
Mathematics	73	82%	0%	2%	5%	2%	0%	8%	5%	7%	2%	40%	2%	3%	3%	10%	12%
Multi/Interdisciplinary	54	63%	0%	0%	0%	6%	3%	15%	6%	12%	21%	18%	0%	6%	3%	6%	6%
Recreation	240	74%	1%	1%	1%	5%	2%	16%	4%	6%	14%	23%	2%	1%	8%	12%	5%
Philosophy	30	73%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	32%	0%	9%	5%	23%	0%	0%	9%	9%	14%
Physical Sciences	182	72%	0%	3%	0%	1%	1%	15%	5%	11%	10%	10%	2%	4%	4%	11%	24%
Psychology	518	86%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	19%	7%	6%	12%	11%	10%	2%	5%	16%	8%
Protective Services	249	80%	0%	2%	5%	3%	0%	14%	5%	5%	5%	7%	6%	4%	9%	32%	8%
Public Affairs	161	88%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	6%	3%	4%	16%	9%	13%	1%	3%	36%	7%
Social Sciences	710	80%	1%	0%	1%	3%	2%	21%	7%	7%	6%	10%	5%	3%	8%	16%	13%
Mechanics and Repairers	31	77%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	13%	0%	0%	79%
Transportation	64	66%	2%	2%	0%	2%	14%	19%	2%	10%	0%	14%	0%	2%	7%	2%	21%
Visual and Performing Arts	483	77%	0%	1%	1%	5%	3%	26%	4%	9%	3%	14%	0%	4%	10%	6%	13%
Health Professions	635	89%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	6%	1%	3%	65%	5%	1%	1%	1%	9%	5%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	2,717	79%	1%	4%	2%	5%	4%	23%	14%	8%	3%	6%	1%	6%	7%	7%	9%
History	158	82%	2%	1%	2%	3%	1%	23%	4%	5%	1%	22%	3%	0%	9%	6%	18%
Total	11,832	81%	1%	1%	1%	4%	3%	17%	7%	6%	8%	19%	3%	4%	5%	9%	11%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2004 through second quarter 2005 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2004 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Master's Degree Recipients

2003-04 Graduates - After One Year

										Industry	1						
Field of Study ¹	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	55	69%	0%	0%	0%	5%	0%	13%	3%		0%	29%	0%	3%	0%	5%	42%
Renewable Natural Resources	16		0%	0%	0%	0%	8%	15%	0%	0%	0%	8%	0%	31%	8%	15%	15%
Architecture	20		0%	0%	7%	0%	0%	0%	0%	7%	0%	7%	0%	13%	0%	53%	13%
Area & Ethnic Studies	1																
Communications	31	77%	0%	0%	0%	8%	8%	13%	0%	4%	4%	29%	8%	4%	17%	0%	4%
Computer Science	122	47%	0%	0%	0%	7%	16%	5%	2%	21%	2%	11%	0%	5%	2%	5%	25%
Education	901	82%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	2%	1%	1%	2%	79%	2%	1%	2%	4%	5%
Engineering	306	58%	0%	2%	2%	10%	3%	3%	0%	1%	0%	11%	1%	11%	1%	5%	52%
Engineering Technologies	17	88%	0%	0%	0%	53%	20%	7%	0%	7%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	7%	7%
Foreign Languages	7	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	57%	0%	0%	0%	14%	29%
Home Economics	31	87%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	0%	19%	15%	7%	4%	0%	33%	19%
English/Letters	37	92%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	3%	3%	6%	3%	50%	0%	0%	3%	0%	29%
Liberal/General Studies	19	58%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	18%	0%	9%	0%	0%	0%	9%	27%	36%
Library Sciences	88	92%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	89%	0%	0%	0%	6%	4%
Biological Sciences	29	79%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	0%	0%	26%	0%	4%	0%	13%	52%
Mathematics	11	64%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	14%	0%	14%	0%	14%	0%	0%	43%
Multi/Interdisciplinary	135	45%	0%	0%	0%	2%	2%	7%	2%	5%	21%	20%	2%	3%	5%	10%	23%
Recreation	29	86%	0%	4%	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%	4%	8%	44%	0%	8%	8%	0%	20%
Philosophy	4																
Physical Sciences	53	70%	0%	8%	5%	0%	5%	8%	3%	8%	0%	14%	0%	8%	0%	3%	38%
Psychology	118	87%	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%	4%	1%	0%	10%	17%	27%	4%	1%	18%	15%
Protective Services	16	56%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%	0%	11%	11%	0%	0%	11%	0%	44%	11%
Public Affairs	240	77%	0%	0%	0%	2%	1%	3%	1%	1%	17%	7%	18%	1%	4%	32%	15%
Social Sciences	57	49%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	0%	0%	29%	11%	4%	4%	14%	36%
Visual and Performing Arts	63	79%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	12%	4%	2%	0%	42%	2%	0%	14%	0%	24%
Health Professions	169	83%	0%	1%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	4%	46%	21%	8%	1%	1%	9%	6%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	921	49%	0%	3%	1%	5%	6%	11%	9%	2%	4%	17%	5%	9%	4%	9%	17%
History	13	92%	0%	0%	0%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%	8%	50%	0%	8%	0%	0%	25%
Total	3,509	68%	0%	1%	1%	3%	2%	5%	2%	2%	7%	39%	5%	4%	2%	9%	17%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2004 through second quarter 2005 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2004 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Professional Degree Recipients

2003-04 Graduates - After One Year

						or Grad		ijiei on									
										Industry	1						
							Trans,							Engr,			
							Comm,							Acctg,			
							Elec, Gas,	Whole-	Finan,					Research			
			Agri,				&	sale &	Insur,					Mgmt, and			
	Number of	Percent	Forestry,				Sanitary	Retail	Real		Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Law	172	84%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	3%	2%	3%	1%	5%	1%	1%	48%	24%	12%
Health Professions	480	76%	7%	0%	0%	0%	0%	24%	0%	1%	19%	22%	0%	1%	1%	7%	20%
Total	652	78%	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%	18%	1%	2%	14%	17%	0%	1%	14%	12%	17%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2004 through second quarter 2005 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2004 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) **Doctoral Degree Recipients**

	2003-04	Graduates	-	After	One	Year
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										Industry	4						
			Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, &	Whole- sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and			
	Number of	Percent	Forestry,				Sanitary	Retail	Real		Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	21	43%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%	11%	0%	0%	0%	56%	0%	22%	0%	0%	0%
Renewable Natural Resources	9	67%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	67%	0%	0%	0%	17%	17%
Communications	6																
Computer Science	5																
Education	69	81%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	79%	2%	0%	0%	9%	7%
Engineering	29	55%	0%	0%	0%	6%	6%	0%	0%	6%	0%	38%	0%	6%	6%	0%	31%
Foreign Languages	1																
Home Economics	10																
English/Letters	9	78%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	86%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%
Biological Sciences	32	63%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	5%	0%	55%	0%	10%	0%	0%	30%
Mathematics	1																
Multi/Interdisciplinary	5																
Recreation	1																
Philosophy	3																
Physical Sciences	28	79%	0%	5%	0%	5%	0%	5%	0%	5%	5%	27%	0%	14%	0%	0%	36%
Psychology	45	67%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	13%	40%	3%	3%	0%	17%	20%
Social Sciences	16	38%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	50%	0%	0%	0%	33%	17%
Visual and Performing Arts	2																
Health Professions	8																
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	18	39%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	57%	0%	0%	0%	0%	43%
History	7																
Total	325	61%	0%	1%	0%	2%	1%	1%	0%	2%	3%	58%	1%	5%	1%	7%	20%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2004 through second quarter 2005 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2004 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Certificate Recipients

2004-05 Graduates - After One Year

							uuies - F	J		Industry	4						
	Number of	Percent	Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas,	Whole-sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and	0.1	D.1.11	
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Sanitary Serv	Retail Trade	Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	3																
Communications Technology	1																
Computer & Info. Sciences	12	100%	0%	0%	0%	8%	0%	8%	8%	33%	0%	17%	0%	0%	8%	0%	17%
Engineering Technologies	22	86%	0%	0%	5%	11%	11%	21%	11%	5%	0%	5%	0%	5%	21%	0%	5%
Foreign Languages	3																
Home Economics	200	93%	0%	0%	0%	2%	1%	7%	1%	2%	3%	10%	37%	1%	3%	10%	25%
Protective Services	12	92%	9%	0%	9%	0%	9%	55%	0%	9%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	9%	0%
Public Affairs	5																
Mechanics and Repairers	12	75%	0%	0%	0%	11%	0%	33%	11%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%	33%
Transportation	3																
Visual and Performing Arts	2																
Health Professions	116	97%	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%	9%	3%	6%	45%	4%	1%	4%	6%	10%	11%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	97	97%	0%	1%	0%	2%	2%	7%	7%	9%	2%	13%	21%	3%	3%	12%	17%
Total	488	94%	0%	0%	1%	3%	2%	10%	3%	6%	13%	8%	19%	2%	4%	10%	18%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2005 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents)

Associate in Applied Science Degree Recipients

2004-05 Graduates - After One Year

										Industry	1						
			Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, &	Whole- sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and			
	Number of		r or estry,				Sanitary	Retail	Real		Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining		Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv		Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	26	69%	11%	0%	0%	0%	6%	0%	0%	11%	0%	22%	0%	0%	22%	11%	17%
Renewable Natural Resources	2																
Architecture	7	10070	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	43%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	0%	43%
Communications	8	88%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	0%	14%	14%	0%	0%	0%	14%	14%	14%	14%
Communications Technology	4																
Computer Science	139		0%	1%	2%	6%	3%	18%	6%		5%	8%	0%	5%	6%	19%	12%
Personal Services	41	85%	0%	0%	3%	3%	0%	26%	6%	3%	11%	3%	0%	9%	23%	6%	9%
Engineering Technologies	290	88%	0%	4%	5%	14%	10%	18%	1%	6%	5%	5%	1%	4%	3%	14%	10%
Foreign Languages	16	94%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	7%	0%	0%	7%	80%	7%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Home Economics	63	94%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	24%	49%	0%	3%	2%	19%
Law	62	94%	2%	2%	0%	2%	2%	10%	2%	5%	2%	2%	0%	3%	45%	16%	9%
Liberal/General Studies	1																
Library Sciences	1																
Biological Sciences	4																
Recreation	2																
Protective Services	126	87%	1%	1%	0%	1%	1%	11%	2%	5%	4%	0%	4%	2%	4%	58%	8%
Public Affairs	11	82%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%	0%	0%	11%	33%	11%	11%	0%	22%	0%
Mechanics and Repairers	133	77%	1%	2%	12%	3%	9%	27%	1%	6%	0%	4%	1%	6%	10%	5%	15%
Precision Production	7	86%	0%	0%	17%	0%	0%	17%	17%	0%	17%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	33%
Transportation	5																
Visual and Performing Arts	71	75%	0%	0%	2%	11%	4%	30%	4%	19%	4%	8%	0%	4%	2%	2%	11%
Health Professions	1,291	94%	2%	0%	0%	0%	1%	2%	1%	2%	74%	2%	1%	1%	0%	11%	3%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	237	90%	0%	1%	2%	6%	6%	20%	8%	10%	8%	7%	0%	7%	7%	8%	10%
Unknown	7	86%	0%	0%	0%	17%	0%	0%	0%	33%	33%	0%	0%	0%	0%	17%	0%
Total	2,554	91%	1%	1%	2%	3%	3%	9%	2%	4%	41%	5%	2%	3%	4%	13%	7%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

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³Employment based on second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2005 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry

for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents)

Associate in Arts & Associate in Science Degree Recipients

2004-05 Graduates - After One Year

-								ijier one		Industry	4						
			Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, &	Whole-sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and			
F. 11 eg. 1 1	Number of		Forestry,	3.50	a .	35 6 4	Sanitary	Retail	Real	.	Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining		Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	96	77%	8%	3%	4%	8%	0%	36%	1%	4%	1%	7%	1%	3%	4%	5%	14%
Renewable Natural Resources Communications	20	75% 85%	0% 0%	0% 0%	7% 2%	7% 13%	7% 8%	7% 30%	0% 7%	13% 2%	0% 5%	7% 10%	0% 2%	13% 0%	7% 10%	13% 8%	20% 5%
	72 57	83% 88%		2%	0%	15%		30% 40%	2%	20%	3% 2%	4%	2% 0%	0%		8% 10%	3% 8%
Computer Science Education	57 673	87%	0% 1%	2% 1%	1%	2%	2% 1%	22%	2% 5%	20% 5%	2% 6%	4% 16%	0% 8%	1%	4% 6%	10%	8% 14%
Engineering	80	89%	0%	4%	6%	13%	8%	13%	3% 1%		0%	3%	0%	4%	7%	10%	23%
Engineering Technologies	2	0770		470	070	1370	670	1370	1 70	670	070		070	470	7 70	1070	2370
Foreign Languages	23	87%	0%	0%	5%	10%	5%	25%	5%	0%	5%	15%	0%	5%	5%	20%	0%
Home Economics	138	90%	0%	0%	1%	2%	1%	5%	3%	1%	2%	14%	33%	0%	1%	18%	20%
Law	14	93%	0%	8%	0%	0%	0%	15%	0%	8%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%	38%	23%
English/Letters	7	86%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	50%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	17%	33%
Liberal/General Studies	1,637	86%	1%	1%	2%	4%	4%	24%	6%	7%	12%	11%	2%	2%	6%	9%	11%
Biological Sciences	114	90%	3%	0%	2%	5%	1%	30%	7%	3%	17%	1%	0%	1%	10%	13%	9%
Mathematics	36	78%	0%	0%	0%	7%	0%	36%	0%	7%	4%	14%	0%	0%	7%	11%	14%
Recreation	7	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	14%	0%	14%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%	29%	14%
Physical Sciences	106	89%	0%	3%	1%	3%	1%	28%	4%	6%	14%	6%	2%	3%	7%	6%	14%
Psychology	174	82%	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%	34%	6%	8%	11%	6%	7%	1%	5%	11%	8%
Protective Services	107	91%	0%	1%	0%	4%	7%	21%	3%	5%	3%	4%	3%	1%	2%	37%	8%
Public Affairs	17	82%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	29%	0%	14%	0%	0%	7%	0%	0%	36%	14%
Social Sciences	252	85%	0%	2%	1%	1%	2%	22%	2%	9%	7%	7%	4%	1%	9%	18%	14%
Visual and Performing Arts	87	80%	1%	0%	3%	3%	3%	31%	1%	11%	6%	11%	0%	1%	4%	7%	16%
Health Professions	149	91%	2%	0%	1%	2%	1%	27%	2%	7%	19%	5%	3%	0%	5%	11%	13%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	835	91%	0%	1%	2%	6%	4%	25%	11%	8%	5%	6%	1%	4%	5%	10%	12%
History	21	86%	0%	0%	6%	0%	0%	11%	6%	17%	17%	11%	6%	0%	0%	11%	17%
Unknown	1																
Total	4,725	87%	1%	1%	2%	4%	3%	24%	6%	7%	8%	9%	4%	2%	6%	11%	12%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2005 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Bachelor's Degree Recipients

2004-05 Graduates - After One Year

										Industry	1						
			Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, &	Whole- sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and			
	Number of	Percent	Forestry,				Sanitary	Retail	Real		Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining		Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv		Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	366	78%	8%	2%	1%	6%	1%	16%	10%		2%	15%	1%	2%	8%	6%	17%
Renewable Natural Resources	53	74%	3%	0%	0%	0%	8%	15%	3%		5%	13%	0%	5%	0%	38%	10%
Architecture	89	61%	2%	2%	0%	2%	2%	11%	2%		0%	0%	0%	44%	0%	11%	22%
Area & Ethnic Studies	35	83%	0%	0%	3%	3%	0%	14%	0%		0%	24%	3%	0%	17%	17%	7%
Communications	835	80%	0%	1%	2%	8%	8%	20%	10%		3%	11%	2%	3%	9%	7%	8%
Computer Science	271	77%	0%	1%	0%	6%	6%	13%	9%		1%	13%	0%	6%	6%	11%	9%
Personal Services	28	96%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	7%	0%	0%	0%	81%	11%	0%
Education	1,791	90%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	6%	1%	1%	1%	77%	2%	0%	2%	3%	4%
Engineering	546	73%	0%	5%	2%	23%	6%	9%	1%	6%	2%	7%	0%	10%	2%	8%	20%
Engineering Technologies	282	78%	0%	5%	9%	23%	2%	10%	4%	6%	1%	7%	0%	5%	2%	15%	9%
Foreign Languages	104	83%	0%	1%	1%	2%	2%	30%	7%	3%	5%	20%	5%	0%	3%	9%	10%
Home Economics	376	84%	0%	0%	1%	2%	1%	22%	5%	4%	9%	23%	9%	2%	4%	13%	7%
Law	10	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	10%	0%	20%	0%	0%	20%	40%	10%
English/Letters	272	86%	1%	2%	1%	3%	2%	24%	8%	8%	3%	23%	0%	2%	6%	7%	11%
Liberal/General Studies	625	83%	1%	1%	2%	4%	3%	13%	7%	6%	7%	17%	6%	3%	7%	11%	13%
Biological Sciences	632	80%	2%	0%	2%	2%	2%	18%	3%	2%	21%	14%	1%	5%	4%	10%	13%
Mathematics	97	67%	0%	2%	0%	5%	3%	11%	18%	5%	0%	25%	0%	5%	2%	14%	12%
Multi/Interdisciplinary	72	72%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	25%	8%	10%	13%	12%	0%	2%	4%	13%	12%
Recreation	293	75%	0%	1%	2%	1%	4%	20%	4%	4%	12%	19%	3%	2%	11%	12%	5%
Philosophy	38	82%	3%	0%	0%	3%	0%	32%	6%	3%	10%	13%	3%	6%	3%	10%	6%
Physical Sciences	184	78%	0%	6%	1%	4%	3%	17%	2%	7%	3%	17%	1%	5%	5%	6%	24%
Psychology	631	85%	1%	1%	1%	2%	1%	15%	6%	5%	12%	13%	8%	3%	5%	16%	10%
Protective Services	366	87%	0%	1%	1%	4%	2%	15%	6%	7%	3%	4%	6%	1%	4%	39%	8%
Public Affairs	186	91%	0%	1%	1%	1%	2%	9%	2%	2%	13%	6%	16%	0%	1%	36%	12%
Social Sciences	892	80%	0%	2%	1%	2%	2%	16%	9%	4%	5%	9%	6%	3%	8%	22%	12%
Mechanics and Repairers	26	69%	0%	0%	6%	6%	0%	6%	6%	6%	0%	0%	0%	6%	6%	6%	56%
Transportation	109	72%	1%	0%	0%	5%	6%	23%	4%	4%	3%	29%	1%	5%	1%	4%	14%
Visual and Performing Arts	543	78%	1%	1%	1%	5%	3%	27%	4%	12%	2%	15%	1%	4%	8%	6%	11%
Health Professions	845	90%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	5%	2%		65%	4%	1%	1%	2%	11%	6%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	3,138	82%	0%	5%	2%	4%	4%	22%	15%	7%	3%	5%	1%	7%	8%	8%	8%
History	178	79%	1%	1%	2%	1%	3%	21%	3%		2%	23%	1%	4%	4%	12%	13%
Total	13,913	82%	1%	2%	1%	4%	3%	16%	7%	5%	9%	20%	3%	4%	6%	11%	9%

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²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2005 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Master's Degree Recipients

2004-05 Graduates - After One Year

										Industry	1						
Field of Study ¹	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	62		2%	2%	0%	7%	0%	0%	12%	0%	2%	33%	0%	5%	0%	0%	36%
Renewable Natural Resources	11	73%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	38%	0%	0%	0%	25%	38%
Architecture	18		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%		8%	17%	0%	42%	8%	25%	0%
Area & Ethnic Studies	1																
Communications	39	79%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%	13%	6%	0%	6%	39%	3%	3%	10%	13%	3%
Computer Science	89	49%	0%	0%	2%	7%	7%	2%	7%	16%	2%	14%	0%	9%	7%	5%	23%
Education	976	88%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	1%	1%	3%	78%	3%	1%	2%	5%	5%
Engineering	366	53%	0%	2%	1%	13%	3%	7%	0%	4%	0%	7%	0%	7%	0%	4%	53%
Engineering Technologies	12	100%	0%	0%	0%	25%	8%	17%	0%	0%	0%	8%	0%	0%	0%	42%	0%
Foreign Languages	4																
Home Economics	42	86%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%	17%	14%	0%	0%	42%	17%
English/Letters	52	81%	0%	0%	0%	5%	0%	7%	5%	0%	2%	62%	0%	0%	2%	5%	12%
Liberal/General Studies	25	92%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	4%	0%	0%	9%	26%	0%	0%	9%	39%	9%
Library Sciences	84	96%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	1%	2%	1%	84%	0%	0%	2%	4%	2%
Biological Sciences	54	65%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%	3%	3%	0%	37%	0%	3%	3%	9%	40%
Mathematics	29	72%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	10%	0%	33%	0%	0%	0%	5%	52%
Multi/Interdisciplinary	146	49%	0%	0%	0%	1%	6%	7%	3%	0%	25%	15%	3%	1%	3%	14%	21%
Recreation	28	89%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	4%	0%	4%	16%	36%	0%	0%	8%	12%	16%
Philosophy	6																
Physical Sciences	48	67%	0%	16%	0%	3%	0%	6%	0%	9%	0%	22%	0%	9%	0%	0%	34%
Psychology	124	84%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	1%	2%	10%	30%	24%	5%	1%	10%	16%
Protective Services	60	80%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	6%	4%	6%	6%	4%	8%	6%	44%	13%
Public Affairs	210	80%	0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	0%	25%	8%	17%	2%	0%	41%	6%
Social Sciences	62	60%	0%	0%	0%	0%	8%	11%	5%	8%	3%	8%	0%	11%	3%	14%	30%
Visual and Performing Arts	44	77%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%	3%	3%	0%	0%	62%	0%	0%	12%	6%	12%
Health Professions	235	85%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	1%	2%	43%	25%	4%	1%	3%	11%	11%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	949	50%	0%	3%	2%	7%	6%	8%	5%	5%	5%	12%	4%	8%	5%	12%	19%
History	24	75%	0%	0%	0%	6%	0%	6%	0%	6%	0%	28%	0%	6%	6%	11%	33%
Total	3,800	70%	0%	1%	0%	3%	2%	4%	2%	3%	8%	40%	4%	4%	3%	11%	15%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2005 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Professional Degree Recipients

2004-05 Graduates - After One Year

						oc Graa		ijiei on									
										Industry	4						
							Trans,							Engr,			
							Comm,							Acctg,			
							Elec, Gas,	Whole-	Finan,					Research			
			Agri,				&	sale &	Insur,					Mgmt, and			
	Number of	Percent	Forestry,				Sanitary	Retail	Real		Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Law	161	84%	0%	4%	0%	1%	0%	4%	4%	1%	1%	4%	0%	2%	44%	18%	17%
Health Professions	583	78%	5%	0%	0%	1%	0%	18%	0%	2%	26%	21%	1%	2%	0%	9%	15%
Total	744	80%	4%	1%	0%	1%	0%	15%	1%	2%	20%	17%	1%	2%	10%	11%	15%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2005 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Doctoral Degree Recipients

2004-05 Graduates - After One Year

										Industry ⁴	ı						
Field of Study ¹	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	12	58%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	71%	0%	0%	0%	0%	29%
Renewable Natural Resources	3																
Communications	7																
Computer Science	2																
Education	77	81%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	2%	85%	2%	0%	0%	3%	6%
Engineering	29	62%	0%	0%	0%	17%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	50%	0%	11%	0%	0%	22%
Foreign Languages	1																
Home Economics	7																
English/Letters	6																
Biological Sciences	37	68%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	60%	0%	12%	4%	0%	24%
Mathematics	3																
Multi/Interdisciplinary	7																
Recreation	4																
Physical Sciences	22	32%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	29%	0%	14%	0%	0%	57%
Psychology	37	46%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	6%	0%	0%	0%	71%	0%	0%	0%	6%	18%
Social Sciences	18	50%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	56%	0%	0%	0%	11%	33%
Visual and Performing Arts	3																
Health Professions	12	92%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	73%	0%	0%	0%	9%	18%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	19	37%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	86%	0%	0%	0%	0%	14%
History	7																
Total	313	59%	0%	0%	0%	2%	1%	1%	0%	0%	1%	72%	1%	3%	1%	3%	17%

¹Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2005 through second quarter 2006 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2005 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Certificate Recipients

2005-06 Graduates - After One Year

								igici oni		Industry	4						
Field of Study ¹	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	6	100%		0%	0%	17%	0%	17%	0%		0%		0%	0%	0%	0%	17%
Communications Technology	1																
Computer & Info. Sciences	11	82%	0%	0%	0%	11%	11%	11%	0%	33%	0%	22%	0%	0%	11%	0%	0%
Personal Services	2																
Engineering Technologies	24	88%	0%	0%	0%	5%	5%	48%	5%	5%	5%	10%	0%	14%	0%	5%	0%
Foreign Languages	2																
Home Economics	210	94%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	2%	1%	2%	4%	12%	31%	0%	2%	18%	28%
Law	1																
Protective Services	4																
Public Affairs	3																
Social Sciences	2																
Mechanics and Repairers	5																
Visual and Performing Arts	3																
Health Professions	124	89%	0%	0%	2%	0%	3%	13%	3%	3%	50%	6%	2%	0%	4%	11%	5%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	52	88%		0%	2%	0%	4%	15%	9%	7%	0%		20%	2%	0%	4%	17%
Total	450	91%	0%	0%	1%	1%	2%	10%	2%	4%	16%	12%	18%	1%	2%	13%	17%

¹ Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2006 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents)

Associate in Applied Science Degree Recipients

2005-06 Graduates - After One Year

										Industry	4						
			Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, &	Whole- sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and			
	Number of		Forestry,				Sanitary	Retail	Real		Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining		Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	20	75%	7%	0%	0%	0%	0%	27%	0%	0%	0%	7%	7%	0%	13%	27%	13%
Renewable Natural Resources	3																
Architecture	4																
Communications	5																
Communications Technology	8																
Computer Science	114	88%	0%	1%	1%	7%	4%	9%	3%		3%		1%	6%	7%	18%	12%
Personal Services	39	90%	3%	0%	3%	3%	3%	43%	3%	3%	6%	0%	3%	3%	14%	11%	3%
Engineering	1																
Engineering Technologies	280	90%	1%	3%	8%	17%	10%	22%	0%	5%	2%		0%	7%	4%	13%	6%
Foreign Languages	19	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	5%	0%	5%		0%		11%	0%	5%	5%	5%
Home Economics	43	88%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	3%	5%	0%	5%		42%	0%	5%	13%	8%
Law	54	85%	0%	2%	0%	2%	0%	9%	9%	7%	0%	7%	0%	2%	33%	20%	11%
Library Sciences	4																
Biological Sciences	3																
Protective Services	112	93%	1%	2%	1%	4%	2%	10%	3%	5%	6%	2%	2%	4%	3%	52%	5%
Public Affairs	11	91%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	10%	30%	0%	0%	0%	10%	10%	10%	10%	20%
Construction Trades	3																
Mechanics and Repairers	130	75%	0%	3%	19%	9%	5%	19%	2%	5%	1%	4%	0%	0%	11%	5%	15%
Precision Production	6	100%	0%	0%	17%	33%	0%	0%	0%	17%	0%	17%	0%	0%	0%	17%	0%
Transportation	3																
Visual and Performing Arts	60	97%	0%	2%	2%	7%	3%	16%	5%	12%	3%	14%	3%	2%	5%	17%	9%
Health Professions	1,333	94%	1%	0%	0%	0%	1%	2%	1%	3%	74%	1%	1%	0%	0%	12%	4%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	212	94%	1%	3%	1%	6%	3%	16%	13%	9%	5%	8%	2%	3%	5%	19%	9%
Total	2,467	92%	1%	1%	2%	4%	3%	8%	3%	4%	42%	4%	2%	2%	3%	15%	6%

¹Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2006 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents)

Associate in Arts & Associate in Science Degree Recipients

2005-06 Graduates - After One Year

								ijici one		Industry	4						_
			Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, &	Whole- sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and			
F: 11 eg. 11	Number of		Forestry,		a .	35 6 4	Sanitary	Retail	Real	.	Health	.	Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining		Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv		Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production Renewable Natural Resources	65	77% 83%	4%	2% 10%	4% 0%	6%	2%	16% 40%	6% 0%		0% 0%	6%	0%	2% 0%	8% 0%	18% 10%	20% 10%
Area & Ethnic Studies	12	83%	10%			20%	0%					0%	0%				10%
Communications	74	88%	0%	0%	20/	2%	0%	32%	12%		5%	15%	2%	5%	8%	8%	6%
Computer Science	51	82%	0%	2%	2% 2%	2% 0%	5%	38%	12% 5%		10%	13% 7%	2% 0%	2%	8% 2%	8% 7%	7%
Education	751	82% 87%	0%	1%	1%	4%	1%	21%	5%		5%	18%	7%	2%	2% 6%	13%	14%
Engineering	52	85%	0%	0%	2%	18%	5%	16%	2%		2%	11%	0%	11%	2%	7%	14%
Engineering Technologies	6				270	1070	370	1070	270		270			11/0	270	7 70	1470
Foreign Languages	19		0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%	17%		17%	6%	6%	0%	6%	11%	22%
Home Economics	133		0%	0%	0%	1%	0%	8%	1%		6%	11%	30%	1%	2%	20%	18%
Law	8	75%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	17%	0%		17%	0%	0%	0%	0%	67%	0%
English/Letters	10		0%	0%	10%	0%	0%	10%	0%		0%	10%	0%	0%	0%	30%	30%
Liberal/General Studies	1,550		1%	1%	2%	4%	3%	23%	5%		12%	9%	3%	3%	6%	11%	11%
Biological Sciences	142	90%	4%	0%	1%	2%	1%	23%	4%		21%	6%	2%	2%	5%	15%	13%
Mathematics	31	81%	0%	0%	0%	4%	0%	12%	0%	8%	4%	28%	0%	16%	12%	4%	12%
Recreation	9	89%	0%	0%	13%	0%	0%	25%	13%		13%	13%	0%	0%	25%	0%	0%
Physical Sciences	80	95%	1%	4%	3%	3%	1%	29%	7%	8%	13%	8%	0%	7%	1%	8%	8%
Psychology	151	85%	0%	0%	1%	2%	0%	26%	5%	7%	9%	7%	3%	5%	7%	11%	19%
Protective Services	106	88%	0%	1%	1%	3%	2%	25%	2%	5%	3%	5%	4%	4%	6%	29%	8%
Public Affairs	7	86%	0%	0%	0%	17%	0%	0%	17%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	33%	33%
Social Sciences	258	90%	0%	0%	2%	4%	2%	22%	5%	8%	8%	5%	4%	3%	6%	16%	15%
Visual and Performing Arts	98	87%	0%	0%	1%	5%	0%	38%	4%	6%	2%	6%	2%	2%	7%	11%	16%
Health Professions	173	88%	0%	1%	3%	0%	1%	30%	2%	7%	22%	5%	1%	3%	3%	10%	13%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	810	91%	1%	2%	2%	5%	3%	23%	13%	7%	4%	6%	1%	5%	5%	12%	10%
History	22	82%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	28%	11%	11%	6%	0%	0%	0%	11%	22%	11%
Total	4,619	88%	1%	1%	2%	4%	2%	23%	6%	5%	9%	9%	4%	3%	6%	12%	12%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2006 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Bachelor's Degree Recipients

2005-06 Graduates - After One Year

										Industry	ı						
			Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, &	Whole- sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and			
	Number of	Percent	Forestry,				Sanitary	Retail	Real		Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	- 0		Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv		Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	344	79%	11%	3%	2%	4%	2%	16%	6%		1%	17%	0%	1%	8%	11%	15%
Renewable Natural Resources	43	72%	0%	0%	0%	6%	3%	23%	0%		0%	6%	0%	3%	3%	32%	23%
Architecture	85	71%	10%	0%	3%	2%	0%	5%	0%		0%	2%	2%	52%	0%	5%	18%
Area & Ethnic Studies	39	87%	0%	0%	3%	6%	3%	18%	6%		0%	12%	3%	0%	9%	26%	12%
Communications	900	80%	0%	2%	0%	7%	7%	18%	9%		4%	10%	1%	4%	8%	11%	8%
Computer Science	200	78%	0%	3%	0%	9%	4%	11%	4%	19%	3%	9%	0%	9%	6%	14%	10%
Personal Services	32	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	19%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	69%	9%	3%
Education	1,803	88%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	6%	2%	1%	2%	75%	3%	1%	2%	4%	4%
Engineering	631	72%	1%	7%	1%	22%	5%	9%	1%	4%	1%	7%	0%	10%	1%	8%	24%
Engineering Technologies	309	79%	1%	5%	9%	21%	5%	13%	2%	7%	3%	6%	1%	3%	3%	11%	10%
Foreign Languages	86	74%	0%	3%	0%	5%	5%	22%	8%	5%	5%	19%	2%	6%	3%	13%	6%
Home Economics	393	83%	0%	1%	1%	3%	0%	19%	5%	2%	10%	21%	11%	5%	5%	11%	8%
Law	12	100%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	8%	0%	0%	75%	17%	0%
English/Letters	286	85%	0%	2%	0%	5%	2%	15%	6%	6%	5%	25%	2%	2%	7%	11%	12%
Liberal/General Studies	698	84%	1%	2%	1%	4%	3%	13%	7%	5%	5%	18%	4%	4%	6%	14%	14%
Biological Sciences	703	78%	4%	1%	1%	3%	1%	19%	2%	3%	18%	16%	1%	5%	3%	12%	13%
Mathematics	99	85%	0%	4%	0%	1%	4%	8%	10%	5%	0%	32%	0%	2%	4%	8%	23%
Multi/Interdisciplinary	96	79%	0%	0%	4%	1%	1%	14%	7%	7%	12%	16%	0%	3%	8%	14%	13%
Recreation	303	83%	0%	2%	2%	6%	0%	18%	4%	4%	11%	15%	2%	4%	12%	15%	7%
Philosophy	61	79%	0%	0%	2%	2%	0%	15%	8%	6%	0%	17%	0%	0%	10%	23%	17%
Physical Sciences	197	77%	1%	6%	0%	7%	4%	17%	4%	8%	5%	11%	1%	5%	3%	7%	22%
Psychology	660	85%	1%	1%	1%	1%	1%	17%	5%	3%	13%	12%	10%	2%	5%	18%	11%
Protective Services	370	84%	0%	1%	3%	3%	1%	12%	3%	5%	2%	5%	4%	3%	7%	44%	7%
Public Affairs	213	94%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	8%	3%	4%	14%	6%	16%	0%	1%	36%	7%
Social Sciences	939	81%	0%	2%	1%	3%	1%	16%	9%	5%	5%	10%	4%	3%	7%	24%	10%
Mechanics and Repairers	24	67%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	13%	0%	0%	0%	6%	0%	6%	0%	0%	75%
Transportation	119	71%	1%	1%	0%	5%	12%	16%	2%	2%	1%	34%	0%	4%	5%	7%	9%
Visual and Performing Arts	568	77%	0%	2%	1%	6%	2%	24%	6%	8%	3%	15%	1%	5%	8%	9%	8%
Health Professions	920	89%	0%	1%	0%	0%	1%	5%	1%	2%	63%	7%	1%	1%	1%	11%	6%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	3,273	81%	0%	5%	2%	5%	4%	21%	14%		2%	6%	1%	8%	6%	10%	9%
History	177	84%	1%	0%	2%	4%	1%	22%	3%		1%	20%	3%	2%	12%	11%	12%
Total	14,583	82%	1%	3%	1%	5%	3%	15%	7%	5%	9%	19%	2%	4%	5%	12%	10%

¹Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2006 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Master's Degree Recipients

2005-06 Graduates - After One Year

										Industry	4						
Field of Study ¹	Number of Graduates ²	Percent Employed ³	Agri, Forestry, Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, & Sanitary Serv	Whole- sale & Retail Trade	Finan, Insur, Real Estate	Bus Serv	Health Serv	Educ Serv	Social Serv	Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and Related Serv	Other Serv	Public Admin	Unclass or Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	35	57%	5%	0%	0%	5%	0%	5%	0%		0%	45%	0%	0%	0%	5%	35%
Renewable Natural Resources	10	70%	0%	0%	0%	14%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	57%	0%	14%	0%	14%	0%
Architecture	20	75%	0%	0%	0%	0%	7%	0%	7%	0%	0%	0%	0%	47%	7%	27%	7%
Area & Ethnic Studies	1																
Communications	40	58%	0%	0%	0%	4%	4%	0%	9%	4%	0%	35%	0%	0%	0%	17%	26%
Computer Science	70	47%	0%	0%	0%	18%	9%	6%	9%	21%	0%	12%	0%	3%	0%	9%	12%
Education	1,067	91%	0%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	0%	1%	2%	82%	2%	1%	1%	3%	4%
Engineering	325	57%	0%	2%	1%	11%	2%	2%	0%	5%	1%	5%	0%	9%	1%	5%	58%
Engineering Technologies	3																
Foreign Languages	8	88%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	29%	0%	0%	0%	14%	57%
Home Economics	64	75%	0%	0%	2%	2%	0%	2%	0%	2%	8%	13%	6%	6%	2%	50%	6%
English/Letters	66	80%	0%	4%	0%	2%	0%	8%	0%	4%	0%	64%	2%	0%	2%	2%	13%
Liberal/General Studies	35	51%	0%	6%	0%	6%	0%	0%	6%	6%	6%	22%	6%	0%	11%	22%	11%
Library Sciences	68	90%	0%	2%	0%	0%	0%	0%	2%	2%	0%	74%	2%	3%	5%	8%	3%
Biological Sciences	45	64%	0%	0%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	31%	0%	0%	3%	17%	45%
Mathematics	37	81%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	43%	0%	7%	0%	0%	50%
Multi/Interdisciplinary	175	44%	1%	0%	0%	1%	6%	9%	3%	6%	19%	31%	0%	3%	4%	3%	13%
Recreation	38	84%	0%	3%	0%	0%	0%	3%	3%	0%	9%	38%	0%	3%	6%	13%	22%
Philosophy	19	89%	0%	0%	0%	0%	6%	0%	6%	12%	0%	29%	0%	0%	6%	12%	29%
Physical Sciences	66	64%	0%	21%	0%	2%	7%	0%	0%	5%	0%	14%	0%	5%	0%	2%	43%
Psychology	117	86%	0%	1%	0%	2%	0%	9%	1%	0%	8%	24%	20%	5%	1%	14%	16%
Protective Services	53	75%	0%	3%	3%	0%	3%	3%	3%	5%	8%	8%	3%	13%	0%	45%	8%
Public Affairs	207	80%	0%	0%	0%	1%	1%	2%	2%	2%	22%	6%	20%	0%	1%	34%	8%
Social Sciences	78	45%	0%	3%	0%	0%	9%	3%	6%	0%	6%	34%	0%	0%	0%	9%	31%
Visual and Performing Arts	58	86%	0%	0%	2%	0%	0%	10%	6%	2%	0%	42%	0%	2%	8%	2%	26%
Health Professions	232	88%	0%	1%	0%	1%	0%	3%	0%	1%	42%	25%	5%	1%	2%	13%	5%
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	829	55%	0%	4%	1%	6%	5%	6%	6%	7%	6%	13%	4%	9%	2%	11%	20%
History	16	81%	0%	8%	0%	0%	0%	0%	8%	8%	0%	23%	0%	0%	8%	15%	31%
Total	3,782	72%	0%	2%	0%	3%	2%	3%	2%	3%	8%	43%	4%	4%	2%	10%	15%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2006 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) Professional Degree Recipients

2005-06 Graduates - After One Year

										Industry	4						
							Trans,							Engr,			
							Comm,							Acctg,			
							Elec, Gas,	Whole-	Finan,					Research			
			Agri,				&	sale &	Insur,					Mgmt, and			
	Number of	Percent	Forestry,				Sanitary	Retail	Real		Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Law	165	85%	0%	4%	0%	2%	0%	3%	6%	1%	1%	4%	0%	1%	40%	24%	14%
Health Professions	609	78%	5%	0%	0%	0%	0%	23%	0%	1%	22%	5%	0%	1%	0%	13%	29%
Total	774	79%	4%	1%	0%	0%	0%	18%	1%	1%	17%	5%	0%	1%	9%	16%	25%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2006 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Oklahoma Employment by Field of Study and Industry for All State System Graduates (Oklahoma and Non-Oklahoma Residents) **Doctoral Degree Recipients**

2005-06 Graduates - After One Year

										Industry	4						
			Agri,				Trans, Comm, Elec, Gas, &	Whole- sale &	Finan, Insur,					Engr, Acctg, Research Mgmt, and			
_	Number of	Percent	Forestry,				Sanitary	Retail	Real		Health		Social	Related	Other	Public	Unclass or
Field of Study ¹	Graduates ²	Employed ³	Fishing	Mining	Constr	Manufact	Serv	Trade	Estate	Bus Serv	Serv	Educ Serv	Serv	Serv	Serv	Admin	Unknown
Agricultural Bus. & Production	16	56%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	11%	0%	0%	0%	33%	0%	22%	0%	11%	22%
Renewable Natural Resources	3																
Communications	7																
Computer Science	3																
Education	70	77%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	89%	2%	0%	0%	0%	9%
Engineering	43	60%	0%	0%	4%	8%	0%	4%	0%	4%	0%	42%	0%	8%	0%	4%	27%
Foreign Languages	2																
Home Economics	13																
English/Letters	8																
Biological Sciences	37	62%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	4%	57%	0%	9%	0%	0%	30%
Mathematics	3																
Multi/Interdisciplinary	8	75%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	17%	17%	0%	0%	67%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%
Recreation	3																
Philosophy	4																
Physical Sciences	18	56%	0%	0%	0%	10%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	70%	0%	0%	0%	0%	20%
Psychology	41	49%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	15%	55%	5%	0%	0%	20%	5%
Social Sciences	18	72%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	0%	77%	8%	0%	0%	0%	15%
Visual and Performing Arts	6																
Health Professions	4																
Business Mgmt & Admin Serv	13																
History	3		-														
Total	323	61%	0%	0%	1%	2%	1%	2%	1%	1%	2%	66%	2%	4%	0%	3%	18%

Degree programs are aggregated into fields of study using Classification of Instructional Program (CIP) codes; this is not the specific title of the degree program.

²Number of graduates from the State Regents' Unitized Data System (UDS).

³Employment based on second quarter 2006 through second quarter 2007 data from the Oklahoma Employment Security Commission (OESC) and 2006 tax returns from the Oklahoma Tax Commission.

⁴Percent of graduates found in industries that are aggregated using Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) codes, based on OESC data.

Employment Outcomes Report

Appendices

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Standard Industrial Classification (SIC)

Agriculture, forestry, and fishing

Agricultural production - crops Agriculture production livestock and animal specialties Agricultural services Forestry Fishing, hunting, and trapping

Mining

Metal mining
Coal mining
Oil and gas extraction
Mining and quarry of nonmetallic minerals, except fuels

Construction

Building construction-general contractors and operative builders Heavy construction other than building construction contractors Construction-special trade contractors

Manufacturing

Food and kindred products

Tobacco products

Textile mill products

Apparel and other finished products made from fabrics and similar materials

Lumber and wood products, except furniture

Furniture and fixtures

Paper and allied products

Printing, publishing, and allied industries

Chemicals and allied products

Petroleum refining and related industries

Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products

Leather and leather products

Stone, clay, glass and concrete products

Primary metal industries

Fabricated metal products, except machinery and transportation equipment

Industrial and commercial machinery and computer equipment

Electronic and other electrical equipment and components, except computer equipment

Transportation equipment

Measuring, analyzing, and controlling instruments, photographic, medical and optical goods; watches and clocks

Miscellaneous manufacturing industries

Transportation, communications, electric, gas, and sanitary services

Railroad transportation

Local and suburban transit and interurban highway passenger transportation

Motor freight transportation and warehousing

United States Postal Service

Water transportation

Transportation by air

Pipelines, except natural gas

Transportation services

Communications

Electric, gas, and sanitary services

Wholesale trade

Wholesale trade - durable goods

Wholesale trade - nondurable goods

Retail trade

Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers

General merchandise stores

Food stores

Automotive dealers and gasoline service stations

Apparel and accessory stores

Home furniture, furnishings, and equipment stores

Eating and drinking places

Miscellaneous retail

Finance, insurance, and real estate

Depository institutions

Nondepository credit institutions

Security and commodity brokers, dealers, exchanges, and services

Insurance carriers

Insurance agents, brokers, and service

Real estate

Holding and other investment offices

Services

Hotels, rooming houses, camps, and other lodging places

Personal services

Business services

Automotive repair, services, and parking

Miscellaneous repair services

Motion pictures

Amusement and recreation services

Health services

Legal services

Educational services

Social services

Museums, art galleries, and botanical and zoological gardens

Membership organizations

Engineering, accounting, research, management, and related services

Private households

Miscellaneous services

Public administration

Executive, legislative, and general government, except finance

Justice, public order, and safety

Public finance, taxation, and monetary policy

Administration of human resource programs

Administration of environmental quality and housing programs

Administration of economic programs

National security and international affairs

Nonclassifiable establishments

Taken from *Standard Industrial Classification Manual*, United States Office of Management and Budget, 1987.

Classification of Instructional Programs (CIP)

Agricultural Business and Production

Agricultural Business and Management

Agricultural Mechanization

Agricultural Production Workers and Managers

Agricultural and Food Products Processing

Agricultural Supplies and Related Services

Horticulture Services Operations and Management

International Agriculture

Agricultural Business and Production, Other

Agricultural Sciences

Agriculture/Agricultural Sciences

Animal Sciences

Food Sciences and Technology

Plant Sciences

Soil Sciences

Agriculture/Agricultural Sciences, Other

Conservation and Renewable Natural Resources

Natural Resources Conservation

Natural Resources Management and Protective Services

Fishing and Fisheries Sciences and Management

Forest Production and Processing

Forestry and Related Sciences

Wildlife and Wildlands Management

Conservation and Renewable Natural Resources, Other

Architecture and Related Programs

Architecture

City/Urban, Community, and Regional Planning

Architectural Environmental Design

Interior Architecture

Landscape Architecture

Architectural Urban Design and Planning

Architecture and Related Programs, Other

Area, Ethnic, and Cultural Studies

Area Studies

Ethnic and Cultural Studies

Area, Ethnic, and Cultural Studies, Other

Marketing Operations/Marketing and Distribution

Apparel and Accessories Marketing Operations Business and Personal Services Marketing Operations Entrepreneurship
Financial Services Marketing Operations
Floristry Marketing Operations
Food Products Retailing and Wholesaling Operations
General Retailing and Wholesaling Operations and Skills
Home and Office Products Marketing Operations
Hospitality and Recreation Marketing Operations
Insurance Marketing Operations
Tourism and Travel Services Marketing Operations
Vehicle and Petroleum Products Marketing Operations
Health Products and Services Marketing Operations
Marketing Operations/Marketing and Distribution, Other

Communications

Communications, General Advertising Journalism and Mass Communications Public Relations and Organizational Communications Radio and Television Broadcasting Communications, Other

Communications Technologies

Computer and Information Sciences

Computer and Information Sciences, General Computer Programming Data Processing Technology Information Sciences and Systems Computer Systems Analysis Computer Science Computer and Information Sciences, Other

Personal and Miscellaneous Services

Gaming and Sports Officiating Services Funeral Services and Mortuary Science Cosmetic Services Culinary Arts and Related Services Personal and Miscellaneous Services, Other

Education

Education, General
Bilingual/Bicultural Education
Curriculum and Instruction
Education Administration and Supervision
Education/Instructional Media Design
Educational Evaluation, Research, and Statistics
International and Comparative Education

Educational Psychology

Social and Philosophical Foundations of Education

Special Education

Student Counseling and Personnel Services

General Teacher Education

Teacher Education, Specific Academic and Vocational Programs

Teaching English as a Second Language/Foreign Language

Teacher Assistant/Aide

Education, Other

Engineering

Engineering, General

Aerospace, Aeronautical, and Astronautical Engineering

Agricultural Engineering

Architectural Engineering

Bioengineering and Biomedical Engineering

Ceramic Sciences and Engineering

Chemical Engineering

Civil Engineering

Computer Engineering

Electrical, Electronics, and Communications Engineering

Engineering Mechanics

Engineering Physics

Engineering Science

Environmental/Environmental Health Engineering

Geological Engineering

Geophysical Engineering

Industrial/Manufacturing Engineering

Materials Engineering

Mechanical Engineering

Metallurgical Engineering

Mining and Mineral Engineering

Naval Architecture and Marine Engineering

Nuclear Engineering

Ocean Engineering

Petroleum Engineering

Systems Engineering

Textile Sciences and Engineering

Engineering Design

Engineering/Industrial Management

Materials Science

Polymer/Plastics Engineering

Engineering, Other

Engineering-Related Technologies

Architectural Engineering Technology

Civil Engineering/Civil Technology

Electrical and Electronic Engineering-Related Technology

Electromechanical Instrumentation and Maintenance Technology

Environmental Control Technologies Quality Control and Safety Technologies Mechanical Engineering-Related Technologies Mining and Petroleum Technologies Construction/Building Technology Miscellaneous Engineering-Related Technologies Engineering-Related Technologies, Other

Foreign Languages and Literatures

Foreign Languages and Literatures
East and Southeast Asian Languages and Literatures
East European Languages and Literatures
Germanic Languages and Literatures
Greek Languages and Literatures (modem)
South Asian Languages and Literatures
Classical and Ancient Near Eastern Languages and Literatures
Foreign Languages and Literatures, Other

Home Economics

Home Economics, General
Home Economics Business Services
Family and Community Studies
Family/Consumer Resource Management
Foods and Nutrition Studies
Housing Studies
Individual and Family Development Studies
Clothing/Apparel and Textile Studies
Home Economics, Other

Vocational Home Economics

Child Care and Guidance Workers and Managers Clothing, Apparel, and Textile Workers and Managers Institutional Food Workers and Administrators Home Furnishings and Equipment Installers and Consultants Custodial, Housekeeping, Home Services Workers and Managers Vocational Home Economics, Other

Law and Legal Studies

English Language and Literature/Letters

English Language and Literature, General Comparative Literature English Composition English Creative Writing American Literature (United States) English Literature (British and Commonwealth) Speech and Rhetorical Studies English Technical and Business Writing English Language and Literature/Letters, Other

Liberal Arts and Sciences, General Studies and Humanities

Library Science

Library Science/Librarianship Library Assistant Library Science, Other

Biological Science/Life Sciences

Biology, General
Biochemistry and Biophysics
Botany
Cell and Molecular Biology
Microbiology/Bacteriology
Miscellaneous Biological Specializations
Zoology
Biological Sciences/Life Sciences, Other

Mathematics

Mathematics Applied Mathematics Mathematical Statistics Mathematics, Other

Military Technologies

Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies

Biological and Physical Sciences
Peace and Conflict Studies
Systems Science and Theory
Mathematics and Computer Science
Biopsychology
Gerontology
Historic Preservation, Conservation, and Architectural History
Medieval and Renaissance Studies
Museology/Museum Studies
Science, Technology, and Society
Multi/Interdisciplinary Studies, Other

Parks, Recreation, Leisure, and Fitness Studies

Parks, Recreation, and Leisure Studies Health and Physical Education/Fitness Parks, Recreation, and Leisure Facilities Management Parks, Recreation, Leisure, and Fitness Studies, Other

Philosophy and Religion

Philosophy Religion/Religious Studies Philosophy and Religion

Theological Studies and Religious Vocations

Biblical and Other Theological Languages and Literatures Bible/Biblical Studies Missions/Missionary Studies and Missiology Religious Education Religious/Sacred Music Theological and Ministerial Studies

Pastoral Counseling and Specialized Ministries Theological Studies and Religious Vocations, Other

Physical Sciences

Physical Sciences, General

Astronomy

Astrophysics

Atmospheric Sciences and Meteorology

Chemistry

Geological and Related Sciences

Miscellaneous Physical Sciences

Physics

Physical Sciences, Other

Science Technologies

Biological Technology Nuclear and Industrial Radiologic Technologies Physical Science Technologies Science Technologies, Other

Psychology

Psychology

Clinical Psychology

Cognitive Psychology and Psycholinguistics

Community Psychology

Counseling Psychology

Developmental and Child psychology

Experimental Psychology

Industrial and Organizational Psychology

Physiological Psychology/Psychobiology

Social Psychology

School Psychology

Psychology, Other

Protective Services

Criminal Justice and Corrections

Fire Protection

Protective Services, Other

Public Administration and Services

Community Organization, Resources, and Services

Public Administration

Public Policy Analysis

Social Work

Public Administration and Services, Other

Social Sciences and History

Social Sciences, General

Anthropology

Archeology

Criminology

Demography/Population Studies

Economics

Geography

History

International Relations and Affairs

Political Science and Government

Sociology

Urban Affairs/Studies

Social Sciences and History, Other

Construction Trades

Masons and Tile Setters

Carpenters

Electrical and Power Transmission Installers

Construction and Building Finishers and Managers

Plumbers and Pipefitters

Construction Trades, Other

Mechanics and Repairers

Electrical and Electronics Equipment Installers and Repairers

Heating, Air Conditioning, and Refrigeration Mechanics and Repairers

Industrial Equipment Maintenance and Repairers

Miscellaneous Mechanics and Repairers

Stationary Energy Sources Installers and Operators

Vehicle and Mobile Equipment Mechanics and Repairers

Precision Production Trades

Drafting

Graphic and Printing Equipment Operators

Leatherworkers and Upholsters

Precision Metal Workers Woodworkers Precision Production Trades, Other

Transportation and Materials Moving Workers

Air Transportation Workers
Vehicle and Equipment Operators
Water Transportation Workers
Transportation and Materials Moving Workers, Other

Visual and Performing Arts

Visual and Performing Arts Crafts, Folk Art, and Artisanry Dance

Design and Applied Arts

Drama/Theater Arts and Stagecraft

Film/Video and Photographic Arts

Fine Arts and Art Studies

Music

Visual and Performing Arts, Other

Health Professions and Related Sciences

Chiropractic (D.C., D.C.M.)

Communication Disorders Sciences and Services

Community Health Services

Dentistry (D.D.S., D.M.D.)

Dental Clinical Sciences/Graduate Dentistry (M.S., Ph.D.)

Dental Services

Health and Medical Administrative Services

Health and Medical Assistants

Health and Medical Diagnostic and Treatment Services

Health and Medical Laboratory Technologies/Technicians

Health and Medical Preparatory Programs

Medicine (M.D.)

Medical Basic Sciences

Medical Clinical Sciences (M.S., Ph.D.)

Mental Health Services

Nursing

Optometry (O.D.)

Ophthalmic/Optometric Services

Osteopathic Medicine (D.O.)

Pharmacy

Podiatry (D.P.M., D.P., Prod.D.)

Public Health

Rehabilitation/Therapeutic Services

Veterinary Medicine (D.V.M.)

Veterinary Clinical Sciences (M.S., Ph.D.)

Miscellaneous Health Aides

Miscellaneous Health Professions Health Professions and Related Sciences, Other

Business Management and Administrative Services

Business

Business Administration and Management

Accounting

Administrative and Secretarial Services

Business Communications

Business/Managerial Economics

Enterprise Management and Operation

Financial Management and Services

Hospitality Services Management

Human Resources Management

International Business

Business Information and Data Processing Services

Business Quantitative Methods and Management Services

Marketing Management and Research

Real Estate

Taxation

Business Management and Administrative Services, Other

Taken from 1990 Edition of the *Classification of Instructional Programs*, National Center for Education Statistics, August 1991.

The 2000 Edition of the *Classification of Instructional Programs* was released in April 2002, and institutions were given two years to implement the revisions. Although summary level groupings remain fairly stable, there are a few field of study categories presented in this report which are not entirely comparable from year to year.